"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; Tuesday, warmer; moderate southerly winds.
For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,157. ... NEW YORK, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1918.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius. | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles. | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere.

BRITISH WIPE OUT AN ENTIRE TURKISH ARMY; CAPTURE 18,000 IN 60-MILE DRIVE IN PALESTINE; HAIG STRIKES GERMAN LINE AT FOUR POINTS

PUTS RISE IN FOOD AT 31-2 PER CENT. SINCE LAST YEAR

Hoover Bureau Asserts That Increases Have Been Popularly Overestimated.

FARMERS' RECEIPTS SOARING

Prices Up 35 Per Cent., but Margin Narrowed Between Producer and Wholesaler.

BIG JUMP IN SOME FOODS

But General Cost Far Below That of Rent, Clothing, Transportation, and Other Items.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—An analysis of the food situation and the increase in living costs was made today by the Food Administration, which holds that increases have been greatly overestimated by laying too much emphasis on special cases.

A table showing the relative increases and decreases in costs during 1917 and 1918 was made public to show that, according to wholesale quotations, the average increase in the national expenditure for foods grouped as breadstuffs, vegetables, meats, &c., for the second period of 1918, was only 3.5 per cent. over the same period in 1917. This is arrived at, however, by placing the decrease in the expenditure for vegetables at 63.1 per cent. Fruits jumped 30 per cent., oils and nuts 54 per cent., and poultry and eggs 16.5 per cent.

"The attached table," says the Food Administration, "is a computation of the national food bill for each three months, beginning with the second quarter of 1917, down to the second quarter of 1918. It is based on taking the total food consumed by the nation divided into the items of breadstuffs, vegetables, meat, dairy products, &c., at the average wholesale price for the quarter, and thus arriving at what the nation, as a whole, actually expended.

"The figures show that during the last twelve months there has been an increase in the national food bill per quarter from $2,563,600,904 to $2,693,751,871, or 3½ per cent. While this is the whole nation's expenditure at the wholesale prices and thus clearly indicates the national trend, it does not follow that there are no local variations.

"In those sections where there has been a great local increase in population there has been a disturbance of distribution and prices have increased to a larger per cent. On the other hand there are corresponding sections of the community where actual decreases or no increases have taken place.

"The cost of rent, clothing, transportation and other items of living has advanced several times as much as the aggregate increase in the cost of foodstuffs. There has been more than a 35 per cent. increase in prices paid to the farmer, but also a reduction of speculation and profiteering and narrowed margins between farmers and wholesale prices under food regulations."

Here is the Food Administration's analysis of the situation:

	Total Cost.	Cost Per Capita.
SECOND QUARTER 1917.		
Breadstuffs	$314,906,915	$3.0383
Vegetables	550,709,747	5.1905
Sugar	200,674,662	1.9363
Fruits	78,381,156	.7550
Oils and nuts	52,302,765	.5046
Fish	26,140,445	.2522
Meats	764,802,651	7.3804
Poultry and eggs	221,056,895	2.1417
Dairy products	573,665,667	5.5354
Total	$2,563,600,904	$24.7353
THIRD QUARTER 1917.		
Breadstuffs	$393,732,314	$3.7844
Vegetables	152,884,830	1.4694
Sugar	205,527,030	1.9754
Fruits	71,200,200	.6852
Oils and nuts	58,304,406	.5604
Fish	26,326,613	.3530
Meats	777,833,981	7.4705
Poultry and eggs	226,038,723	2.1726
Dairy products	584,068,678	5.6138
Total	$2,495,407,855	$23.9847
FOURTH QUARTER 1917.		
Breadstuffs	$348,554,753	$3.3372
Vegetables	136,899,969	1.3107
Sugar	216,439,897	2.0148
Fruits	70,566,614	.6750
Oils and nuts	68,495,873	.6858
Fish	32,133,947	.3172
Meats	878,708,620	8.4131
Poultry and eggs	266,500,892	2.5516
Dairy products	641,510,693	6.1421
Total	$2,654,751,258	$25.4175
FIRST QUARTER 1918.		
Breadstuffs	$351,952,618	$3.3567
Vegetables	143,170,060	1.3635
Sugar	190,016,407	1.8122
Fruits	75,057,007	.7158
Oils and nuts	72,652,456	.6929
Fish	40,631,802	.3875
Meats	838,367,633	7.9961
Poultry and eggs	304,216,881	2.9014
Dairy products	676,389,410	6.4510
Total	$2,692,483,304	$25.6791
SECOND QUARTER 1918.		
Breadstuffs	$349,620,283	$3.3216
Vegetables	179,968,476	1.1768
Sugar	723,860	1.7930
Fruits	103,881,420	.9868
Oils and nuts	81,964,541	.7786
Fish	24,702,491	.2340
Meats	928,789,260	8.8912
Poultry and eggs	262,577,561	3.4947
Dairy products	619,553,054	5.8863
Total	$2,693,751,871	$25.6919

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA.
Delightful at The Greenbrier, now European plan. Wonderful curative waters. N. Y. office, The Plaza.—Advt.

Allies Have Taken 185,000 Prisoners in Two Months

PARIS, Sept. 22.—In a review of the battles in France during the last six months, the Havas Agency credits to the American troops the re-establishment of the balance on the western front, and points out the entire change that has taken place in the last two months. It goes on:

"In the last two months alone the Allies took 185,000 prisoners.

"The enemy losses in men who will never be able to return to the ranks are estimated at 600,000—a void which the 1920 class will not suffice to fill."

GERMANS RUSHING TO HELP BULGARS

Reinforcements Sent in Effort to Check the Allied Push.

ITALIANS JOIN IN THE DRIVE

Strike Enemy's Line East of Monastir—Serbs Advanced Twelve Miles on Friday.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Serbian troops pressing the Bulgarians and Germans in Central Macedonia advanced more than twenty kilometers Friday, and are now within four miles of the Uskub-Saloniki Railroad, the main artery for the supply of the Austro-German and Bulgarian forces opposing the British and French armies on the Serbian right.

The cutting of this railroad, it is said here officially, will force the retirement of the enemy left wing and cause a general readjustment of the enemy lines in this entire section.

Following is the text of the Serbian official statement:

We yesterday (Friday) advanced more than twenty kilometers toward the north. Our troops are several kilometers to the north of Kavarda. In addition to this town we have liberated another fifteen villages. Twelve guns have been taken by our cavalry.

Fresh Bulgarian and German troops are arriving continually to reinforce the enemy lines. During the retreat the Bulgarians set fire to the villages and plundered all that remained to the poverty stricken population, thus treating them as enemies, in spite of the claims of the Sofia Government that this population is not Serbian, but Bulgarian.

ROME, Sept. 22.—In conjunction with the general Entente allied offensive against the Teuton and Bulgarian forces in Macedonia, Italian troops yesterday began a vigorous advance in the bend of the River Cerna, to the east of Monastir. The official statement issued today by the Italian War Office says that the front enemy positions were captured.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—Concerning operations on the Macedonian front, Army Headquarters today made public the following:

Army of the East.—Bulgarian forces have been defeated and are being pursued between the Cerna and the Vardar, despite increasing rearguard resistance.

Serbian forces have advanced in the region of Cebren. On the right they captured high crests near Porta and Czena. Bulgarians burned villages which they had abandoned, and one complete battery of field pieces fell into our hands. Our aviators bombarded the retreating enemy with machine gun fire.

On both sides of the Vardar and north of Monastir there is great artillery activity.

VIENNA, Sept. 22, (via London.)—An official statement issued at the War Office today says:

"On the Albanian coast further Italian attacks were repulsed."

BUENA VENTURA SUNK; 64 OF CREW MISSING

American Steamer Returning from France Torpedoed—30 Survivors Land in Spain.

CORUNNA, Spain, Sept. 22.—Three officers and twenty-seven of the crew of the American steamer Buena Ventura have arrived here. The vessel was torpedoed last Monday. Three boats with sixty-four of the crew are missing.

The Buena Ventura was proceeding from Bordeaux, where she had unloaded a cargo of petroleum for Philadelphia.

The vessel was of 4,881 gross tons and belonged to the United States Steel Products Company.

AUSTRIANS IN MUTINY, HOIST THE RED FLAG

Regiment at Rovno Refuses to Go to France and Is Joined by Two Others.

BASLE, Sept. 22.—An Austrian regiment at Rovno, in the Russian province of Volhynia, is reported in a dispatch received here from Kiev to have refused to go to the battlefront in France.

The Austrians unfolded the red flag and are said to have been joined by two other regiments.

Continued on Page Three.

AMERICANS SLAIN BY RUSSIAN REDS, GERMAN REPORTS

Correspondent Says Vologda Leader Urged Murder of Allied Citizens.

FINLAND OFFERS REFUGE

But Asks Norway, Sweden, and Denmark to Help Share the Burden.

KAISER'S ORDER TO TEUTONS

Says All Germans and Austro-Hungarians in Russia Must Join Soviet Troops.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 22.—The Russian People's Commissary at Vologda, according to the Petrograd correspondent of the Hamburg Nachrichten, has urged on the population of the entire Vologda Province south of Archangel Province the most ruthless persecution of British subjects and French and American citizens.

Rioting against Entente nationals has taken place in various towns, the correspondent says, and some Frenchmen and Americans are being murdered.

HELSINGFORS, Sept. 22, (via Copenhagen,) (Associated Press.)—"In view of the condition of anarchy and murder at Petrograd and the defenseless situation of a great part of the population," says an official statement issued here, "Finland's Government feels that on purely humanitarian grounds it cannot refuse to permit Russian, English, American, and Italian refugees to come to Finland."

The Finnish Government, however, the statement says, is compelled by the scarcity of provisions to beg the three Scandinavian countries—Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—to help in harboring a portion of the refugees.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—It is understood in official circles here that arrangements are progressing for the mutual repatriation of British subjects in Russia and Russians in Great Britain.

Information is said to have been received from M. Tchitcherin, the Russian Foreign Minister, which leads to the belief that British subjects will be got out of Russia safely.

PEKING, Sept. 22, (Associated Press.)—News has been received here that the German Emperor on Sept. 10 issued an order to all Austro-Hungarians and Germans in Russia, saying it was their first duty to join the Russian Soviet troops, and to oppose Japan and her allies, "who threaten to restore the Eastern front."

ARCHANGEL REVOLT WAS QUICKLY ENDED

Allied Diplomats and Military Chiefs Took Charge and Established a Protectorate.

ARCHANGEL, Sept. 11, (Associated Press.)—Colonel Tchaplin, leader of the recent attempt to overthrow the Provisional Government headed by M. Tschaikovsky, in Northwestern Russia, has resigned his post as Commander of the Russian Forces and has been succeeded by Colonel Ivanoff.

The labor disputes in Archangel are being rapidly settled. American soldiers who had been operating the street-car system have been transferred to other duties.

As a result of the attempt to overthrow the Government the Allied diplomatic and military chiefs assumed temporary direction and established a protectorate in the region in the rear of the Allied front pending the adjustment of political disputes. This decision followed the arrest of M. Tschaikovsky and all but two members of his Government early last Thursday by a party of conservative officers headed by Colonel Tchaplin, who sought to establish a new régime.

M. Tschaikovsky and his ministers were taken on a ship en route to the Solovetsk Monastery, whence they have been returned by order of the Allied Ambassadors with the approval of American Consul General Poole. Meanwhile the Allied forces, including the American troops, patrolled the city, assuring tranquility and a just settlement of all disputes. Following is the text of the proclamation, which was signed by the American, French, British and Italian Ambassadors and Consul General Poole:

"To the People of the Northern Region: The undersigned representatives of the Allied nations and the commanders in chief of their forces seeing the confusion created in the minds of the people by proclamations by leaders of the opposi-

Continued on Page Three.

"German People, Be Hard," Hindenburg Tells Well-wishers

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 22.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg, replying to greetings sent to him from a patriotic meeting in Juterbog, said:

"The first replies from the enemy camp to the Austrian note reveal our enemies' state of mind. In the face of this there can be only one watchword, 'German people, be hard.'"

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 22.—America's answer to Austria-Hungary's recent peace note and the speech of Premier Clemenceau of France on the same subject should, according to the Lokal-Anzeiger of Berlin, be posted on billboards and be communicated to the German people by the distribution of millions of pamphlets.

"No German man or woman who knows the contents and significance of these declarations," the newspaper declares, "can doubt that peace is attainable only either through our victory or at the price of our utter destruction."

OUR MEN VICTORS IN ST. MIHIEL RAIDS

They Take 34 Prisoners and Gain Information of German Activities.

AMERICAN BARRAGE DEADLY

Germans Slow in Returning Our Fire, Which Killed Sixty at Haumont and Charey.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES IN LORRAINE, Sept. 22, (Associated Press.)—American patrols made two successful raids on the German lines northeast of St. Mihiel early this morning, taking twenty-nine prisoners in the region of Haumont and five southeast of Charey. Both raids were preceded by barrages.

Patrols from the region of Haumont reported that at least forty Germans were killed or injured. Other patrols from the Charey region estimated that the barrage killed at least a score of Germans.

The prisoners taken southeast of Charey were machine gunners, the Americans capturing two heavy machine guns. At Haumont the Germans were captured in dugouts, where they had taken refuge from the stiff American barrage.

The Germans answered with their artillery along the American line. The first American barrage began soon after midnight. The other started at 2 o'clock. Both continued for two hours.

A unit of the American raiders entered Haumont, where the Germans had been using a church tower as an observation post. Sharp fighting took place in the streets of the village, the Americans getting the better of the Germans and obtaining the information desired. They then returned to their own lines.

A patrol found several new dugouts east of Haumont and indications that the Germans were continuing to dig in. Another patrol reported enemy trenches and numerous machine gun emplacements south of Dommartin.

When the American barrages started the Germans apparently believed that another offensive had opened, and filled the sky with rockets and signal shells. The heavy shelling apparently caused confusion on the enemy front, because it was more than twenty minutes after the first barrage before the Germans replied.

Sept. 21—German airplanes were active last night in the region between the Moselle River and St. Benoit, northeast of St. Mihiel. The forward areas were bombed practically all night.

German artillery kept up a harassing fire on the Bois-le-Prêtre, Rappes Woods, and the village of Fey-en-Haye. The road to Thiaucourt is being shelled intermittently.

The Germans are reported to be working on dugouts to the west of Pagny and to the east of Haumont. Similar activity has been observed north of Dampvitou and south of Dommartin.

Operating a German Railroad.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE LORRAINE FRONT, Sept. 22, (Associated Press.)—The American engineers' detachment is now operating a complete German narrow-gauge railroad in the St. Mihiel salient, the Americans having captured thirty-eight one-man gasoline locomotives in the course of their offensive.

In Thiaucourt the Americans took

Continued on Page Two.

HARTSHORNE & PICABIA, Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 7 Wall St.—Advt.

BRITISH IMPROVE POSITIONS

Take Prisoners in Night Attacks on Northern Hindenburg Outposts.

WIDE ADVANCE AT GAVRELLE

German Defenses All Carried on a Two-Mile Front North of the Scarpe.

NEW THRUST NEAR EPEHY

Germans Yield Several Points of Resistance—Artillery Is Active on French Front.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—British troops last night pushed their lines forward at four points on the front facing the northern part of the Hindenburg line.

The most extensive gain was made north of the Scarpe River, near Gavrelle, where they threw the Germans back on a two-mile front.

Further south, at Moeuvres, a German attack was repulsed yesterday afternoon, and Haig's men improved their positions.

To the right of this sector, south of Villers-Guislain, the Germans attacked last evening and were driven back after sharp fighting, the British following up their advantage and advancing their line.

East of Epehy the British attack of yesterday was renewed, and Little Priel Farm and other points of resistance were carried.

In each of these operations a number of Germans were captured.

Only local actions were fought today, but the British made slight gains south of Villers-Guislain and near Zillebeke, in the Ypres sector.

The French War Office reports some artillery activity north of the Aisne and in the St. Quentin region.

Haig's Important Gain Near Epehy.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 22, (Associated Press.)—A midnight advance of the London and English county troops resulted in the regaining of a large portion of the ground lost last Saturday after an attack along the fragments of the Hindenburg outpost line between Cambrai and St. Quentin.

During Saturday morning these battalions, with yeomanry and Australians on their right, stormed a series of redoubts and farms forming the backbone of the outpost system opposite Bellenglise and Vendhuille, a mile and a quarter west of the Scheldt Canal, between St. Quentin and Cambrai. They occupied the Guillemont, Quennemont, and Little Priel farms, the Tombois redoubts, and a chain of strong trenches, heavily banked with fire, connecting these positions.

Early Saturday afternoon counterattacks were delivered by Alpine Corps and the 38th Thuringian and 2d Guards Divisions, which were massed in the main Hindenburg system on the western bank of the canal. They drove in great strength down the trenches, but the British bombed them back slowly.

Four hundred prisoners had been taken by the British during Saturday morning, and half of those were released by the counterassault, The British retired about half way to their original positions west of Epehy and Ronssoy, maintaining a maximum advance of nearly a mile at some places, and stubbornly held their ground for the remainder of the day.

The result of the fighting of the last thirty-six hours has been the bringing of the British front within about three-quarters of a mile of the main Hindenburg system opposite Bellicourt on the canal and within a mile and a quarter of the Vendhuille bridgehead, eleven miles south of Cambrai.

Trench warfare, with constant bombing, is inevitable in the present phase of the British operations. The ground in front of the 3d and 4th Armies as far as the canal and for a half mile beyond is covered with ditches, redoubts, and fortified farms, making surprise attacks of great weight impossible.

The Germans are fighting stubbornly in the way they like best. While they are able to keep intrenched in the region of deep ravines and broad gullies they have less fear of the tanks or of being otherwise overwhelmed. Fresh German infantry has been put into the battleline.

The weather is inclement, which has hampered the fighting troops.

When you think of Writing, think of WAHTING.—Advt.

Swiss Hear Bavarian Prince Shot at Hindenburg In Rage Over Differences, but Missed the Marshal

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ZURICH, Sept. 22.—Many Swiss Socialist journals have heard from indirect sources that serious differences have arisen between South German politicians and the Prussian dictators.

The Central Schweiz Demokrat reports that a Bavarian commander attempted in an access of rage to attack Hindenburg, and German deserters are quoted as saying that a Bavarian Prince tried to shoot Hindenburg, but that the Field Marshal was not wounded.

These reports may be sensational versions of recent stories coming through neutral countries that Crown Prince Rupprecht was at odds with Hindenburg and was trying to dodge responsibility for the check of the July offensive. He is known to have left the Somme front for a time in August on a "vacation."

HAIG'S MEN FIGHT IN RAIN AND MUD

Soldiers Suffer from the Lack of Shelter After Their Rapid Advance.

SLOW ADVANCE NEAR EPEHY

Germans' Reinforcements Held Them Up Saturday, but Lost Ground Yesterday.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company. Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Sept. 22.—We have been having some wild weather here, with heavy rain, and the men in the fighting fields have been wet and muddy. It is not pleasant in these fields, where even behind the lines twenty miles deep along all the front there is little shelter for the troops, except tents in swamps, a few groups of huts, slimy dugouts and tarpaulin sheets stopping up monstrous shell holes in broken houses.

The British armies are fighting, working, and sleeping in wet clothes, because when it rains so heavily as during the last few days waterproof capes are of slight avail against the storm, tents are leaky, and oozy mud and water squelch into marching boots.

There is something grimly picturesque about these rain pictures of the war. The steel helmets of a battalion marching up to the line are washed by the downpour and gleam with a blue light. Their rifles are tied about with rags to keep them dry. The rain pours down their shiny capes and beats into their mud-splashed faces. Great guns go by on caterpillar wheels, which grind up the soft tracks; field batteries move forward with the gunners hunched forward on mules which are flaked with mud up to the ears, and gun wheels splash through the young ponds.

Gangs Busy Repairing Roads.

The long roads through the battlefields, the Albert-Bapaume Road, the Arras Road, the Amiens-Péronne Road, those highways down which so much history of this war has passed with fire and fury, are golden tracks where the sun breaking through clouds shines on their puddles and on their rain-washed surface, and where gangs from labor battalions are at work filling up recent shell holes, smoothing out the bumps and gullies made by the heavy traffic of moving armies.

Storms break over the dead woods on either side of these highways, etched black against the gray of the sky or its white cloud-mountains, and out of the wet earth where countless trenches and shell craters are waterlogged there rise the ruins of this world of ours—the high jagged walls of fallen houses, bits of churches, abbeys and monasteries with their stones washed white in the rain, masses of broken brick work from which the iron girders stick out, twisted fantastically, where once there were villages of France; and here and there a pile of rubbish which was a mill or sugar factory or wayside shrine.

The wind howls through these ruins and the rain beats down upon them, and British soldiers wander through them with steel helmets lowered to the storm or crouch in the scanty shelter they can give. Horses and mules are stabled there in roofless rooms, and gun limbers are stacked in gardens where flowers still grow in a wild chaos of sandbags and barbed wire, and away over the desolate fields of thistles which cover some of the litter of the infernal strife long trains are

Continued on Page Two.

TURKS OUTWITTED BY GEN. ALLENBY

Were Apparently Unprepared to Face Hostile Operations on So Large a Scale.

COUNTRY MOST DIFFICULT

British Fought Over Steep Hills and Masses of Boulders Till Foe Was Routed.

By W. T. MASSEY.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN PALESTINE, Sept. 20.—It is impossible to estimate the vast quantity of captured machine guns, motors, ammunitions, stores, and rolling stock which the Turk will find it difficult to replace. On the low ground in the passes a great quantity of transport is immovable because the men had taken the horses to try to escape from the advancing troops, or they had been smashed by aircraft action.

Railway communications have been damaged everywhere, and Arab regulars and Bedouin levies have done invaluable service in cutting the Hedjas Railway north and south of Derat and the line running westward thereof.

Though some of the enemy are putting up vigorous rearguard fights in the hills they cannot stop our progress, but large parties are bewildered at meeting our forces in unexpected places. We continually hear of Turks retiring on positions we occupied several hours previously.

Yesterday Londoners and Indians made a swift march from Wadi Fallak across marshy ground to Tul Keram, where with the aid of a mounted brigade they rounded up much transport on the move. From Tul Keram the infantry moved to the north of the railway which the Australians destroyed yesterday, and deny this pass to Samaria to the Turks. Other infantry which carried the coastal defenses in one marvelous rush faced east.

The progress in the rough hilly country is rapid, considering the ease with which the mountain tracks could be defended by few machine guns. Some of the troops are approaching Samaria and Sudieh.

Though they first stubbornly resisted, the rearguards of the Turks are now retreating hastily toward El Afule and Beisan, where our cavalry is waiting for them.

The attack near Nablus road, which began the operations, was brilliantly conducted. Welsh, Indian, and Cape Colony battalions all shared in the success. The mixed brigade commenced a most difficult night march on Wednesday over a mountainous country east of the road, getting over the watershed, then clambering down the steep faces of hills where they commence to fall toward the Jordan Valley.

The leading battalion passing over the rocks of the Wadi Samieh took the enemy posts and allowed the second battalion to pass through to the second objectives. These taken, the third battalion went on, driving the enemy from other strong points, then gave way to the fourth battalion, which faced west and carried the important feature El Mugheir with a rush, and another hill westward. A Cape company battalion captured a hill northeast and took one gun.

Another brigade operation westward was equally meritorious. It attacked Forfar and Bidston Hills, about a mile and half apart, the southernmost hill being taken from the north, the north-

Continued on Page Two.

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY
New Office—514 Fifth Avenue.
Expert analysis of one's investments should be obtained occasionally as a matter of precaution. Our services are available without charge.—Advt.

TURKS TRAPPED BY CAVALRY

Anglo-Indian Horsemen in Swift Dash Northward Bar Line of Retreat.

OCCUPY TOWN OF NAZARETH

While Hedjaz Arabs East of the Jordan Destroy Railroads and Bridges.

AIRMEN SLAUGHTER FOE

120 Cannon, Besides Airplanes and Vast Transport, Taken by Allenby's Fighters.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Turkish Army operating in Palestine between the Jordan and the Mediterranean has been virtually wiped out by the British under General Allenby.

In the rapid sweep forward of the British Army, following the overwhelming of the Turkish defense system north of Jerusalem, 18,000 prisoners have been rounded up so far, large numbers of the enemy have been killed or wounded, and in addition to the capture of 120 guns, booty including four airplanes and a large quantity of uncounted transport has fallen into the hands of the pursuing forces.

Cavalry units have advanced sixty miles from their original positions and occupied Nazareth, El Afule, and Beisan.

The British losses were surprisingly slight considering the importance of the advance.

Turks Cut Off from Escape.

The text of this evening's announcement follows:

By 9 o'clock on Saturday night on our left wing the infantry about Birafur had reached the line Beitdajan-Samaria-Birafur, shepherding the enemy on the west of the Jerusalem-Nabulus road into the arms of our cavalry operating southward from Jenin and Beisan.

Other enemy columns vainly attempted to escape into the Jordan Valley in the direction of Jisr-ed-Dameer, which still is held by us. These columns suffered severely from our aircraft, which constantly harassed them with bombs and machine-gun fire from low altitudes.

In the vicinity of Lake Tiberius our cavalry detachments hold Nazareth and the rail and road passages over the Jordan at Jisr-ed-Dameer.

Already 18,000 prisoners have been captured and 120 guns collected.

The appended statement was issued earlier in the day:

Palestine—By 8 P. M. on Sept. 20 the enemy resistance had collapsed everywhere save on the Turkish left in the Jordan Valley.

Our left wing, having swung around to the east, had reached the line of Bidieh, Baka, and Messudieh Junction, and was astride the rail and roads converging at Nabulus.

Our right wing, advancing through difficult country against considerable resistance had reached the line of Khan-Jibeit, one and one-fourth miles northeast of El-Mugheir and Es-Sawieh, and was facing north astride the Jerusalem-Nabulus road.

On the north our cavalry, traversing the Field of Armageddon, had occupied Nazareth, Afule, and Beisan, and were collecting the disorganized masses of enemy troops and transport as they arrived from the south. All avenues of escape open to the enemy, except the fords across the Jordan between Beisan and Jisr-ed-Dameer, were thus closed.

East of the Jordan Arab forces of the King of the Hedjaz had effected numerous demolitions on the railways radiating from Derat, several important bridges, including one in the Yurmak Valley, having been destroyed.

Several days must elapse before accurate figures of captures can be given, but already more than 8,000 prisoners, 100 guns, large quantities of both horse and mechanical transports, four airplanes, many locomotives, and much rolling stock have been counted.

Very severe losses have been inflicted on the masses of Turkish troops retreating over the difficult roads by our air services.

A German airplane, later ascertained to have been carrying mails, landed in the midst of our troops at Afule. The pilot, who believed the place still to be in Turkish hands, de-

stroyed the machine and its contents before he could be secured.

Advance Cleverly Concealed.

LONDON, Sept. 22, (British Wireless Service.)—Further information received concerning the dramatic advance of the British Army in Palestine, begun during the night of Sept. 19, serves to confirm the completeness of the surprise and the magnitude of the success. A special correspondent at General Allenby's headquarters, writing prior to the capture of the Turkish Army, says:

"The victory is much more important than the number of prisoners at present reported indicates, for the Turk has had a smashing blow and is retiring into the hills as fast as his weary legs will permit. The British are pressing him with splendid energy, delivering overpowering blows in every attempt to resist.

"The situation is most promising. It is certain that General Allenby will now deliver another large portion of Palestine from the dominion of the Turks, as well as inflict on the enemy a severe defeat.

"Preparations for this battle entailed a good deal of marching. The troops were always moved by night and remained hidden in the orange and olive groves in the daytime. The British mastery of the air prevented enemy observers from seeing any change in the dispositions and the movements of large columns. Troops of all arms were thus concealed skillfully in a country where the marching of men raises huge columns of dust, and the Turk, too, possessed positions that commanded a wide range. But he remained mystified, which is the finest tribute that could be given to the work of the British staff.

"The infantry opened a way for the cavalry to pass through, and then there was a wonderful spectacle of long columns of British yeomanry and Australian light horse and picturesque Indian cavalry moving over a wide expanse of country throughout the coastal sector of the Plain of Sharon to get to the enemy's rear."

TURKS TELL OF FIRST BLOW.

Official Version Says British Assault Was Checked.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The following official communication, issued by the Turkish War Office Friday, was received here today:

On the evening of the 18th the expected British attack began on a wide front east of the Jerusalem-Nabulus road. The first onslaught failed, thanks to the bravery of our troops. Fighting with constantly reinforced troops continued the night long with extreme violence. At dawn the attacking force was broken and the attack brought to a standstill on the Jalud Wady-Abs Uzorka line.

Meanwhile on the coastal sector the British opened a violent artillery bombardment, aided from the sea by their naval guns. After two hours of artillery preparation there was desperate hand-to-hand fighting and the enemy succeeded in penetrating our positions between the coast and the Lydda-Tul Keram railway. Yielding to the pressure of great numerical superiority, we moved our troops into positions at Tul Keram, where fresh enemy attacks are expected.

On the Jordan, in the Wady Auja and Jericho districts, we caught the enemy under an effective fire.

FIGHTING ON HISTORIC GROUND

Battlefield of Armageddon on Plain of Esdraelon in Palestine.

The region in the Holy Land where the British are carrying on the present military operations is famous in Biblical and Roman history. On the plain of Esdraelon, or Jezreel, the Israelites fought battles, as recounted in the Book of Revelation and parts of the Old Testament. It is famous as the battlefield of Armageddon and, according to Revelation, is to be the scene of the decisive battle at the end of the world. Nazareth is at the northern edge of this plain, west of the hills of Galilee and southeast of the Bay of Acre. Gilboa lies on the southeast and Mount Carmel on the west, nearer the Bay of Acre.

Tul Keram, a small village mentioned in the dispatches; Neblus, and other towns lie in the region south of the plain and in the region of hills and rolling plains between the Hills of Ephraim and the Mediterranean, all north of Jerusalem. All through the region are the remains of two old civilizations, the ruins of the civilizations of the tribes mentioned in the Bible and the later civilization of the Roman colonies.

Beisan lies in the Valley of the Jordan, not far from the river, about fifty-five miles northeast of Jerusalem and directly east of the plain of Esdraelon, although to reach it from that region a traveler would pass through the depression between the Hills of Galilee and the Hills of Ephraim. This ancient town was a centre of the Romans during their control of the land, and the remains of an acropolis, a Roman bridge, a theatre, fragments of houses and columns, and many excavated tombs may be seen there yet. Only a few hundred persons live near the town now. Dera, on the railroad to Medina, lies about forty miles northeast of Beisan.

Nazareth is the most famous town mentioned in the dispatches because of its importance in the history of Christianity. It is in ancient Galilee, about seventeen miles southeast of Acre and directly north of the Plain of Esdraelon. The Bible relates that it was here that the Angel Gabriel appeared before the Virgin Mary to announce the conception of Christ. Upon the spot a Latin convent called the Annunciation, or the House of the Virgin, stands now, surrounded by many other buildings, dating back only to the eighteenth century. The present town has a population of about 11,000, mostly Christians. The buildings here are all flat-topped stone houses, built on a declivity, made picturesque by hedges of olive and fig trees.

The whole region is brown and uninteresting, except for the great traditions and history around every village. In the Plain of Esdraelon, and between the Jordan and the sea, the terrain is more gravel than soil, with limestone outcroppings filled with caves, each a famous burial place or scene of some great Biblical event. Directly east of the Jordan, and in the territory around Dera are many ruins of Greek and Roman towns.

The region west of the Jordan is cut by ancient roads, once marked by tablets to guide military and commercial contingents from Assyria and Egypt to the Mediterranean. The road from Egypt led along the coast to a point south of Mount Carmel, where it divided. One branch traversed the Plain of Esdraelon on its way to Damascus. Another road from Egypt ran north through the depression of the Jordan Valley, while another important highway ran south from Damascus in the region east of the Jordan. Most of the highways, with others built since, are still useful to military forces.

ALLENBY TURNED TURKS' HILL POSITION

All Central Palestine Likely to be Freed of the Enemy, Says Maurice.

ARABS' STROKE GREAT HELP

Serbs' Great Progress in Macedonia May Force Bulgars to Readjust Whole Line.

By Major Gen. Sir FREDERICK B. MAURICE.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—General Allenby's operations in Palestine have been carried through with the same skill and energy which distinguished the battle of Gaza-Beersheba and the pursuit to Jerusalem.

Throughout the Summer he has been holding a front about fifteen miles north of Jerusalem, extending roughly east and west of the Jordan, and to the Mediterranean. Here he has been facing the hills of Samaria, which have been occupied by the bulk of the Turkish forces opposed to him.

These forces have been supplied by a narrow gauge railway, which branches off from the Damascus-Haifa line at El Afule, a few miles south of Nazareth and winds through the hills to Ginchemer Nablus, and by a second branch line, which leaves the first near Samaria and runs westward to Tul Keram, when it turns southward through the coastal plains and to the Turkish front north of Jaffa.

The only good main road through the hills runs close to the railway from El Afule by Samaria Shechem, and thence southward to Jerusalem. Thus the key to the communications of the Turkish Army in Central Palestine was the road and rail junction at El Afule.

Allenby began his battle with an attack delivered from his eastern front, between Nablus, the Jerusalem road and the Jordan. He probably intended to fix attention of main Turkish forces in the hills, but the highlands of Samaria consist of a triangle of hills intersected by deep water courses, which run east and west from the central north and south range into the Jordan or the Mediterranean, and are, therefore, directly across the line of advance of a force moving northward.

No very rapid progress would, therefore, be made directly into the hills, and no big results could be expected from such a movement, for the Turks would have to make use of a very defensible nature of country to delay us, and would have fallen back slowly without danger to themselves.

Diverted Foe's Attention.

Allenby, like Bonnparte more than a hundred years before, therefore chose the easier coastal region north of Jaffa for his main effort, and after the enemy's attention had been attracted to his right, he struck hard with his left.

His success was immediate. The centre of his attack was made opposite to Gilgal and pressed straight on to Tul Keram, while the cavalry on the left flank moved across the plain of Sharon, making for the junction of El Afule and the plain of Esdraelon, which separates northern from central Palestine. Thus the highlands of Samaria were turned on the first day and the retreat of the main Turkish force was jeopardized.

The latest news is that this success had been brilliantly confirmed. The cavalry, after reaching the plain of Esdraelon, has swept north and east to Nazareth and across the field of Armageddon to the railway at El Afule and Beisan, while the infantry have turned east from Tul Keram toward the hills, driving the Turks in disorder before them.

The disaster to the enemy has thus been completed and his main force can now have little fighting value.

Meantime an unexpected development has taken place further north. The Arab forces of our ally, King of Hedjaz, successfully raided Derat, which is nearly seventy miles north of the latitude of Jericho. Derat is the junction of the Damascus-Hedjaz railway with the line which taps the fertile Houran district and the country of Drizes, from which the Turks in Palestine have probably been drawing much of their grainstuffs.

The army line which runs to Beisan and thence through the plain of Esdraelon and the Valley of Kishon to Haifa also starts from Derat. If our Arab friends can intercept these lines for any length of time, and as they have succeeded in blowing up the bridge in the Tarsun Valley they should be able to do this, the difficulties of the Turks who still are fighting on the Jordan will be greatly increased.

It is the first time we have heard of the Arab forces so far north. They are now in close touch with the Druses, who have never been well disposed to Turks, at whose hands they have suffered much. There is, therefore, a good prospect of further trouble for the enemy from this quarter.

It is reasonable to expect that the result of Allenby's victory will be to give us possession of the whole of central Palestine, including probably the port of Haifa, which though not an ideal harbor is far better than Jaffa. It should also enable us to cut the Hedjaz railway permanently, which we attempted to do at Ammah after the capture of Jericho, but failed. This in turn should enable the King of Hedjaz to clear the remaining Turks from his territory and give him possession of Medina, the last of the sacred cities in Turkish hands.

Possibilities of Macedonia Drive.

Meanwhile in Macedonia the Serbians continue to make progress, which, in view of the nature of the country, is remarkable. When I was last writing of this theatre of the war I said that as a result of the success of their first attack our allies had the choice either of advancing across the Cerna upon Prilep and so turning the enemy's lines in front of Monastir or moving down the Cerna toward Vardar and turning the Kojuk range of mountains, which for so long has been a backbone of the Bulgarian defense.

It is now clear that the latter course has been adopted, for the Serbian infantry has already advanced some thirty miles down the Cerna, and is little more than five miles from the Vardar Valley. This forced the Bulgars to fall back from the Kojuk range and two of its principal mountains, Dzena and Porto, both over 6,000 feet high, are in Serbian hands.

The effect of the Serbian victory may well be to compel the Bulgars to retire on the whole front between the Vardar and the Cerna, and this would probably entail readjustment of their front west of Lake Doiran and north of Monastir.

The Serbian front of attack is now about thirty miles in length, while the whole front from the Gulf of Orfano to Lake Ochrida is about 160 miles long. Decisive results cannot therefore be expected unless the front of attack can be extended, for the dangers of thrusting out far from a narrow base are obvious.

The natural complement to the Serbian attack down the Cerna to the right bank of the Vardar would be an attack on the left bank of the Vardar and on either side of Lake Doiran. It is disappointing, therefore, to learn that more has not come of the British and Greek attack on this front. We have heard very little about this attack as yet and do not know what was intended.

The Bulgars claim there was severe fighting and that we and the Greeks were repulsed. For the present we must leave it at that and hope that the Italian attack which has just begun will enable the gallant Serbians to confirm their success.

It is well to clear our minds as to the bearing of these victories upon the war as a whole. We have to keep large forces in the east in defense of our interests, and we are pledged to our allies to assist them in defending Greece and the harbor of Saloniki. Armies cannot remain passively on the defensive without deteriorating in quality and morale. In enervating climates loss of morale means almost invariably loss of health and a sick bill which equals the casualties of a big battle.

Therefore it is not only advisable, but necessary, that armies whose mission is primarily defensive should act offensively as and when opportunity offers.

Further, it is essential that the utmost possible use should be made of all forces which for climatic or geographical reasons can not be employed on the main front, in order to stir up trouble for the enemy and force him to keep troops away from that front who might otherwise be there.

Within these limitations offensive operations in secondary theatres are justifiable, even while we are seeking to decide the war on the western front. The danger in this strategic enterprises is that one step, in itself harmless, leads to another which is dangerous.

We gain a victory at Kut and try to get to Bagdad. We reach the southern shore of the Caspian and go to Baku. We send a force to the Murman coast and find it necessary to go to Archangel. We reach Archangel and have excellent reasons for advancing inland along the railway.

So our commitments grow and grow, and the difficulty of providing men for the main front, for coal mines, and for shipyards grows with them.

We need to resist appeals and temptation to extend our responsibilities with the same firmness and to husband our resources for our main object with the same jealousy as Marshal Foch displayed this Summer in regard to his reserves.

Let us have no illusions. We cannot defeat Germany, Turkey, and Bulgaria decisively in the field at one time and the same time, and there is no way round which leads to the defeat of Germany. If we are led into attempting these excursions we are prolonging the war. We must beware lest Napoleon's criticism of his opponents that they saw many objects at a time while he saw only one should apply to us.

So long as the decisive defeat of Germany in the field remains our object every other offensive project must give way to it. It is not a question of not detaching troops from the western front, but of sending to that front every man who can be made available from elsewhere after adequate provision has been made for the defense of interests which cannot be neglected.

Philip Gibbs's Dispatch from the British Battlefront.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

moving, and their smoke trails across the sky or rises like the smoke of shellbursts.

They are marvelously near the fighting line, and within a week of the capture of another line of advance they come upon newly built tracks, making a Clapham Junction in the midst of the battlefields, with branch lines and loop lines for the transport of ammunition and for Red Cross trains.

The light that pierces through the clouds reveals these slow-moving trains and the Red Cross flags of the field hospitals and long columns of motor trucks and transport wagons and gun limbers and mule teams, with little groups of men like ants on the distant skyline between the dead woods and ruins, while all around one and for scores of miles there are camps everywhere, like a mushroom growth of brown tents and horse lines and gun parks.

This is the background of the war since the recent British advance, and the scene which the men hate sometimes with a sick hatred and in which at other times, because man is a queer, adaptable animal, they feel themselves at home, with all this as their normal way of life, holding all the meaning of life till death comes.

The fighting yesterday was not all in favor of the British, and they could not hold all the day's gains. This local setback was beyond Epehy, below Villers-Guislain, where some of the men of English county regiments had such fierce strife and such a hard time against the machine gun fire of the German garrison four days ago. They were unable to get so far forward as the troops on their right and left in the advance of Sept. 18, and yesterday morning they set out again, supported by those other troops, to gain more ground.

Enemy Reinforce Near Epehy.

The enemy seems to have brought up four more divisions to strengthen his front hereabout, and, although they were divisions which had suffered severely in the recent fighting, they were a big addition to the Alpine troops and others on this line. They were also stronger in guns at this point, and yesterday when the British attacked them the Germans concentrated the heaviest shellfire on their assailants' advanced posts and lines.

In spite of the foul weather and bad ground, the men of the Eastern Counties and other battalions, with Londoners on the left and yeomen on the right, succeeded in struggling forward toward the Hindenburg outpost system and established posts at Guillemant Farm, the Birdcage, and other positions in front of Epehy.

Until 10 o'clock they did not meet with strong resistance, and then the enemy launched a series of counter-attacks, sending parties of bombers and machine gunners down the old trenches, which gave them cover, while their guns pounded the British forward positions. There was close and bitter fighting all day of the old trench warfare kind, in dirty ditches and in swamps filled with barbed wire and among bits of ruins.

Owing to the enemy's gunfire, which increased in intensity, some of the British posts had to be abandoned on the right and centre, and the men fell back to another line which they organized for defense.

In their first attack they took 200 prisoners more than were reported early, and the London troops with the yeomanry and others showed the greatest gallantry in most trying conditions. At the end of the day they still held some of their gains, but on the whole the attack was not so successful as had been hoped, and no doubt some of the British troops had a very hard time.

It was only a minor action for straightening the line and does not interfere with the general victory that was won Sept. 18, nor does it encourage the enemy to believe that he will escape from the threat to his whole line, but for the men engaged it was no easy day.

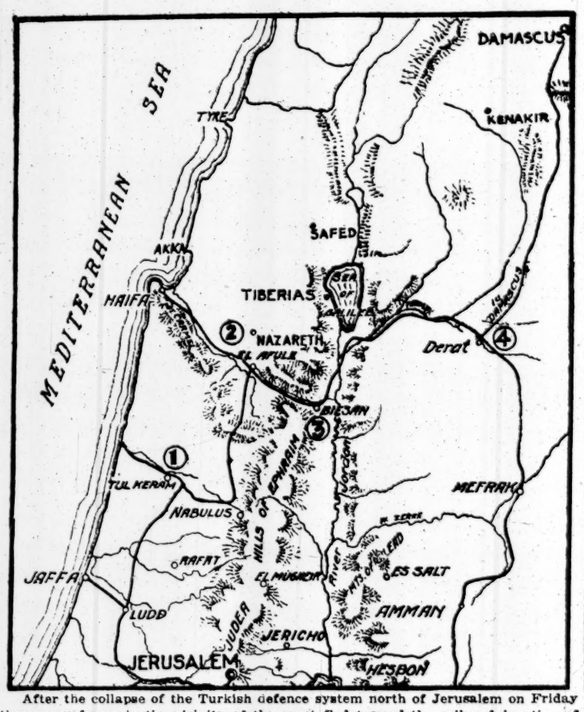
During the night and early this morning determined efforts improved the British position a good deal, and by retaking Little Priel Farm and other advanced posts the Tommies forced the enemy to yield the ground temporarily gained in counterattacks.

4th Army Has Captured 44,000.

The number of prisoners taken since Aug. 8 by the 4th Army alone now exceeds 44,000, including over 1,000 officers. These are wonderful figures, and there is absolute evidence that all his recent losses have so weakened the enemy that most of his divisions in the line are no longer able to fight without the support of other troops sent to their relief. The German command is now endeavoring to give them this help, and the 38th Division, opposite Epehy, was in the process of being relieved by the 121st at the time the British attacked yesterday.

But the Germans can have very few divisions in reserve that are fit for the fighting line, and not until they have incorporated the youngest recruits of the year and refitted their shattered divisions with returned wounded and the last comb-out of their factories and workshops will they be able to withdraw many of the men who have borne the brunt of the battle since Aug. 8.

Scene of the British Victory in Palestine



After the collapse of the Turkish defence system north of Jerusalem on Friday the enemy forces in the vicinity of the coast fled toward the railroad junction of Tul Keram, (1,) only to find it occupied by the British. Allenby's Anglo-Indian cavalry columns, speeding ahead over the plains, had also occupied a line extending from Nazareth, (2,) southeastward to El Afule and Beisan, (3,) so that the main Turkish force, retreating north, found that it was trapped and could do nothing but surrender. Meanwhile Arabs of the army of the King of the Hedjaz had prevented the escape of the Turkish left wing troops eastward by destroying bridges and tearing up the railroad branches radiating from the junction of Derat, (4.)

TURKS OUTWITTED BY GEN. ALLENBY

By W. T. MASSEY.

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

ernmost from the south. Counterattacks on Bidston were beaten off the last time with the bayonet. The rapid advance brought the brigade to an important hill 6,000 yards east of Trumus Aya.

The operations in this area were over extraordinarily difficult country, made up of steep hills or rapid descents. The ground everywhere was a mass of boulders. Fine leadership of troops in excellent condition accounts for the high proportion of the enemy killed and captured with remarkably few losses on our side. Indeed, the brigade operating on the right took thirty-four officers and over 400 of other ranks prisoners, while the killed and wounded were many.

This morning Irish and Indian troops made a vigorous attack in wild mountainous country west of the Nablus Road and drove out the Turks from their long, strong line around Furkah, which was one of the best prepared systems. Pressing forward, they gained a good deal of ground to the north, considerably narrowing the front along which the enemy was driven from the Plain of Sharon.

The value of the mastery of the air could not better be exemplified than by our air work during these operations. Only one enemy plane has been seen except that captured today, and it fled on seeing one of our machines. We prevented machines getting into the air and took three today at El Afule aerodrome, which we seized with all its equipment.

Over eleven tons of bombs were dropped yesterday and 66,000 rounds were fired from machine guns at a low altitude on the retiring enemy, the roads being covered with damaged material and dead.

The road from Jenin to El Afule along which the Turks were walking unconsciously into our hands was heavily bombed today with great accuracy. A mass of dead were piled up and smashed vehicles were plainly visible on the road through the hills. At one spot bombed transport blocks all passage.

One incident today furnished complete evidence that the Turks were taken by surprise by Allenby's strategy. Early in the morning cavalry moved across the Plain of Esdraelon and entered Al Afule Stationo, south of Nazareth. Officers nearer our infantry were completely unaware of mounted force of four staff officers who left Jenin to ride to El Afule were intercepted by an armored car. They attempted to use their revolvers, but were quickly captured and brought in.

Doubtless there are many other similar incidents, and it serves to show that the enemy staff did not appreciate the extent of Allenby's scheme.

OUR BATTLE LAID OUT ON GIGANTIC SCALE

100,000 Maps and 30,000 Photographs Distributed Before St. Mihiel Attack.

6,000 TELEPHONES IN USE

Five Thousand Miles of Wire Used and 10,000 Employed in Operating the Signal System.

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WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 20.—It is now possible, more than a week after General Pershing's army struck its first great blow in France, to give an idea of the immensity of the operation, based on figures obtained from official sources and on observation during two days motoring behind the lines where the Americans stand now arrayed against the Hindenburg line.

In order to take 132 square miles of territory and seventy-two villages, captured in the crushing of the St. Mihiel salient, the American Army first had to evolve preparations on colossal lines, because the actual action brought into the plan hundreds of elements, all of which had to co-ordinate smoothly.

The figures obtained are estimates made by officers directly in touch with the operations.

First, we issued 100,000 detail maps covering in minutest detail the character of the terrain of the St. Mihiel salient, including natural defenses, and telling how each was manned and by what enemy units. These maps were corrected in some instances as late as the day before the battle opened, and were supplemented by 30,000 photographs. These were for the guidance of the artillery and infantry, and were scattered among the officers of the whole army a few hours before the zero hour.

6,000 Telephones at Work.

Five thousand miles of wire was laid on the St. Mihiel salient and on its borders before the attack, and immediately after the Americans advanced 6,000 telephone instruments were connected with these wires throughout the battle zone.

When the battle opened on the morning of Sept. 12 trucks started northward at a speed of seven miles an hour, unreeling wires across No Man's Land until they reached points where the reels had to be carried by Signal Corps men afoot.

Such work as this made it possible in the recent battle for American officers whose troops had flanked the foe's trenches to telephone back, informing the artillery of the exact location of the enemy trenches and in a few minutes bringing a deluge of metal on the bocne.

Telephone squads carried these lines up to the fighting front on Thursday morning and soon in the triangular battleground there was a telephone system in operation that would have been adequate to handle the telephone business of a city of 100,000, and it was going at top efficiency. The branch lines were connected with the main axis, which was established through the middle of the salient. Ten thousand men were busily engaged in operating the system. Many of the phone exchanges were on wheels.

Several thousand carrier pigeons supplemented the Signal Corps.

We captured a tremendous quantity of German signal supplies, 500 miles of German wire, many switchboards, one radio truck, and numerous batteries.

In the midst of the battle other Signal Corps men took more than 10,000 feet of movie film depicting war scenes and many thousands of photographs.

Extensive hospital facilities were arranged, including thirty-five hospital trains, 16,000 beds in the advanced areas, and 35,000 others further back. Happily, less than 10 per cent. of the hospital facilities were needed, and therefore our surgeons and nurses were enabled to give the finest care to our wounded and sick, and every attention to the German wounded.

Used 1,500,000 Shells.

In the course of the operation our guns fired approximately 1,500,000 shells.

Forty-eight hundred trucks carried men and supplies into the lines. They were assisted by miles of American railroads of standard and narrow gauge and the cars were pulled by engines marked "U. S. A."

In addition to restoring this big territory to France with an unprecedented small force the Americans liberated two railroads and a canal from the menace of the boche artillery. We took 15,188 prisoners and the following spoils: One hundred and eleven guns, including twenty-five of large calibre and seventy-eight Austrian 77s; forty-two trench mortars, two hundred machine guns, thirteen trucks, including an ambulance; thirty box cars, four locomotives, five caissons, forty wagons, and thirty-six narrow-gauge cars.

The quantity of captured munitions is still unestimated, but one spot alone yielded 4,000 shells for 77s and 350,000 rounds of rifle cartridges. Twelve thousand hand grenades were found in one place. Four ammunition dumps were taken, but the quantity of munitions in them is as yet unestimated.

Large quantities of food, clothing, trinkets, and many documents bring up a total which makes our first venture as an individual unit assume characteristic American proportions.

British Try Concrete.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The first concrete ship built at the Barrow shipyards was successfully launched yesterday, being the first of the ten 1,000-ton barges now under construction for the Department of the Controller of Merchant Shipbuilding. The Barrow shipyards did not begin operations until the beginning of 1918. Many shipbuilding experts were present at the launching, including a representative of the Admiralty.

OUR MEN VICTORS IN ST. MIHIEL RAIDS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

six of these locomotives, which were in running order. Several other engines had been damaged by the retreating Germans, but they had not time to injure the others. The Americans soon had the damaged engines in operation.

The equipment includes many miles of tracks, with great stacks of unlaid rails and steel ties. All along the front these one-man engines are darting here and there on tracks laid by the Germans, and also upon new trackage set up by the Americans, which connects with the various German systems.

The Americans running the engines wear blue overalls, the same as those worn by engineers in the United States.

Hundreds of small flat cars were also captured, and the Americans are using gasoline which they found in the German supply station. The Americans had little difficulty in solving the mechanism of the German engines, and they were ready for operation when the shell-torn tracks were repaired. Narrow-gauge flat cars, which came from the United States, are also being used over the German rails. They are twice as long as the German cars and bear on their sides "U. S. A." in big white letters.

NEW GERMAN GAS PROJECTOR.

That Used Against Our Lines Has Longer Rrange Than Old Ones.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE LORRAINE FRONT, Sept 22, (Associated Press.)—A summary of German operations shows that on the night of Sept 15-16 there were sent into the American lines 5,000 gas shells with almost no serious effect.

It developed from the character of the fire and from an examination of gas shells which failed to explode that the Germans are using a new type of gas projector. The shell, or canister is about twenty-four inches long by six inches in diameter. The range of the projector is some 400 yards more than those previously in use.

Two hundred of the new shells which fell between the advanced post and the front line contained phosgene gas. The greater part of the gas shells so far used by the Germans, however, contained mustard gas.

CAUSED HEAVY CASUALTIES.

General Pershing Reports on the Raids on Enemy's Lines.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—American raiding parties in the Woevre penetrated the enemy's lines at two points, inflicting numerous casualties, says General Pershing's communiqué for today, received tonight at the War Department.

The text of the statement follows:

Section A—In the Woevre our raiding parties penetrated the enemy's line at two points, inflicted numerous casualties, and brought back twenty-five prisoners. A hostile detachment which attempted to reach our positions was repulsed, leaving two of its men in our hands.

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REPORT MARRIAGE OF RUMANIAN PRINCE

Story of Heirs to Throne's Morganatic Alliance Is Credited to Germans.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—A statement in Swiss newspapers that Crown Prince Carol of Rumania has contracted a morganatic marriage at Odessa with Mlle. Lambrino, daughter of middle-class Rumanian parents, is not credited in Rumaniana circles here. The following statement was made to me by a highly placed Rumanian, who has been in Paris the last few days and who may be regarded as speaking authoritatively.

"The so-called news, given by the Basle newspaper," said this personage, "is not only improbable, but impossible. The royal family in our democratic country possess exactly the same legal status as any other Rumanian family. Consequently the heir to the throne could contract only one form of marriage and this would give his bride the status of his legitimate wife, and their children full rights of succession.

"Even in Hungary, which possesses aristocratic laws, whereas Rumania does not, the Government at the time of the morganatic marriage of the late Archduke Franz Ferdinand with Countess Czotek, asserted that so far as Hungary was concerned the wife of Franz would be entitled to become Queen through her marriage with the heir to the throne. It is then materially impossible for Carol to have contracted a morganatic marriage. That he contracted an ordinary marriage at Odessa is an equally impossible supposition. The news, therefore, has probably another explanation.

"It may be remembered that a couple of months ago the German newspapers laid special empahsis on the fact that Carol had manifested a very warlike attitude at one of the five Crown councils which were held at Jassy before Rumania decided to negotiate for peace for Germany.

The Germans knew all the facts of this incident at the time it occurred, although they gave no publicity to it until much later.

"Circulation of the report of a morganatic marriage of Prince Carol by the Germans is evidently intended to prepare public opinion for some steps which it is proposed to take against the Rumanian branch of the Hohenzollern family, for it must not be overlooked that such marriages, as that referred to in the Swiss report, would create very great dangers for the dynasty.

"Signs of German unrest over what is going on at Jassy and publication of the statement as to this alleged marriage are probably a prelude to some further action, being taken by the Germans in Rumania. The Bulgarians' defeat will only increase German bitterness against Rumania."

FORBID WOMEN TO SAIL.

British Admiralty Bars Them Due to Activity of U-Boats.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Sept. 22.—A steamship arrived today with 125 passengers and not a single woman or child among them, by orders of the British Admiralty. This was due, passengers said, to the increased activity of U-boats off the British coast and the sinking of the steamship Missanable on Sept. 9 with the loss of some passengers, including several women. On account of the ruling, John Thornton McKean, Assistant Traffic Director of the Washington Terminal, had to return to America without the bride he went to England to get. Mr. McKean said he left Washington on July 12 and married Miss Agnes Lappin in Nottingham, England, on Aug. 19. He booked a cabin for himself and bride on the steamship and did not know of the Admiralty ruling until they arrived at the port of embarkation. As it was useless to appeal, Mr. McKean had to send his wife back to her parents in Nottingham. So far as he could ascertain there is no likelihood of the embargo against women and children crossing the Atlantic being raised for some time.

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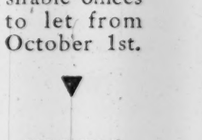

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We have just published an authoritative pamphlet on TAXATION OF PERSONAL PROPERTY, State of New York, which should be helpful to the individual taxpayer, to trustees, executors, administrators and corporations.

There are many interesting paragraphs, for example, one on "Tax Exemption of Securities."

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America's part in the second battle of the Marne. The story as told by special correspondents with the American and French army. Current History Magazine for September—25 cents a copy.—Advt.

PAYER MAY RESIGN IN GERMAN CRISIS

Vice Chancellor Disagrees with Hertling on Having Socialists Enter Government.

BIG DEVELOPMENTS SOON

Moderate Parties Likely to Form a Majority Bloc This Week—More Socialists Arrested.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 22.—The latest information regarding the German political crisis suggests that the resignation o Vice Chancellor von Payer—who has abandoned the remainder of his holiday and returned to Berlin—is imminent.

He is reported to disagree with Chancellor von Hertling on the question of Socialist co-operation in the Government, and, in addition, his recent speech, naturally displeasing to the Pan Germans, would also cause in great degree that enemity shown by the moderate parties toward the Government, mainly on account of von Payer's insistence on the Brest-Litovsk peace as an unalterable arrangement.

It is becoming ever clearer to the Germans that adhesion to the Eastern agreements is a serious obstacle in the way of any peace discussion. The Chancellor appears to think he can ease the situation by sacrificing von Payer.

The progressive press continues to insist on the existence and increased seriousness of the "Chancellor crisis," although the Berliner Tageblatt and some other more or less democratic journals appear to be ready to agree to the continuance of von Hertling in office if he will only tread the proper path, but they are vague on that point, and their position with regard to it would appear to be in the nature of a "switch line," of which they foresee the necessary abandonment.

The Tageblatt also says von Hertling is against the entry of the Socialists into the Government.

"If that is correct," says Vorwärts sarcastically, "the Socialists and the Chancellor are in full agreement, for no Socialist would enter the Hertling administration."

Great interest is being displayed in Berlin regarding tomorrow's Centre Party meeting, which, it is said, the Chancellor may attend. It is believed he will declare himself ready to make some concessions in order to prevent the party from linking up with the Socialists and the Progressive People's Party and so forming an anti-Government majority.

The Pan German papers are busy blaming Scheidemann, Erzberger, and other politicians for having unpatriotically brought about a crisis at this particular time. Naturally they forget to blame the person who is the real author of it—Marshal Foch.

Negotiations for Coalition.

"The formation of a Parliamentary Ministry is the most urgent need of the moment," Tageblatt, we have the root fact from which has sprung the most important political crisis with which Germany has been faced since the beginning of the war.

For some time the conviction has been growing among Germany's democratic parties that there is little prospect of the Entente treating with any German Government which cannot claim to represent the people. Scheidemann's article in Thursday Vorärts was the first unmistakable public admission to that effect. On the same day the Berliner Tageblatt boldly declared that "only a Parliamentary Ministry can bring peace nearer."

For some days pourparlers have been proceeding among the Socialist Majority Party, the People's Progressive Party, the Centre Party, and the National Liberal Party, with a view to bringing into existence a progressive coalition like that formed last year to pass the peace resolution, but this is a stronger movement, with an infinitely more advanced program.

So far as can be gathered, the result is that the Socialists and the Progressives are at one. The Centre Party has still to make up its collective mind, but the bulk of that party is said to favor co-operation. The National Liberals have not yet come to a decision. They will meet for this purpose Monday, as will the Centre Party, but the position probably can be forced without them.

The Leipziger Tageblatt, whose editor is in close touch with inner political circles, and who is very well informed, says the crisis is reaching a decisive point. The majority parties, according to this journal, "have, in view of recent events, firmly decided to take immediate steps for the formation of a Parliamentary Government, whose policy shall be entirely free from interference by general headquarters. The Social Democrats have expressed their readiness to enter a new government under the following conditions: (1) Abolition of certain paragraphs in the Constitution; (2) admission of at least two or three Social Democrats to the Government; (3) appointment of a member of this party, probably Ebert, to an important political department, such as that of the Ministry of the Interior."

This Leipzig paper mentions Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, at present Minister to Denmark, as von Hertling's successor in the Chancellorship.

While on some points the Leipzig Liberal organ's outline may be somewhat in advance of events, there can be no doubt that it represents the facts in their broad significance. The Vossische Zeitung believes the report to be "worthy of belief," and thinks the greater part of the Leipzig article is in accordance with what is being discussed at the present moment in Parliamentary circles.

The Socialists' chief demand, the Vossische Zeitung adds, will be the removal of Paragraph 9 of the Constitution, which prevents any member of the Reichstag from being at the same time a member of the Federal Council. In this they have the support of the Centre Party.

Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, the Vossische Zeitung declares, is not the most favored candidate for the Chancellorship, although he has been much discussed as von Hertling's probable successor. He is known to be in favor of a Parliamentary Government.

Next week will, in all probability, see the situation develop in interesting fashion.

Says Hertling Won't Resign.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 22, (Associated Press.)—On the basis of information from "a competent source," the Berlin correspondent of the Dusseldorf Nachrichten comes to the conclusion that Chancellor von Hertling does not intend to resign, and that official circles do not attach any importance to the Leipziger Tageblatt's report. The correspondent says that, although the minority of the Centre and Progressive Parties are endeavoring to bring about greater parliamentarization of the Government, the Socialists alone favor absolute parliamentarization.

The Central organ Germania in an article today discredits the Leipziger Tageblatt's sensational report about a political crisis. It declares that accord now happily has been reached, and that the supreme army command is and will remain decisive. Continuing, it says:

"We are, however, convinced that the overwhelming majority of the German people have nothing in common with these industrious political agitators. There are assuredly many things regarding which a serious word must be spoken to the Government, but we can only follow with suspicion the attempt to utilize the present position to extend the rights of Parliament. We are confident that the Centre Party will throw its entire weight into the scale to guarantee that purely patriotic work is now done by the Reichstag."

Heckert and Gublitz, prominent members of the Independent Socialist Party, have been arrested, according to the Volkstimme of Chemnitz, Saxony.

Official Reports of the Day's Operations

British

LONDON, Sept. 22.

Night Report—The hostile attack northwest of La Bassée reported today was not pressed. Our position there is unchanged.

On the remainder of the front there is nothing to report beyond local encounters at different points, in the course of which we improved our positions slightly south of Villers-Guislain, [midway between St. Quentin and Cambrai,] and in the neighborhood of Zillebeke, [southeast of Ypres.]

Aviation — Despite clouds and wind on Saturday, there were incessant reconnoisances and artillery patrolling. Seven enemy machines were destroyed, and three were disabled. Eight of our machines are missing.

Saturday night three enemy bombing machines were engaged and brought down. All of our night fliers returned safely.

Day Report — During the night our troops east of Epehy [between Cambrai and St. Quentin] renewed their attack and again made progress, capturing Little Priel Farm and other organized points of resistance. A number of prisoners have been taken by us in our operations yesterday and last night in this sector.

South of Villers-Guislain a local attack made by the enemy last evening was repulsed after sharp fighting. In the course of the night our troops advanced their line in this sector, and captured several prisoners.

Yesterday afternoon the enemy again attacked at Moeuvres and was repulsed. There also our troops have improved their positions, and have taken a few prisoners.

English troops carried out a successful local operation last night north of the Scarpe River, in the neighborhood of Gavrelle, advancing our line on a front of two miles, and capturing several prisoners.

A hostile raiding party was driven off last night west of Acheville.

This morning the enemy delivered a local attack against our new positions northwest of La Bassée. Fighting still is taking place in this locality.

French

PARIS, Sept. 22.

Day Report — The night was marked by quite heavy artillery activity in the region of St. Quentin and north of the Aisne.

On the front of the River Vesle French troops repulsed two enemy raids.

French detachments penetrated the German lines in Champagne and in Lorraine, and returned with prisoners.

German

BERLIN, Sept. 22. (via London.)

Day Report — Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht — West of Flesquier and south of Havrincourt English partial attacks were repulsed, as also were strong enemy thrusts north of the River Scarpe.

An enterprise by our troops near Moeuvres yielded forty-five prisoners.

Army Group of General von Boehn—After fruitless partial attacks of the last few days the English again launched a great united attack. Their objective was to effect a break through near Cambrai. Under protection of a dense rolling fire the English infantry, accompanied by armored cars and aviators, advanced to attack early in the morning between Gouzeaucourt Wood and Hargicourt.

During the night of Sept. 19-20, in anticipation of an enemy attack we removed our defense in the open country east of Epehy to the old English positions between Villers-Guislain and Bellicourt.

When the enemy, deeply echeloned for attack, stormed down the heights against our lines he was received by the prepared defensive fire of our artillery, infantry and machine guns. The attack broke down before our lines.

After every strong preparatory fire the enemy renewed his attack. This second attempt also was entirely without success. Although the English temporarily penetrated the southwestern portion of Villers-Guislain and Quennement Farm, they were again thrown back by an immediate counterattack.

In the evening and during the night very strong artillery fire was again followed by violent attacks which were repulsed.

Yesterday was an especially successful day in the heavy struggle on the western front. German rifle and cavalry regiments and East and West Prussian, Posen, Lower Silesian, Westphalian, Rhenish and Bavarian regiments and Guard troops inflicted on the English a very heavy defeat. On the whole front of their attack they suffered exceedingly heavy losses. The main share for the complete success of yesterday is due to our artillery.

Between the Ailette and the Aisne artillery activity continued within moderate limits. It revived in the evening in connection with violent partial attacks east of Vauxaillon, at Vaurains Farm and northwest of Vailly.

FOOD STRIKERS BAYONETED.

Salzburg, Austria, in State of Siege Following Destructive Riot.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ZURICH, Sept. 22.—The general strike at Salzburg, Austria, has taken exasperating forms. Besides workers, tradesmen and State officials are also on strike because of famine.

Last Thursday an immense throng marched through the streets of the town to the Government palace, which was stoned. A door was broken in and the public invaded the interior. Gendarmes with fixed bayonets attacked the people and dead and wounded fell in front of the Grand Hotel. The spectacle was terrible. The hotel was demolished after the cellars and offices had been pillaged.

Salzburg has been proclaimed in a state of siege. Demonstrations in the town continue.

EXPLOSION IN AUSTRIA KILLS 382 WORKERS

Ammunition Factory Blows Up, Following a Fire—Most of the Victims Girls.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 22.—Three hundred and eighty-two persons have been killed and many others injured in an explosion in an ammunition factory at Woellersdorf, a town near the Austrian capital, according to the Vienna newspapers.

Fire broke out in the powder room, and the terrific heat quickly overcame those in the flame-wrapped building. The victims were mostly girls.

JAPANESE CABINET TENDERS RESIGNATION

Marshal Count Terauchi Quits Office After Holding Power for Two Years.

TOKIO, Sept. 21, (Associated Press.)—The Japanese Cabinet, headed by Field Marshal Count Terauchi, which has held office since October, 1916, resigned today.

NO OLIVE BRANCH FOR ITALY, PAGE SAYS

Ambassador Is Certain She Is Proof Against Austrian Machinations.

INSPIRED BY OUR TROOPS

American Military Co-operation, He Says, Has Diminished Her Feeling of Isolation.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—Thomas Nelson PAGE, the American Ambassador to Italy, is in Paris on his way to Rome after five weeks' absence. I asked him what would be Italy's attitude toward the prolonged peace offensive which everybody here thinks was only started by the recent Austrian note.

Mr. Page replied that Italy would stand fire with all the other allies.

"My belief, based upon knowledge of the Italian people," he continued, "is that their action will be along the same lines as those of America, France, and England. Being much nearer geographically to Vienna, the seat of this peace offensive, and having had to endure far greater economic hardships than any other peoples among the Allies throughout the war, and feeling at times somewhat isolated by reason of their geographical position, it would not be outside the possibilities that the Italian people would be moved by the suggestion that peace might be brought about in terms acceptable to Italy and her allies; but I believe the virtue of the Italian people will resist whatever temptation may be held out to break their resolution.

"It is the feeling of isolation in Italy which is apparent at times that alone could cause concern. This feeling was immensely diminished by America's declaration of war on Austria with the consequence which ensued on our sending the American flag into Italy. Far more than the military value of the contingent of American troops sent there was the fact that Italy felt their coming to be a guarantee of America's nearness to her.

"Italy feels that what she has borne and accomplished in the war has not been wholly appreciated outside. She alone during the greater part of the time sustained the weight of the Austrian forces disposed along the mountain frontier laid down especially to hold Italy in subjection, and she has endured hardships of death and almost everything unsurpassed by any people in the war.

"The entrance of the United States into the war inspired her wonderfully because she felt we comprehended what she had undergone. She undoubtedly looks to us to justify her conception of our sympathy with her.

"I believe that no offensive by the enemy, either of peace or war, will affect her."

PEACE PLEA WEAKNESS, SAYS BELGIAN KING

Albert Says That American Troops Will Bring an End to the Conflict.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—Of course all the world knew in advance what Belgium would do with respect to the separate peace suggestion from Germany, and official information of its scornful rejection has been made public, but today I got a soothing, pleasing ressurance at only second hand, from King Albert himself.

Millenko Vesnitch, the Serbian Minister to both France and Belgium, has just returned to Paris from the Belgian Court's retreat, where he bestowed upon King Albert the decoration of Karageorge's Star with swords, the highest order in the gift of the Serbian Government. At the same time he gave the Belgian Queen the Cross Misericorde for her humane work during the war.

This bestowing of Serbian honors upon the Belgian rulers was a touching, simple ceremony. It was a coming together for an exchange of sympathy, hope, and confidence of the two small invaded nations, for the restoration of which the rest of us have pledged ourselves to fight.

"Both the King and the Queen," M. Vesnitch said to me today in Paris, "seemed supremely confident of the future of their own country and mine and of the cause of all the Allies in general. Princess Mary, who is about to go to England to school, shared their faith in the restoration of home and country. King Albert expressed the opinion that the Austrian offer to all the Allies and Germany's separate suggestion to Belgium were both sure indications of the rapid weakening and demoralization of the Central Empires. He also said the war would finally be decided by the American troops."

HELPED TO KILL RASPUTIN.

Lazevert Says So Himself—Here to Explain Conditions in Russia.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Sept. 22.—Among the passengers who arrived today was Colonel Stanislaus de Lazevert, who says he is head of the sanitary section of the Russian Red Cross, and has come to the United States to inform President Wilson of conditions in Russia. Everything there was in a state of chaos, he said, and the salvation of the Russian people would come through the intervention of the Allies in Serbia if it were carried through in the right way with plenty of American troops.

Colonel Lazevert said the reports printed of the killing of the Russian peasant monk Rasputin was not correct. He was not shot to death in a house where he had been lured, the Colonel said, but was shot down in a street on the night of Dec. 16, 1917. He knew, because he was one of the party, and took Rasputin's body away in his automobile.

"Rasputin was the agent of Germany," Colonel Lazavert continued, "and was the evil genius of Russia. I was a member of a band of men devoted to their country who had tried in every way to rid the Imperial family of the influence of Rasputin and stop the spread of German propaganda so that our capable generals could lead their armies to victories and crush the Huns.

"I am one of five who killed the peasant monk in a street near the palace of the Grand Duke Dmitri Pavlowski, and besides the Grand Duke and myself the others in the automobile were M. Fourischklevitch, a member of the Duma; Captain Touchotine of the Imperial Guards and Prince Ysoupoff. The priest was on his way to the Imperial Palace to see the Empress and we shot him with a revolver and took the body away in my auutomobile."

After the killing of Rasputin he said a price was put upon his head and he had to flee from Russia with his wife and leave their four-months-old baby with relatives living in the country outside Petrograd. His wife is now working as a Red Cross nurse.

Colonel de Lazavert is a soldierly-looking man about 36 years old. He has a box filled with decorations which have been bestowed upon him, some given to him by the late Czar, the French Legion of Honor and War Cross and Rumanian and Serbian orders and war medals.

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THE AUTOMATIC FIREMEN

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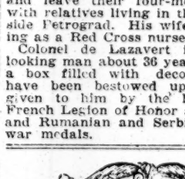

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The New Era of Advertising

THE "traditional" advertiser who does not realize that he is living in a new age—that he must rub the lamp for new vision—that his merchandising and advertising plans for the future must be more intensive and less wasteful, will soon wonder why his business seems to be slipping.

We are now entering an era in ADVERTISING and SELLING when it will more than pay you to—

"Put it up to the men who know your market"—

FEDERAL ADVERTISING AGENCY, INC.
6 East Thirty-ninth Street New York
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Consultation without charge or obligation

326

What an old tin box disclosed

One danger of bequeathing money in bulk

THE elderly lady who opened her old tin box of securities is quite willing that we give the following facts:

She is a gentlewoman over 60 years of age. She has never shown money sense. Fifteen years ago she inherited the family estate of close to a hundred thousand dollars.

Financially, at that time, her future looked rosy.

On the advice of a friend of the family, she at once invested everything, as follows:

Oil stocks (two companies)	$27,000
Mining stocks (four companies)	32,000
A city house (paid for outright)	17,500
Deposited in several savings banks	18,000
	$94,500

She was led to believe her income would amount to $5,500 a year.

The mining stocks yielded handsome dividends for a few years, then dwindled, then stopped. From the oil stocks she fared worse. Journeys to the savings banks became more frequent. Later she rented her home—finally mortgaged it.

Today the net income from the estate is a bare $600. The gentlewoman, as we said, is past sixty. We understand she now paints china a little and sells what she can.

One day she opened an old tin box and in an embarrassed way exhibited the bundle of worthless stock certificates. That is how we learned the story.

As business men, perhaps it is not our place to moralize. But we do know that such money waste is morally wrong and should be and can be made impossible by definite safety measures.

In that spirit we bring to your attention—

A COLUMBIA TRUST FUND

for safe-guarding the money you leave

A COLUMBIA Trust Fund is simply money set aside under the protection of the Columbia Trust Company and soundly invested to provide assured income for definite objects.

The safe and proper investment of the money you leave your wife and other heirs becomes assured.

Income from the Columbia Trust Fund will be paid in installments to *whom* you wish and *when* you wish—and in the *amount* you wish.

We are bound by a written agreement to carry out your wishes definitely and absolutely.

Life insurance or any other money may be used to form the Trust Fund.

Our fees for this service are very moderate.

While we would prefer to explain all the advantages of a Columbia Trust Fund to you in person, if you wish, we will gladly go into the matter more fully with you by mail.

IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT 60 Broadway
IN HARLEM 125th St. & Lenox Ave.
COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
IN SHOPPING CENTRE 5th Ave. & 34th St.
IN THE BRONX 148th St. & Third Ave.

Member of Federal Reserve System

REPORT AMERICANS SLAIN IN RUSSIA

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

ing factions, have decided to prohibit the functioning for the present of the authors of the aforesaid proclamations.

"This course has been adopted in order to prevent civil strife in the rear of our combined armies, which are advancing against a common foe and to avoid the almost equally deplorable calamity threatening the northern region with a widespread famine for the relief of which we are bringing supplies from our countries. We have no intention or desire to force upon the northern region any kind of government or any officials not the choice of the majority of the people.

"Until the arrested Ministers, who are now on their way back under the protection of the Allies, return to Archangel, and until popular opinion can show who should continue to exercise the power in a constituted Government we will assure the continuation of public service, the absolute maintenance of order and will assure that the sovereign rights of every one will be respected and observed and that the daily life of the community will not be interrupted. Consequently, subject to our approval, the assistant heads of the Ministries and chiefs of bureaus will continue to perform their duties.

"We trust that all good citizens will co-operate in the furthering of this well-meaning plan, the necessity for which should appeal to every patriotic Russian who wants national independence and a régime of democratic liberty."

The Allied Ambassadors had no desire to interfere in internal affairs, but held the Tchaplin party's attempt to establish themselves by stealth and force to be incompatible with the principles for which the Allies are fighting. As soon as he learned Thursday morning of the coup d'etat Ambassador Francis called a conference of the diplomats and Consul General Poole, with the result that the new Government was prohibited from functioning and the Tschaikovsky Ministers were ordered returned pending an adjustment and the proclamation was prepared.

Meanwhile, however, proclamations by Tchaplin and Ivanoff and Dedusenko, who were not arrested, and the Tschaikovsky Ministers appeared in the streets. These several proclamations so confused the people that a second Allied decision became necessary. Workingmen and operatives before the Allied decision became known called strikes, which are being adjusted.

The Tchaplin group contends that it was not fairly representative in the Government. The proclamation by Dedusenko charged that Tchaplin was attempting to restore a monarchy, headed by Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, brother of the late Emperor, who, they contend, is hiding in Archangel. Of this there is no proof.

Archangel is generally tranquil and the people are watching the American and other guards, apparently satisfied with the fairness of the Allies.

When Tschaikovsky and the members of his Cabinet who were arrested returned to Archangel they conferred with the Allied Ambassadors in an effort to reach an adjustment satisfactory to all.

An Associated Press dispatch from Archangel Sept. 12 said that the Tschaikovsky Provisional Government had been rescated after a conference between the Entente Allied diplomatic and military chiefs and that it would continue to direct the affairs in the region of the North with the advice of the Allies.

MARIA BUTCHKAREFF ILL.

Commander of Russian Woman's Battalion Reaches Archangel.

ARCHANGEL, Sept. 11, (Associated Press.)—Commander Maria Butchkareff, organizer of the Russian woman's battalion, which fought on the Russian front in 1916, has arrived in Archangel, after a visit to the United States, to help raise a Russo-allied army. She is now ill of influenza and is in the care of American army physicians at the newly established American Red Cross hospital here.

Interviewed by The Associated Press before her removal to the hospital Commander Butchkareff said:

"I am not trying to raise another woman's battalion. I am going soon to the front to influence the peasants and, with the help of God, I hope to organize a battalion of men to fight with the Entente Allies.

"I shall tell those who won't fight that they are enemies of the Fatherland. I am only a peasant myself. I neither read nor write. They know I am sincere. The peasants must remember that only a clean sweep of the Germans from our soil can give them the free Russia they hope for."

FINNISH THRONE IN DOUBT.

Kaiser's Brother-in-Law Now Instructed to Wait Awhile.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 22.—Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse, a brother-in-law of Emperor William, has been urged "by high quarters," according to the Socialist newspaper Volksstimme of Frankfort, to leave the question of the Finnish throne in suspense, and to agree only to accept the office of Administrator of the kingdom for five years.

The Prince, the newspaper says, has not yet accepted the proposal.

Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse was reported in a Copenhagen dispatch of Sept. 11 to be on a tour of Finland engaging in conferences with political leaders in the different cities through which he passed. He was declared to have expressed a willingness to receive the Crown of Finland. The Finnish Landtag has been summoned to meet Sept. 20 to elect a King.

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Specially selected flake graphite that keeps metal surfaces from grinding contact. They stay longer and work better as a wear-preventer than any other lubricant.

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JOSEPH DIXON CRUCIBLE CO.
Jersey City, New Jersey
Established 1827

They say the Scot is pretty wise
And knows a thing or two;
But when it came to make a "Mist"
We told him what to do.

We took his loom and showed him how
By sundry little twists
A rainproofed cheviot could be made—
To give the world *"Scotch Mists"!

Handsome, fairweather overcoats, rainproofed.

Light, medium and heavy weights.

For men—for boys.

For 80 out of every 100 heads—

*"Composite" Derbies; built on the law of averages. They conform without conforming. Our own idea.

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Broadway at 13th St. "The Four Corners" Broadway at 34th St.
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Fine Luggage
made as they have made it for nearly 80 years

FOWNES

Glove-making is a fine art. Fownes has practiced it for 141 years, and their gloves evidence it.

Made for every Military and Civilian need. Leather, fur, silk, fabric.

At the Principal Shops.

The name is always in the glove.

American art and skill have produced FILOSETTE surpassing any fabric glove imported before the war.

Let WHITE build it of CONCRETE.

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BRYANT GREELEY 2681

NAVY TO GET 15,000 MONTHLY IN DRAFT

Marines Will Receive 5,000 for Each of Four Months, 1,500 a Month Thereafter.

MEN NOT TO BE SELECTED

Registered Men, Skilled for Particular Services, May Enlist in Navy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Arrangements for obtaining through the draft all the men needed for both the navy and the Marine Corps have been completed at conferences between representatives of these branches and the Provost Marshal General of the army, and were promulgated here today by Secretary Daniels.

Under the plan announced the navy will have an average monthly allotment of 15,000 men, not to be exceeded except in case of emergency. The great majority of these men will be taken from the "run of the draft," but the navy is authorized to enlist in the regular service or enroll in the reserve men of special skill for particular services. Naval officials will sort out the skilled men who are allotted to the navy in regular courses from the draft, and will apply them toward the following month's quota of such men, otherwise to be obtained by enrollment or enlistment.

The Marine Corps will continue to get its men by its own selection through its recruiting officers, but instead of their being of enlisted status they will be inducted, when found qualified, into that arm through an order issued to the local draft board by the Provost Marshal General upon application of the recruiting office. To the Marine Corps is to be allowed 5,000 men a month for four months, and 1,500 a month thereafter.

This plan is to become operative Oct. 1, and is thus explained in an announcement by the Navy Department:

"Marine Corps recruiting offices will be kept open for the examination of applicants, who must fulfill all the physical and mental requirements of the Marine Corps. Examinations will be made by Marine Corps recruiting officers and naval medical officers.

"In case of the acceptance of an applicant for the corps, the recruiting officer will send a request to the Provost Marshal General for this man's enrollment into the Marine Corps. The Provost Marshal General will then order the local board having jurisdiction to enroll him into the Marine Corps. The recruiting officer will administer to the applicant the regular oath for enlistment into the Marine Corps and transfer him to a recruit depot for training.

"All men supplied in this manner will be classed as enlisted men in the Marine Corps, with the exception that men for special limited service and for aviation duties will be enrolled in the Marine Corps Reserve."

The announcement with regard to the navy, after reciting the numbers to be obtained under the new arrangement, continues:

"Under the new arrangement the recruiting officers will be known as mobilization officers, and mobilization centres are being established at central points. Men of draft age who have qualifications that make them valuable to the navy, and who are desirous of entering that branch of the service, can apply to the officers at the mobilization centres. If applicants measure up to the requirements, standards, and demonstrate their fitness and qualifications the mobilization officers will apply for them through their local registration boards. This selective system will apply only to the skilled men needed.

"Individual enlistment for the navy may be made from deferred classifications on the grounds of dependency in view of the higher pay of the navy which does away with the possibility of hardship for the dependents.

"In selecting men under a navy call, local boards will not accept any registrant who cannot read, write, and speak the English language, or who is not a citizen of the United States. Under such calls no declarants or conscientious objectors will be received."

COLLEGES TO ENROLL NAVAL RESERVE UNITS

Instructions Issued for Students of Draft Age Who Wish to Join Training Corps.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Full instructions to college students subject to draft desiring to enroll in a United States naval unit or naval section of the Student Army Training Corps are given in an order issued today by the Bureau of Navigation, with the approval of the Secretary of the Navy.

Such men are to apply to Navy Department representatives at designated institutions, where applications are to be considered in the order received. Enrolling officers will be on duty at all designated schools prior to Oct. 1, on which day men who have been accepted and have passed physical examinations are to be enrolled in the Naval Reserve as apprentice seamen. The number accepted at any school is not to exceed the quota agreed upon between the navy and the army, except by special permission of the navy.

Students admitted into the reserve force are to be placed on active duty pay, and in addition will receive an allowance to pay the cost of their lodging subsistance, and tuition as agreed upon between the department and the school in question. Those naval sections of the Student Army Training Corps having naval officers as commandants will be known as United States naval units, and those commanded by army officers as naval sections, such army officers becoming the navy's representatives at the school and having disciplinary and regulatory power over the naval students. The order continues:

The following institutions are among those to which are assigned quotas for the strength of the United States naval unit or the section of the Student Army Training Corps, as indicated:

Connecticut—Yale University, 600.

District of Columbia—Georgetown University, 100; George Washington University, 50.

Maine—University of Maine, 50.

Maryland—Johns Hopkins University, 50.

Massachusetts—Boston University, 50; College of the Hold Cross, 60; Harvard, 400; Massachusetts Institute of Tecnnology, 400; Worcester Polytechnic, 50.

New Hampshire—Dartmouth College, 50; New Hampshire College, 50.

New Jersey—Princeton, 250; Stevens Institute of Technology, Hoboken, 200.

New York—Colgate University, 50; College of the City of New York, 200; Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, 50; Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, 100; Syracuse University, 150; University of Buffalo, 50; Columbia University, 300; Cornell University, 150; Fordham University, 50.

Pennsylvania—Carnegie Institute of Technology, 150; Lafayette College, 50; Lehigh University, 60; Pennsylvania State College, 200; University of Pennsylvania, 500; University of Pittsburgh, 100.

Rhode Island—Brown University, 200.

Vermont—University of Vermont, 50.

TWO KILLED IN NOSE DIVE.

Third Flyer Badly Hurt When Airplane Crashes at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 22.—Captain Hammond of the British Royal Flying Corps and C. Kinder of Greenfield, Ind., were instantly killed, and Lieutenant Roy Pickets of the Speedway Aviation Field, Indianapolis, was seriously injured when an airplane in which they were returning to the field from a Liberty Loan trip to Greenfield, went into a nose dive and fell 400 feet while they were preparing to make a landing at the Speedway Field at 7 o'clock this evening.

337 CASUALTIES BRING ARMY TOTAL TO 33,163

78 Killed in Action, 124 Wounded, And 61 Missing On the Day's List

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The War Department today gave out one army casualty list, which contained 337 names, bringing the total for the army to 33,163. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued. The total for army and marines is now 36,335.

The army list today contained the names of 78 killed in action, 49 died of wounds, 11 died of accident and other causes, 14 died of disease, 120 wounded severely, 4 wounded to a degree undetermined, and 61 missing in action.

SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Deaths.	Previously Reported.	Sept. 22.	Total.
Killed in action	5,834	78	5,912
Lost at sea	291	..	291
Died of wounds	1,921	49	1,970
Died of accident and other causes	855	11	866
Died of disease	1,798	14	1,812
Total	10,699	152	10,851
Wounded	17,040	124	17,670
Missing including prisoners	4,581	61	4,642
Total	32,826	337	33,163

ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED SEPT. 22.

Army casualties announced today, with next of kin and emergency addresses, were:

KILLED IN ACTION—78.

Captain.

HUDSON, W. B.; Mrs. W. B. Hudson, Washington, D. C.

Lieutenant.

EYLER, W. H.; Mrs. W. H. Eyler, Paulding, Ohio.

Sergeants.

MARTINSEN, PETER G.; Mrs. Anna C. Zetterber, 370 47th St., Brooklyn.
RYAN, JOHN J.; Mrs. Anna B. Molloy, 596 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.
WALTERS, VALENTINE R.; John W. Walters, 1,008 E. 5th St., Brooklyn.
MOORE, EARL R.; Mrs. Leah J. Moore, Indiana, Penn.
THOMPSON, HENRY; Miss L. Thompson, Cookeville, Tenn.
WADSWORTH, L. S.; Mrs. W. Wadsworth, Macon, Ga.

Corporals.

ROEDELSPERGER, CARL EMIL; Carl Roedelsperger, 600 West 136th St., N. Y. C.
GRABINSKI, E. C.; Mrs. M. Grabinski, Fond du Lac, Wis.
NEWMAN, W. H.; Mrs. N. C. Newman, Waynesboro, Va.
SWAN, WILLIAM H.; G. W. Swan, Creston, Iowa.
THOMPSON, CHARLES; Mrs. R. Wolfe, Brownstown, Ind.
HALL, HENRY; care Albert A. Brown, Ogden, Utah.
PATTEN, J. H.; Simon P. Moffett, Philadelphia, Penn.
SWARTZ, ROY F.; Mrs. S. E. Goar, Tipton, Ind.
WILLIAMS, J. C.; John D. Charles, Pittsburgh, Penn.

Mechanic.

GOSZTOWT, BRONISLAW; Mrs. V. Ciolkevich, Aurora, Ill.

Privates.

EAGLESON, WILLIAM J.; Mrs. M. Eagleson, 1,318 Baldwin St., Elmira, N. Y.
ERIKSEN, FREDERICK; Godfrey Eriksen, 285 Lenox Av., N. Y. C.
GONDER, A. R.; Mrs. Lida Gonder, 489 Avenue E, Bayonne, N. J.
HAYDEN, THOMAS M.; Mrs. Mary Hayden, 19 E. 53d St., Bayonne, N. J.
LORENZ, ARTHUR; Mrs. Elizabeth Lorenz, 96 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn.
MASTRONI, ALEY; Mrs. Louisa Caramilla, 161 North St., Bridgeport, Conn.
MILLER, H. J.; Mrs. Hannah J. Miller, 198 Lander St., Newburg, N. Y.
O'NEILL, A.; Mrs. A. O'Neill, 512 E. 165th St., N. Y. C.
RICHARD, TONY; Frank Lucatorio, 128 S. 4th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.
STANGO, ANIELLO; Michael Stango, Orchard St., Glen Cove, L. I.
VROOMAN, H. M.; Harmon Vrooman, Ballston Lake, N.Y.
WALCZAK, F. W.; M. Walczak, 150 Gerald St., Solvay, N.Y.
WEST, H. R.; J. S. West, Park Road, Waterbury, Conn.
WILSON, CHARLES; Mrs. J. Wilson, Chrisme Park, Cornwall, N. Y.
ADAMS, S. E.; Mrs. Leathie Carter, Dadesville, Ala.
AITKEN, W. H.; Mrs. G. E. Aitken, Chico, Cal.
ASHBY, SAM D.; J. H. Ashby, Vardaman, Miss.
BECKNER, H. O.; Frank Beckner, Mantua, Ohio.
BOLDUC, P. L.; Louis Bonuc, Skowhegan, Me.
CLAYTON, A. L.; Mrs. Sarah J. Clayton, Lowndes, Mo.
COKE, RANDOLPH; J. W. Coke, Lawrenceburg, Ky.
CORDOVA, J. B.; Miss A. T. Cordova, Williams, Ariz.
DANIELS, C. A.; Daniel H. Davis, Kingston, Penn.
DEVORE, J. W.; William T. Devore, Big Piney, Mo.
EBERLE, EDGAR F.; Mrs. Anna Jacob, Dodgeville, Wis.
FARKAS, DANIAH; Abraham Lart, Michigan City, Ind.
FINN, HENRY; Michael Finn, Portal, N. D.
FLETCHER, ROY; Mrs. R. E. Fletcher, Springfield, Ohio.
GOODWIN, C. B.; Winnie Goodwin, Blanchester, Ohio.
HAINES, EDWARD; Mrs. C. A. Haines, Midland City, Ohio.
HARBISON, J. A.; William J. Harbison, Paris, Ark.
HARNER, MARK N.; Mrs. B. W. Harner, Carrytown, Pa.
HEBRON, GEORGE W.; J. D. Hebron, Fergus Falls, Minn.
FARMER, W. H.; Mrs. E. Herrod, Shamokin, Penn.
HIGGINS, ABNER J.; Mrs. J. Jones, Stockbridge, Mass.
HIGGINS, MICHAEL; Mrs. S. Higgins, Columbus, Ohio.
JOHNSON, HAROLD; William Johnson, Chilton, Wis.
KOSCHAK, NICHOLAS; Mrs. A. Koschak, Scranton, Penn.
MCGEE, PEARSON G.; E. R. McGee, Curryville, Mo.
MANZOOIAN, AVAK; Magar Sahagian, Worcester, Mass.
MELTON, W. K.; Mrs. M. A. Melton, Wickliffe, Ind.
ORR, JAMES R.; Mrs. James R. Orr, Bowling Green, Fla.
ROBERSON, NUSOM; Will Roberson, Lockhart, Ala.
STROUGH, F. R.; Mrs. Ada Friday, Philadelphia, Penn.
TAVENNER, W. L.; Mrs. S. Tavenner, E. Falls Church, Va.
THOMAS, CODY C.; Mrs. H. G. Thomas, Haynesville, La.
THOMPSON, C.; Mrs. L. Thompson, Mount Hamilton, Va.
VANDINE, WALTER W.; William Vandine, Shirley, Ind.
VELMURE, JOSEPH; Mrs. C. Velmure, Somerville, Mass.
WICHLACZ, BARNEY; Mrs. S. Wichlacz, Chicago, Ill.
WIEDRICK, JOSEPH; Joseph Wiedrick, Wyalusing, Penn.
BENAVIDEZ, MOSES; P. B. Benavidez, Wasselburg, Col.
BRIDGES, JAMES F.; L. Bridges, Fairfax, Ala.
CLENDENNING, C. J.; Mrs. A. Clendenning, Mulberry, Ind.
HICKS, SAMUEL; Samuel Hicks, Cow Creek, Ky.
JUSTICE, MOSES; Mrs. Bell Justice, Marietta, Ohio.
KUESTER, ARNOLD; Mrs. G. Kuester, Menomonie, Wis.
LOOMIS, JOSEPH LEROY; F. B. Loomis, Sterling, N. D.
LOWE, HOWELL; Ada Lowe, Wild Rose, Wis.
MEIER, ERNST HENRY; Mrs. K. Meier, St. Louis, Mo.

DIED FROM WOUNDS—49.

Lieutenants.

LORING, DAVID W.; Mrs. V. S. Loring, Wilmington, N.C.
McCUNN, M. W.; Mrs. M. McCunn, Shenandoah, Iowa.

Sergeants.

ADAMS, EDWARD C.; Mrs. Anna Adams, Cochecton, N.Y.
POINT, G. E.; Mrs. M. Point, 534 E. 134th St., New York.
DAVIS, NEIL A.; J. A. Davis, Connellsville, Ohio.

Corporals.

BURNS, JOSEPH JOHN; Mrs. C. M. Burns, Shelburne, Vt.
MURRAY, WILLIE C.; C. H. Murray, Unadilla, Ga.

Mechanic.

PEIGHTAL, JAMES; Mrs. M. A. Peightal, Clymer, Penn.

Privates.

FITZGERALD, DANIEL J.; Lawrence J. Fitzgerald, 221 E. 81st St., New York.
GOLDKLANG, MAX; Morris Goldklang, 254 Vernon Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
McDEVITT, JOHN C. J.; Mrs. Ellen McDevitt, 58 Susquehanna St., Binghamton, N. Y.
ACHEN, GLEN L.; Mrs. Dora Achen, Alma, Neb.
BANKSTON, WILLIAM E.; F. E. Bankston, Concord, Ga.
BURCHFIELD, J.H.; Mrs. M. E. Burchfield, Rockwood, Tenn.
ERVICK, JOHN; R. R. Ervick, Bergen, Norway.
FOCKLER, HAROLD H.; Mrs. H. Fockler, Warsaw, Ind.
GDAK, FRANK; Wawsenze Gdak, Kwaswastau, Russia.
GOECKS, ARTHUR W.; Miss R. L. Goecks, Windsor, Wis.
GREEN, JASPER S.; Daniel Green, Wilder, Idaho.
HOOPER, WALTER G.; Thomas Hooper, Methuen, Mass.
HOPPS, MARTIN S.; T. J. Hopps, Salinas, Cal.
KING, FREDERICK B.; Mrs. A. King, Springfield, Mass.
LANG, ROBERT J.; John Lang, Ferdinand, Ind.
LAPLANTE, EMILE; Mrs. H. Laplante, Waterville, Me.
McCULLY, T.; Mrs. H. McCully, Mt. Pleasant, Mich.
MFI, SAM; Vincenzo Melizio, Mazacronie, Italy.
PARKS, RAYMOND C.; Mrs. E. Parks, Mt. Sterling, Ill.
PERRY, HENRY WALTER; W. B. Perry, Orr, Okla.
REDKEY, CARREY; Henry M. Redkey, Hillsboro, Ohio.
TAMBURINI, A.; Mrs. S. G. Tamburini, Rome, Italy.
TYNER, ELIZAH A.; Mrs. Mary Manyon, Maud, Okla.
BORST, ALBERT; John Borst, Chicago, Ill.
BEST, HERBERT W.; Samuel Linville, Holmes, Penn.
BOND, P. J.; Mrs. Lena P. Bond, Caldwell, Ohio.
BOSSERT, ROY E.; Mrs. I. B. Bossert, North Lima, Ohio.
CRAWFORD, A.; Mrs. S. Crawford, Largey, Ireland.
DEWS, EARL; Mrs. Eva Dews, Newport, Ky.
GRAZIS, JOE; Anthony J. Urbanos, Sioux City, Iowa.
HUFFMAN, JOHN J.; Mrs. Dora Huffman, Meridan, Kan.
KOZICKI, JOSEPH; John Kozicki, Ashley, Penn.
McBRIDE, HARRY L.; E. W. Anderson, New Castle, Ind.
MONTERASTELLI, J.; Mrs. M. Monterastelli, Ladd, Ill.
PRATHER, CHARLES R.; Mrs. T. Willie, Somerville, Ind.
RASMUSSEN, AXEL C.; G. W. Nelson, Clear Lake, Iowa.
RAYMOND, R. M.; James Raymond, Waukon, Iowa.
SITES, HARVEY C.; Edward Sites, Mechanicsburg, Penn.
TABY, JACOB J.; Mrs. L. Rittenhouse, Shamokin, Penn.
TALARICO, GIUSEPPE; D. Talarico, Zagarisi, Italy.
WOMBLES, ORA; Mrs. Lucie Wombles, Leeton, Mo.

DIED OF DISEASE—14.

Lieutenant.

MARTIN, W. F.; W. S. Martin, Big Springs, Texas.

Sergeants.

GLIDEWELL, R. R.; Kenneth Glidewell, Dillon, Mon.
GOLD, CHARLES F.; Miss Hazel Gold, Peoria, Ill.
ROGERS, W. P.; Mrs. C. D. Rodgers, Decatur, Neb.

Corporal.

PULLEN, EMORY L.; John Henry Pullen, Meigs, Ga.

Privates.

ALLEN, FRED R.; James R. Allen, Mount Vernon, Tenn.
BOLLINGER, A. L.; Mrs. R. Bollinger, Chillicothe, Ohio.
BRUMLEY, GROVER C.; G. H. Brumley, New Site, Miss.
COFFEE, JAMES; Mrs. Bell Spencer, Lexington, Ky.
CONSTEIN, JOHN A.; Bror Constein, Bridgeport, Conn.
DIGGS, SACK M.; C. C. Moore, Sumter, S. C.
DOUGLAS, EDMOND; Miss N. Douglas, Irvinville, La.
ERICKSON, PETER; Erick Erickson, Iaaquah, Wis.
GARRISON, J. A.; Mrs. Laura Garrison, Clearwater, Minn.

DIED FROM ACCIDENT AND OTHER CAUSES—11.

Captain.

WINSLOW, KENELM; Mrs. Emily Foster Winslow, Tuxedo Park, N. Y.

Corporals.

JORDAN, PERCY; Miss C. H. Jordan, Auburn, Me.
THOMPSON, S. D.; Mrs. W. Thompson, Greenville, Texas.

Privates.

ALKINS, HARRY A.; Miss Helen Alkins, Lawrence, Mass.
ARNETT, WILLIAM; Mrs. Mary Arnett, Marshfield, Wis.
ARSENAULT, B. G.; Gildas Arsenault, St. Louis, Quebec.
BELL, SIMON; Mrs. Jane R. Bell, Rund Oak, Ga.
MATTEO, CAMILLO DI; Paulo Biondo, Wilmerding, Penn.
NELSON, REX E.; Mrs. Julia Nelson, Kokomo, Ind.
RIXE, HENRY J.; Mrs. Augusta Hassler, Lewistown, Mon.
SIDDONS, JAMES O.; T. M. Siddons, Bumpass, Va.

WOUNDED SEVERELY—120.

Captain.

STEPHENS, J. W. G.; J. W. G. Stephens, Wicomico Church, Va.

Lieutenants.

WESSON, MAJOR FREDERICK; George A. Wesson, 150 South Grove St., East Orange, N. J.
BIRNBAUM, A. V.; J. W. Birnbaum, Cleveland Heights, O.
CLARK, R. G.; R. G. Clark, Burlington, Vt.

Sergeants.

BENNETT, WILLIAM J.; J. T. Bennett, Highpoint, N. C.
HOLT, FRANK M.; C. W. Holt, Milwaukee, Wis.
HUDDLESTON, W. L.; A. M. Lawrence, Flat Rock, Ind.
JACK, HARRY T.; Mrs. Anna Jack, Punxsutawney, Penn.
LAMPORT, ORRIN C.; Miss E. L. Lamport, Hecla, S. D.
SMITH, ARTHUR G.; Mrs. A. Smith, Vancouver, Wash.
WARREN, EDWARD; Mrs. E. Warren, Springfield, Ill.

Corporals.

CARROLL, JOHN F.; Mrs. John F. Carroll, 290 South St., Newburg, N. Y.
MISNER, OLAN; Mrs. Ida M. Misner, 224 Euclid Av., Ridgefield Park, N. J.
BERGSTROM, H. O.; C. O. Bergstrom, Osceola, Neb.
COSTELLO, JOHN E.; Mrs. Nellie Costello, Sidney, Neb.
DOBLE, LEO F.; Mrs. M. A. Doble, Roxbury, Mass.
HILL, BYRON L.; W. R. Hill, Sutherland, Va.
KANABLE, BRUCE L.; D. R. Kanable, Viola, Wis.
McGINNIS, W.; Mrs. T. F. Clifford, Lawrence, Mass.
MARLEY, ALBERT J.; Elbert Marley, Hampton, Ky.
PIETROSCIA, A. C.; Frank Gembello, Dayton, Ohio.
ROBBINS, JOHN E.; Mrs. M. L. Robbins, Pittsburgh, Penn.
SKELSKY, JOHN J.; Mrs. E. Skelsky, Bristol, Conn.
SMITH, JOHN; George W. Smith, Louisville, Ky.
SNOW, ALLEN W.; Mrs. Allen Snow, Jewel, Kan.
TONPAL, ADOLPH CHARLES; John Tonpal, Lena, Wis.

Master Engineer.

MARSH, JOSEPH S.; Mrs. Mary E. Marsh, 1,797 Lexington Av., N. Y. C.

Privates.

ALEXIATHES, MICHAEL; Nick Alexiathes, 122 Summit St., Newark, N. J.
BATTAILLE, H. A.; Alfred H. Battaille, 360 Irvington Av., S. Orange, N. J.
BERAN, E. A.; C. T. Beran, 327 E. 74th St., N. Y. C.
BOYLE, J. A.; John A. Boyle, 237 E. 36th St., N. Y. C.
DAVIS, E. M.; Mrs. Elizabeth Davis, 193 Chamber St., Phillipsburg, N. Y.
ENGBARTH, F. L.; Mrs. Caroline Engbarth, 1,276 Clay Av., N. Y. C.
GLENNON, J. M.; Mrs. B. Glennon, Thomastown, Conn.
GROSS, VALENTINE; Mrs. Louis Gross, 18 Front St., Tarrytown, N. Y.
HANDSCHUH, JOSEPH; Frank Handschuh, 270 Vermont St., Brooklyn.
KALF, EDWARD; Mrs. Henry Kalf, 123 Willard St., Garfield, N. J.
KING, GEORGE; James W. King, 229 Newland Av., Jamestown, N. Y.
LYNCH, J. F.; Mrs. M. Lynch, 281 Sackett St., Brooklyn.
MILLS, C.A.; Miss Violet Mills, 7 Hazel St., Hartford, Conn.
MULLIGAN, J.D.; Mrs. H. Mulligan, 1,129 Park Av., N.Y.C.
PEREGENA, D.; Stephen Fleriv, 708 Park Av., N.Y.C.
PIKE, JOSEPH; Mrs. Y. Pike, 368 E. 169th St., N. Y. C.
PISCITELLI, ALFONSE; Clementa Piscitelli, 71 Alabama Av., Brooklyn.
SIMONEY, O. G.; Mrs. F. Simoney, 604 E. 168th St., N.Y.C.
WHITAKER, T. H.; Mrs. T. H. Whitaker, 13 Buffalo St., Silver Creek, N. Y.
WOJCIK, PETER; M. Botok, 38 Howell St., Buffalo, N.Y.
WOJTUSKI, STEPHEN; Mrs. S. Wojtuski, 436 18th St., Niagara, N. Y.
BARRY, J. M.; Mrs. Margaret M. Barry, Petros, Tenn.
BENAK, ADOLPH; Mrs. Marie Benak, Omaha, Neb.
BETNER, WALTER E.; Mrs. Louise Moeck, Peru, Ind.
BUCKOWSKI, JOSEPH; T. Buckowski, Chicago, Ill.
BULLOCK, A. S.; Mrs. Maud Bullock, Fort Worth, Texas.
BRUNETTE, ROBERT; Mrs. G. Brunette, Suring, Wis.
CALHOUN, J. N.; Miss Addie Calhoun, Seattle, Wash.
CLAVITER, A. J.; W. F. Claviter, International Falls, Minn.
CONGDON, C. W.; W. G. Congdon, Boyne City, Mich.
CONLIN, M. J.; Mrs. Emma Conlin, Philadelphia, Penn.
DAVIDSON, SAMUEL; J. W. Davidson, Velpen, Ind.
DOLAN, JOHN; Mrs. Mary Doran, Avoca, Penn.
FORD, WALTER P.; W. W. Ford, Sublgent, Ala.
GARNER, C. R.; J. C. Garner, Chattanooga, Tenn.
GILCHRIST, C. V.; D. Gilchrist, Spencer, Iowa.
GRAYSON, C.; Mrs. M. Grayson, Baltimore, N. C.
GREENWALT, CONRAD; Jacob Greenwalt, Ault, Cal.
GREENAWALT, C. W.; Mrs. H. Greenawalt, Lemoyne, Pa.
HALL, G. D.; Mrs. Eva Hall, Panora, Iowa.
HERBERT, BIRT; Mrs. Margaret Collins, Lawrence, Mass.
HILL, C. D.; Jasper Hill, Point Pleasant, W. Va.
HILTON, L. E.; Mrs. I. E. Hilton, Sumner, Wash.
HIPPENSTEEL, W.; Mrs. Mary Biattan, Philadelphia, Pa.
HOFTA, JOHN H.; Mrs. Lena Hofta, Pottsville, Pa.
HUBBLE, J.; Mrs. May Newell, North Attleboro, Mass.
JOHNSON, C. L.; Mrs. C. Johnson, Council Bluffs, Iowa.
JONES, L. D.; Mrs. Sarah E. Jones, Fordsville, Ky.
JORDAN, W. M.; Mrs. Fannie Jordan, Beechad, Ky.
KANE, FRED W.; Mrs. Anna Kane, Lakewood, Ohio.
KASIEWICZ, JOHN; Peter Kasiewicz, Mount Pleasant, Pa.
LYNCH, L. B.; E. T. Lynch, Atlantic, Iowa.
LETOURNEAU, J.; J. A. Letourneau, S. Minneapolis, Minn.
MASTERSON, E. J.; Mrs. J. T. Masterson, Indianapolis, Ind.
MILLER, H.; Christ Miller, Ashburn, Ill.
MILLER, WILLIAM; N. A. Miller, Portland, Ore.
MILLER, WILLIAM; Joseph Miller, Wakefield, Mass.
MURPHREE, HOVIE; B. F. Murphree, Murphy, S. C.
NORLIN, A.; Mrs. A. Norlin, Waverly, Mass.
SCHULZE, R. J.; F. Schulze, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.
SCOTT, H. W.; Mrs. E. M. Scott, West Windham, N. H.
STULTZ, R. B.; James E. Stultz, Minneapolis, Minn.
TEUFEL, A. W.; Mrs. Jennie Martin, Philadelphia, Penn.
HORRILLAUX, L.; Miss M. Daugmont, New Orleans, La.
VOLK, W. C.; Ferd B. Volk, Delaware, Ohio.
WALKER, AMOS; Andrew J. Walker, Denver, Col.
WELBORN, L. C.; Miss M. Welborn, Statesville, N. C.
WILHITE, LUM; Mrs. Sydenia Wilhite, Owensboro, Ky.
WOODWARD, F. L.; Mrs. M. C. Woodward, Santa Ana, Tex.
ZANALETTE, MARCELLO; Gerome Minoli, Lenox, Mass.
BROWN, THOMAS J.; Mrs. O. G. Brown, McRae, Ga.
CALDWELL, H. A.; J. H. Caldwell, Spartanburg, S. C.
CIRINO, NICHOLAS; Tony Cirino, Cleveland, Ohio.
DAWSON, THOMAS E.; John T. Dawson, Richmond, Ky.
FELDMAN, A.; Mrs. S. Feldman, University City, Mo.
FETTINGHOFF, F. E.; Mrs. A. Buttermore, Thompsonville, Mich.
FLATMAN, ALBERT J.; J. C. Staddon, Harrow, Ont.
FRANKFORTHER, W.; T. Frankforther, Milan, Mich.
FREESE, WALTER H.; Mrs. H. Freese, Chicago, Ill.
GANDY, ERNEST; James E. Gandy, Dovesville, S. C.
GORDON, HARRY MELVIN; J. E. Gordon, York, Penn.
GRAY, HILARY C.; Sam Adkins, Norfolk, Va.
HANLEY, CLARENCE C.; C. S. Hanley, Ellis, Minn.
HARMON, JOHN; Louis Harmon, Sugarcreek, Ohio.
HAUCK, ROBERT L.; Mrs. J. Schultz, Cincinnati, Ohio.
HERTZEL, HERMAN W.; Mrs. E. Hertzel, Warren, Penn.
HEURICK, H. P.; Mrs. H. Swarzmaier, Portland, Penn.
HOUSER, JOSHUA P.; Charles J. Houser, Shelby, N. C.
KING, ALFRED M.; F. W. King, Mt. Herman, La.
LAJARES, LOUIS; Pete Lajares, Toledo, Ohio.
LASSITER, JAMES E.; B. H. Lassiter, Hampton, Va.
LERVIN, JOE; L. Lervin, Philadelphia, Penn.
MYRE, OLIVER L.; A. T. Myre, Stoughton, Wis.

WOUNDED, (DEGREE UNDETERMINED)—4.

Sergeant.

LAGOSZINSKI, LEWIS; Anthony Weraska, Montreal, Can.

Privates.

ANDRZEJEWSKI, JOHN; J. Andrzejewski, Baltimore, Md.
BUTLER, FRANCIS E.; Mrs. E. Butler, Spokane, Wash.
HERNEK, FRANK; Mrs. Nellie Stanek, Erie, Penn.

MISSING IN ACTION—61.

Captain.

STRICKLAND, D.W.; Mrs. S.S. Strickland, New Haven, Conn.

Sergeants.

GRISWOLD, F. M.; F. E. Griswold, Muskegon, Mich.
LANGLOIS, ADRIAN; William Langlois, Muskegon, Mich.
NEATHERY, ROY C.; J. S. Neathery, Devils Lake, N. D.

Corporals.

SHEA, JOHN P.; Mrs. J. M. Shea, Tuxedo Park, N. Y.
FRYE, LEWIS L.; E. H. Frye, Oakland, Cal.
JAMES, HENRY; Mrs. Emily James, Muskegon, Mich.
SHERIFF, THOMAS; Mrs. E. Rasicoe, Detroit, Mich.

Privates.

ADAMSON, AXEL; Thorn Adamson, 108 Francis St., Jamestown, N. Y.
ATHANASEN, KEVORK; J. Tartanian, Sherburne, N. Y.
BEAGLEY, ARTHUR E.; Mrs. E. Beagley, Lookout, Okla.
BRANDENBURG, H.E.; Mrs. T. B. Monrovia, Frederick, Md.
BRUISCHAT, BERT; Mrs. Abe Bruischat, Holland, Mich.
DILLON, G. McK.; Grant Dilly, Renick, W. Va.
DUBBS, STANLEY S.; Anthony Dubbs, Cleveland, Ohio.
EBELS, PETER; Mrs. Jennie Ebels, Grand Rapids, Mich.
ENGELMANN, FRANK J.; John Engelmann, Theodar, Mo.
EYRING, EDWARD R.; Mrs. S. Eyring, Greensburg, Penn.
FOLEY, JAMES F.; Mrs. Agnes F. Daw, Pittsburgh, Penn.
GINGRICH, HARRY F.; Chris Gingrich, Dorava, Wis.
GRADY, WILSON C.; George P. Grady, Cumberland, Md.
GREGOIRE, JOSEPH; Mrs. J. Gregoire, Newport, N. H.
HAY, [illegible]; Mrs. Carrie Nay, [illegible], Md.
HARTZHEIM, E. G.; Mrs. L. Macrone, S. Kaukauna, Wis.
JOHNSON, OSCAR E.; Arthur Johnson, Madison, Wis.
JOHNSON, WALDRON S.; C. J. Johnson, Mott, N. D.
KELSEY, ROLIN W.; Mrs. B. B. Kelsey, Worthington, Ohio.
KOZIAR, JOHN; Mrs. Wasaw Pawlnk, Detroit, Mich.
McDANIEL, LONNIE W.; B. McDaniel, Hot Springs, Ark.
McKEEVER, JOSEPH; W. McKeever, Philadelphia, Penn.
MADOWICK, A.; Mrs. M. Bodewitz, [illegible], ex.
MITCHELL, C.; Mrs. W. R. Mitchell, Detroit, Mich.
MONOLESTES, G.; T. Monolestes, Ann Arbor, Mich.
MURPHY, E. F.; A. J. Carney, Norwood, Ohio.
OEHMKE, J. A.; John Oehmke, St., Detroit, Mich.
PUKITA, TROFIN; Mrs. Filina Pukita, Russia.
SAYLOR, [illegible]; Mrs. Saylor, Big Spring, Neb.
SCHEFFERS, S.; Mrs. M.S. Scheffers, Grand Haven, Mich.
SECOR, LORENZO; Mrs. A. Cotton, Jackson, Mich.
SIMMONS, F. H.; Mrs. A. Archer, Trumans, Penn.
WILLIAMS, A.; Mrs. [illegible] Peterson, Emmet, N. D.
WRIGHT, R. B.; Robert Wright, Leslie, Mich.
BASSETT, W. M.; Mrs. W. N. Bassett, Gretna, Fla.
CLARK, C. E.; R. H. Clark, Hazen, N. D.
DIOS, F. J.; Louis Peter, Peabody, Mass.
ESSER, J. J.; Peter H. Esser, Aurora, Ill.
EVANS, G. W.; R. T. Evans, San Francisco, Cal.
FILLINGER, C. E.; Louis Fillinger, Electa, Ohio.
GROUND, A. B.; Arthur Ground, Highland Park, Mich.
HOUSER, JOHN A.; Mrs. Isaac Russell, Sky Beaver, Penn.
JOHNSON, J. E.; Mrs. J. E. Johnson, Tuckahoe, Penn.
LAMBERT, LAWRENCE; Mrs. J. Chapel, Jr., Neenah, Wis.
LEITRU, NELS; William Leitru, Armour, S. D.
MAJESKI, WALTER; Tony Majeski, Detroit, Mich.
MEYERS, H. A.; Mrs. Rose Meyers, Pittsburgh, Penn.
MILLER, L. J.;

DR. JACOBI JUMPED FROM BURNING HOME

Noted Physician, Aged 89, Only Slightly Hurt in Leap to Escape the Flames.

AUTOBIOGRAPHY MS. LOST

Many Letters and Other Valuable Papers Destroyed With His Lake George Home.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE GEORGE, N. Y., Sept. 22.—Further details of the fire that destroyed the home of Dr. Abraham Jacobi at Bolton-on-the-Lake Friday night were available today. It was learned that, in order to escape from the flames, Dr. Jacobi, whose escape was cut off, jumped from the second floor to the ground, a distance of twelve feet, and escaped with a slightly bruised leg, a wrenched hip, and slight cuts on the arm. Dr. Jacobi is 89 years old.

"It seemed miraculous that Dr. Jacobi should have been able to escape with the slight injuries that he actually sustained," said George McAneny, the son-in-law of the aged physician. "The fire occurred in the study, which was next to the room occupied by Dr. Jacobi. It was probably caused by a wood fire that had been left burning.

"Dr. Jacobi was awakened by the fire and he went to the study door, but was driven back by the flames. He made his way to the window of his own room. In breaking the lower window sash he was slightly cut about the arms but he climbed to the sill, and unaided, jumped to the ground, a distance of twelve feet.

"The alarm was sounded by the servants, and they aroused Mrs. McAneny, who was in our home next door. I was in New York at the time, and did not arrive until the affair was over. Mrs. McAneny telephoned to the Fire Department. The house, however, was almost entirely destroyed before anything could be done to save it."

Among the manuscripts lost in the fire were the first chapters of Dr. Jacobi's autobiography, on which he had been working this Summer. He lost many letters that he had gathered in his wide experience, extending over more than half a century. Fortunately, some of Dr. Jacobi's books and papers had been shipped to New York on the morning of the day of the fire. Dr. Jacobi had intended remaining at his Lake George home another week, but he will return with Mr. McAneny to his city home here today.

NEW KIND OF UNION IS FORMED FOR LABOR

Western Union Employes' Own Organization Opposed to Strikes, Says Leader.

The general officers of the Association of Western Union Employes, a new organization of more than 30,000 workers in all departments of the Western Union Telegraph Company, arrived in New York last night to hold a wage adjustment conference with company officials next Wednesday afternoon. In addition to the question of increased wages—already agreed to, but the amount undetermined—working conditions and collateral questions will be submitted for arbitration.

The association, which represents a new idea in the relationship between large employers and employes, was formed by the employes themselves because of what the leaders termed the unsatisfactory methods of President Konenkamp of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America. The new organization, totally divorced from outside union influences, was formed in Chicago several months ago when many telegraphers resented the wording of a call to strike, issued by the old union officials.

"We felt that the union leaders were trying to stir up trouble," said James G. Hayes of Toledo, Secretary-Treasurer of the Association, at the Hotel Continental, "and so we decided to form our own union. We succeeded in getting 1,200 men to enter almost at once due to widespread dissatisfaction. After we had perfected organization we submitted the plan of organization to President Carleton of the Western Union, and he, favoring it from the first, succeeded in winning over his associates to approval of it.

"Our association aims to settle all differences by arbitration, instead of by strikes. Our constitution forbids the use of the strike weapon. The employes finance the organization, elect their own officers and run it without outside advice. We believe that the radical methods between employers and employes are things of the past. We now have more than 50 per cent. of the country's telegraphers holding paid-up membership in the organization.

"We realize that it is necessary for a closer relationship between the hirers and the hired in order that they may meet half way on questions of wages and working conditions. We think that the true Americanism of labor may best be expressed by a willingness to put that relationship on a 'fifty-fifty' basis. Our association aims to accomplish the settlement of differences under the slogan, 'Work while settling your claims.'

"In the few weeks we have been treating with the company's officials we have succeeded in getting for the men time-and-a-half overtime, a 10 per cent. increase in wages, adjustments of working conditions, strict enforcement of the seniority rule in regard to promotions or easy assignments, and the reinstatement of men who had been dropped because they belonged at that time to the outside labor organization. We have also obtained for the men a standardization of wages, no matter where the telegrapher may be working his wire."

In addition to Mr. Hayes, the officials here are Joseph P. Hayes of San Francisco, H. M. Swartz, Kansas City; J. C. Lawrence, Chicago; W. A. Reynolds, Atlanta, Ga.; Park Harrington, Boston; A. S. Connor, St. John, N. B.; R. E. Fischer, Houston, Texas; Paul Rainey, Salt Lake City; Allan Hixson, Los Angeles, and R. F. Murphy and R. E. Tucker of New York.

DAVIS REACHES BERNE.

Ambassador, Minister Garrett, and Others Ready for Prisoner Conference.

GENEVA, Sept. 21, (Associated Press.)—Members of the American delegation appointed to negotiate with Germany for the exchange of military and civil prisoners arrived at Berne last night. The delegation is composed of John W. Garrett, Minister to the Netherlands; John W. Davis, the new Ambassador to Great Britain, representing the War Department; General Francis J. Kernan, representing the Army, and Captain Henry H. Hough, representing the Navy. The German delegates are expected to reach Berne today. Pourparlers through several members of the Swiss Government will begin on Monday and they are expected to last several weeks.

The American Red Cross has received two additional lists of names of American officers and men who are interned in various German camps. Most of them were captured on the western front in June and July.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 22.—Robert Woods Bliss, Counselor of the American Embassy at Paris, has arrived at The Hague to act as Minister to the Netherlands during the absence of John W. Garrett, who has gone to Berne to negotiate with German officials for the exchange of prisoners.

HARRIS EXPLAINS WAR CONTRACT WORK

Democratic Chairman Thought State's Business Men Had Been Treated Unfairly.

SHOWS LETTER TO BARUCH

Urged Engagement of New York Firms as a Matter of War Policy.

Edwin S. Harris, Chairman of the New York State Democratic Committee, who wrote to Frank B. Lord, assistant to the Chairman of the Shipping Board, urging that contracts be placed in this State to increase the prospects of a Democratic success in the election this November, showed other documents yesterday which he said indicated that the political situation had been mentioned only incidentally, and that the main argument of his correspondence with Government officials was that New York business men had been unfairly discriminated against in the allotment of Government work, that the State's productive facilities had not been fully taken advantage of, that outside business men received preference for such work as was done in New York, and that the dissatisfaction created in some parts of the State was detrimental to the cause of winning the war.

The paragraph in the letter of Chairman Harris to Mr. Lord regarding the political situation, was as follows:

> I also wish to call your attention to the fact that the Administration policies would be strengthened all over the northern part of this State if you would enlist the service of R. N. Prescott & Co., in your housing propositions. I feel that the greatest battle to sustain the Administration and the hardest Congressional fights are going to be in this State, and no one will regret anything they do to sustain the war policies in this State.

In a letter to Bernard M. Baruch, Chairman of the War Industries Board, which Mr. Harris showed yesterday, Mr. Harris mentioned specific cases in which he said that contractors from outside of the State had been employed on work which could have been equally well done by local contractors. Mr. Harris continued:

> My view, as expressed to you orally in Washington, is that the contractor at Watervliet, or at any other point in New York State, should not be given any new contracts in the State unless New York State contractors are unable to do the work as well; that New York State, paying more than one-third of the expense of the war, and with scores of very competent contracting firms unemployed, is entitled to consideration, and that the lack of consideration created a feeling so detrimental that it cannot be offset by any purely business advantage obtained by pursuing the policy of bringing foreign contractors into the State. * * *
>
> I still wish to advise you that the cause of winning the war is injured by situations such as exist at Watervliet.

As far as could be learned yesterday, recommendations from Democratic State politicians to the National Government regarding the letting of contracts generally met with scant success. Only two contractors from a long list submitted by Mr. Harris, it was said, obtained Government work. This list, it was asserted, contained the names of many firms rated as Republican as well as others supposed to be of Democratic leanings. These lists were said to have been submitted to the Government departments at their own request, after complaints had been made that New York business men had not been treated fairly.

The communications of Mr. Harris to Chairman Baruch, according to information obtained yesterday, were made at the request of Mr. Baruch. The contractors whose cause was placed before Mr. Baruch, apparently benefitted nothing by the plea in their behalf.

Mr. Harris was unwilling to say anything yesterday in addition to his previous statement that although he had recommended many firms, both Democratic and Republican, he had never accepted the slightest recompense for such services and that he had not the slightest personal interest in any Government contracts.

AUTOS ARE IDLE AGAIN TO CONSERVE GASOLINE

New York Yesterday Was Practically 100% Loyal in Observing the Fuel Mandate.

Another Sunday found New York practically 100 per cent. loyal to the Fuel Administration's mandate that no vehicles run by gasoline power be used for pleasure purposes. Fifth Avenue, Riverside Drive, and the bridges and highways leading out of the city into the suburbs, were comparatively deserted excepting for horse-drawn vehicles and automobiles carrying physicians' signs. Garages in all parts of the city reported that they had not sold a gallon of gasoline during the day.

Up to 11 o'clock yesterday morning only two passenger automobiles passed over Manhattan Bridge bound for Brooklyn. One was a taxicab and the other a runabout. Numbers and names of the chauffeurs were taken in each case by the police. During the same time five physicians drove automobiles over the bridge to Brooklyn. Half a dozen automobiles came across the bridge from Brooklyn, but in every instance they were in charge of army or navy officers.

Automobiles in Harlem streets were as scarce as on preceding gasless Sundays. Up to 11 o'clock yesterday morning only six gasoline-driven vehicles crossed the foot of Fort Lee Ferry at West 130th Street to New Jersey. Only four autos had crossed the Willis Avenue Bridge over the Harlem River.

Riverside Drive from Seventy-second Street to 110th Street saw no automobiles yesterday except for the few driven by physicians on their way to make professional calls. The same was true of Broadway from Herald Square to Columbus Circle, and all along Central Park West. On each of these streets many horse-drawn vehicles were seen.

Many traffic policemen were able to report that up to 4 o'clock they had not seen a car pass them which appeared to be out for pleasure purposes. Gasoline vehicles, including taxicabs, were not to be obtained in front of any of the large hotels or clubs of the city, the only conveyances being the hansom cab or the victoria. The motor buses along Fifth Avenue did a fairly thriving business, although not so much as on the preceding Sunday.

INVESTORS

who seek sure interest on a safe outlay, do not change once they have bought Guaranteed Mortgages. Yet you can change if you wish as your Mortgage matures in three or five years.

LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST COMPANY

160 Broadway, New York

188 Montague St., Bkn 44 Court St., Bkn
383 E. 149th St., N. Y. 1354 B'way, Bkn
367 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.
160 Main St., Wh. Plains, N. Y.

R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

We Can Help You Buy Her That Present She Deserved Long Ago

From your Business profits Spare enough To make good Your early Promises.

Parisian Novelties
(Just Received)

In spite of all, Paris has the wisdom and time to occupy herself with the creation of new ideas in jewelry.

Shop Early For Xmas

And dove-tail this fortunate opportunity with your duty to others.

Some Items Are:

Cut steel bead necklace, woven into a heavy cable and tied into a pendant knot such as only the French know how to tie. (Fascinating.)

Another necklace of colored beads and semi-precious stones, strung into an indescribable color scheme for brunette.

Exquisite baby necklaces, as delicate as exquisite.

Beaded hand bags that have a "feel" like fabric. With linings of harmonizing silks which alone define the goods as French.

SOMETHING NEW IN WRIST POWDER-PUFF BAGS (Decorated with beads.)

Last But Not Least Our—

Margarita

Pearls

Artificial gems that practically withstand wear. These pearls are the result of painstaking years of development toward making the artificial pearl practically indestructible. They are guaranteed not to peel. Necklaces in five sizes graduated.

Macy's—Main Floor Front, 34th Street.

Store Hours:
Store opens at 9 A. M. and closes at 5:30 P. M.

Men's Mocha Gloves
$2.69 to $4.19

Full pique or Prixseam walking or driving gloves. Silk lined or unlined—in several styles of embroidery, with a single clasp. Gray.

Macy's—Main Floor Front, 35th Street.

Broadway **Saks & Company** *at 34th Street*

In the Heart of New York—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L."

Down to the Very Minutest Detail of Finishing These

Tailleur, Sport and Dressy Suits for Women

are comparable only to most exclusive productions usually offered at much higher cost. They will be featured today and Tuesday at these special prices.

$39.50 $35.00

$35.00

Handsomely tailored suits in the new 'straight line silhouette so much in favor in Paris and at home.

Developed in Soft Velours, Men's Wear Serge, Colorful Mixtures, and Oxfords, lined with silk and warmly interlined. Choice of all the new colorings, in sizes 34 to 44.

At $39.50

A most uncommon collection of Man-tailored Suits with smart three-quarter and medium length coats. Large shawl and convertible collars are of fur or self material. Shoulders are close-fitting and sleeves are quite snug. The materials include Silvertone, Duo Tone, Velour, Broadcloth, Duvet de Laine, Oxfords and Burella, in

Navy Blue, Black, Reindeer, Green, Brown, Taupe and Plum. Sizes 34 to 44, and several good models to 50½ bust.
Fourth Floor.

A Smart Serge Dress for Women at $25.00

is a rarity to-day. Here is one of a very distinctive type, that should prove quite tempting.

The Serge from which it is made is All-Wool—of a good serviceable quality, and now quite difficult to obtain.

It is not only beautifully made, but is improved to no little extent with tasteful hand embroidery.

Obtainable Monday and Tuesday in Navy Blue and Black, in sizes 34 to 44.

American Women and Misses of Fashion Will Find Much of Interest in

The New Regaliste Corsets

Now being exhibited on the Third Floor

Style is produced by the correct blending of lines—and those lines can be properly expressed only with the aid of a perfect corset. We know of no better corset than the Regaliste. This season the new models have so many exclusive features that no woman should fail to investigate them.

Prices Range from $5.00 to $20.00
according to the material and boning.

Only the Very Newest Styles Will Be Presented To-day in An

Important Sale of Women's Fashionable Coats

At prices very much below their actual value

$29.50 $39.50 $22.50

These prices are for two days only, having been quoted simply to increase the usual momentum of early Fall business. Comparison of any coat in the collection is invited, for such action can only tend to emphasize the importance of the offering.

At $22.50 —**Swagger Belted Coats** with large convertible collar, resembling very closely one of our higher-priced models. Fashioned of Cashmere Burella, full lined, and Snappy Mixtures, half-lined. To be had in Taupe, Brown, Green, Plum, Khaki or Grey. *Illustrated.*

At $29.50 —**Stunning Coats of Wool Velour** and Pom-Pom Cloth—two of the most wanted, and hardest-to-find, materials for Fall. Embellished with large convertible collars of Kit Coney or Self-Material lined throughout, and warmly interlined.

At $39.50 —**Fashionable Coats of Soft, Rich Pom-Pom** and Velour de Laine with luxurious collars and deep cuffs of Near Seal, others with large collars of Black Skunk Opossum, or Self-Material. Not a coat in this assortment that could be duplicated at this price *wholesale.* Lined throughout and heavily interlined. Sizes 34 to 48. *Fourth Floor.*

Save 33⅓% By Selecting Your Winter Furs *Now*

The cold weather is not very far off, yet by choosing your furs *now* you save, at the very least, one-third.

Also of much importance is the fact that furs are becoming quite scarce, and prices are increasing rapidly.

Only One-Third Need Be Paid

at time of selecting any of the following garments, the balance to be due when you take your furs from our cold storage in November.

Lustrous Fox Scarfs	Special	$30.00
Smart Fox Sets	Special	$75.00
Skunk Scarfs	Special	$37.50
Skunk Muffs	Special	$37.50
Hudson Seal Scarfs	Special	$25.00
Hudson Seal Muffs	Special	$14.50
Beaver Scarfs	Special	$37.50
Beaver Muffs	Special	$37.50
Hudson Seal Coats in new model	Special	$185.00
Natural Muskrat Coats	Special	$125.00
Natural or Taupe-dyed Nutria Coats	Special	$170.00

Clark & Weinberg

French and Exclusive Designs

Fur Coats
Scarfs & Muffs

Cloth Coats
Evening Wraps

Near 51st St. 634 Fifth Ave.

Introductory Sale of

Men's New Fall Boots

An Important Economy Event Beginning Today

Special Prices.

To introduce the latest Fall and Winter Boots and to familiarize our customers with the new location of the Men's Shoe Department on the Fourth Floor, where more room and good daylight will greatly facilitate selection

at $7.65

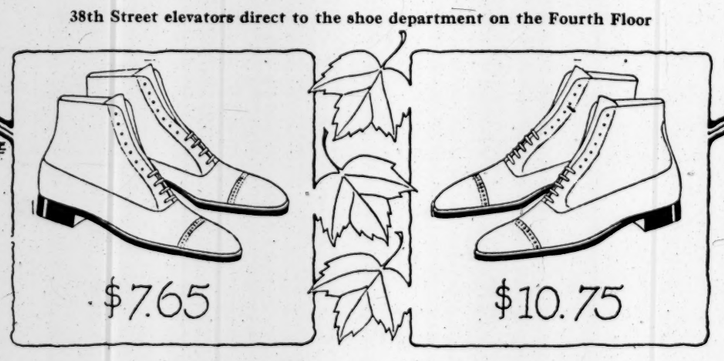
Men's dark tan koko calfskin lace Boots and gun metal lace Boots

at $10.75

Men's dark tan Russia calfskin lace and gun metal lace Boots

These Prices Are for This Sale Only

38th Street elevators direct to the shoe department on the Fourth Floor



$7.65 $10.75

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

BRISBANE DENIES HE IS PRO-GERMAN

Declares His Sentiments Since War Began Have Been for Quick Teuton Defeat.

JONES SEES WIDE SCANDAL

Senator Says Revelations of Brewers' Interference in Elections Will Dwarf Palmer Exposure.

Arthur Brisbane last night issued the following statement:

"In my statement recently published I have told the facts in regard to my purchase of The Washington Times. Since then various statements, surmises, an innuendoes, which are entirely false, have appeared in a number of newspapers. I wish to correct the more important of these allegations.

"The thing that I am chiefly concerned about is the false accusation that I and my paper are, or have been at any time, in any way pro-German.

"A. Mitchell Palmer, the Alien Property Custodian, made public a letter written by Alexander Konta. That letter has no conceivable connection with my paper or with myself.

"I was introduced to Mr. Alexander Konta eight or nine years ago by Mr. Butes, the private secretary of Lord Northcliffe, and previously private secretary of Joseph Pulitzer.

"I have not seen or heard from Alexander Konta for at least eight years. I know nothing whatever of his sentiments and he knew nothing of mine, and his letter, written two years before I bought The Washington Times, makes no reference, direct or indirect, to me or to my paper.

"Geoffrey Konta of 120 Broadway, stepson of Alexander Konta, is the Mr. Konta who is my attorney. I have never had the slightest business connection or association with Alexander Konta.

"It is not difficult for me to establish the facts as to my sympathies and activities in this war.

"After the war broke out, in December, 1914, I was ill in the hospital in Atlanta, having gone to Atlanta in connection with the case of Leo Frank, whom I believed unjustly accused of murder.

"My one desire was then, and has been ever since, to see the quickest possible defeat of Germany.

"I cabled to Lord Northcliffe my belief that the use of American hydraulic mining machinery against the German trenches would be effective by flooding and undermining them.

"I then expended several thousand dollars in securing a number of so-called—'hydraupic giants'—of the different sizes, which I sent to Lord Northcliffe by express for experimental purposes.

"As to my newspaper attitude, my writings in The Washington Times concerning the war are of course open to everybody.

"The paper has been read by the most important officials of the Government, from whom I have had frequent letters of commendation because of my attitude on the war.

"From the day that I became owner of The Washington Times I defy any newspaper critic to quote one line or one word on the subject of Germany, written by me or published in that paper, that was not a denunciation of Germany, of Prussia, of the Kaiser and his methods.

"Before anybody else in the United States, I wrote conspicuous editorials for Mr. Hearst's newspapers, urging the building of thousands of flying machines as the best and quickest method of bringing the Kaiser to his knees by widespread dynamiting.

"These editorials I wrote before the nation was at war, because of my sympathy with the Allies, and I have written constantly upon the subject since then, in addition to writing personal letters to the most important officials in Washington, urging the utmost activity in the flying machine department.

"I have never written one line in favor of Germany and I have written hundreds of columns in denunciation of Germany and her methods and purposes in this war.

"I do not think there is any paper in the United States or any editor in the United States who has been as bitterly, as violently and as persistently pro-Ally and anti-German as I have been.

"And I know that the accusations made against me, therefore, are not only untruthful, but wholly insincere.

"I believe that every unprejudiced newspaper editor in the country will know that this is a fact."

Regarding the attitude of The Washington Times on the liquor question, Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel for the Anti-Saloon League of America, told yesterday of the refusal of The Washington Times to print in 1917 an advertisement of the league directed against the liquor traffic. Mr. Wheeler referred to the incident in the course of a speech that he made at the Broad Street Theatre in Newark yesterday afternoon.

"The Washington Times, under Brisbane's management," said Mr. Wheeler, "has always refused to print the news about the liquor question. In December, 1917, I wrote Mr. Brisbane a letter charging that his paper was nothing but a liquor organ. The following is quoted from that letter:

"'I cannot understand your position as a newspaper man in refusing to print the news or the facts on a great public question, except upon one side of the issue. When I asked you to be fair enough to state even occasionally some of the truth on the other side of the question, you took a few sentences from the communication and used a large part of a page editorial to answer them. You then told me in a letter which you sent me that, if I had any further communications or statements which we desired to have published in The Times, to buy advertising space and publish them.

"'Believing that you would make good on your statement, we called your advertising department, and arranged for a page of space at your regular advertising rates to print the letters of the President of the Federation of Labor, which directly controverted the statements you were making in your editorial columns.

"'Your advertising agent came to the office, accepted the advertisement, and then notified us at a later date that the management would not allow it to be used. It was with much difficulty that we were able to get back the copy which we had submitted to you.

"'The American people love fair fighters, and are becoming increasingly disgusted with that small part of the press which does the bidding of the brewers, and which should be properly labeled liquor organs. If your cause is just you will not be afraid to print the truth and the news items on both sides, and let the people be the jury and determine the merits of the case.'"

"There is a connection between beer and Germanism which cannot be ignored. The Year Book of the United States Brewers' Association in 1918 called attention to the fact that Dr. Windisch came to the fifty-second annual convention of the United States Brewers' Association of Boston as a special representative of Germany and of Emperor Wilhelm to study our conditions."

United States Senator Wesley Jones of Washington, who introduced the resolution in the Senate for the investigation of the transaction between the United States Brewers' Association and Arthur Brisbane for the purchase of The Washington Times, declared at the meeting in Newark that not very much attention had been paid to the second part of the resolution. "In my judgment," he said, "when it is carried out the testimony Mr. Palmer has given will sink into insignificance."

This part of the resolution calls upon the Department of Justice to produce information and documentary evidence gathered by the District Attorney at Pittsburgh, Penn., in the investigation of the brewers' association in regard to interfering with the elections there.

"A Department of Justice agent told one Senator over the telephone that if these documents were given out," continued Senator Jones, "they would ruin the reputations of hundreds of men. If there are public men in this country who have been doing public business as the sale of The Washington Times has been conducted it is time the people knew of it."

MAYOR TO OPEN LOAN HERE.

Will Speak at City Hall Park Booth at Noon on Saturday.

Mayor John F. Hylan will officially open the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign at noon next Saturday at the Liberty Bell booth in City Hall Park. The booth will again be in charge of the Mayor's Committee of Women on National Defense. This booth sold $2,845,900 of the Third Liberty Loan. One of the principal speakers at the opening will be Martin Vogel, Assistant United States Treasurer.

The booth will be decorated with city colors, and a pole is being erected from which will be flown the flag of each of our twenty-two allies, one for each day of the loan. The opening day will be Belgian Day, and the last day of the loan will be United States Day. The Police Department Band will furnish the music for the opening.

100,000 SPEAKERS TO SPEED THE LOAN

Huge Army of Campaigners Ready for Drive Which Will Open Informally Today.

WILL VISIT EVERY VILLAGE

War Exhibits Trains Will Travel from Town to Town, Carrying Returned Fighters.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The speaking campaign on behalf of the Fourth Liberty Loan, which opens formally next Saturday, will start tomorrow in many parts of the country, with more than 100,000 men and women prepared to make addresses in theatres, schools, churches, on street corners, and from automobiles in rural districts.

The corps of public speakers assembled for the fourth loan is the largest ever organized for any propaganda in this country. Forty thousand four-minute men, 20,000 others working under direct supervision from the Central Liberty Loan organization, and at fewest 50,000 volunteer speakers enrolled by local organizations—this is the army of campaigners who will tell from the platform the reasons why Americans must buy bonds.

Many communities decided to start their campaigns before the nominal opening date, to give the loan momentum, which otherwise it might not acquire until the second or third week. A special reason urging this course is that the entire subscription period will be only three weeks instead of the usual four weeks.

A unique feature of the speaking campaign is the organization in country communities. Practically every county and township in the United States has a staff of speakers who will travel in automobiles from village to village, stopping at cross-roads and schoolhouses.

Each of the twenty-four war exhibits trains which will travel from town to town also is to carry a squad of speakers, including many American and allied soldiers recently returned from the fighting front. Sergeant Ruth Farnam an American woman who has fought with the Serbian Army, will be one of these.

Among the speakers booked from Washington headquarters are Vice President Marshall, Secretaries Lane, Daniels, and McAdoo, former President Taft, James W. Gerard, William J. Bryan, William Allen White, Abram I. Elkus, John Burke, Treasurer of the United States; Opie Read, Augustus Thomas, and Meredith Nicholson. In addition, scores of Representatives and Senators will campaign for the loan.

JOIN WAR-SAVING AGENCIES.

Single Organization to Handle Thrift Stamp and Loan Sales.

Announcement was made yesterday that it had been decided to unite the Liberty Loan and War Savings organizations into a single Government War Loan organization, under the general direction of the several Federal Reserve Banks.

This was decided upon at a meetng held at the request of Secretary McAdoo by Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; Frank A. Vanderlip and William J. Tully of the Liberty Loan Committee, and Frederick W. Allen and Vernon Monroe of the War Savings Committee.

SAFETY

The degree of safety at the Mercantile is gauged to the most valuable deposit—its price to the smallest.

THE MERCANTILE Safe Deposit Company 115 Broadway, New York
Established 1870.

THE Y. M. C. A IS THERE OVER THERE! LEND A HAND!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

THE STORY OF REVILLON FURS

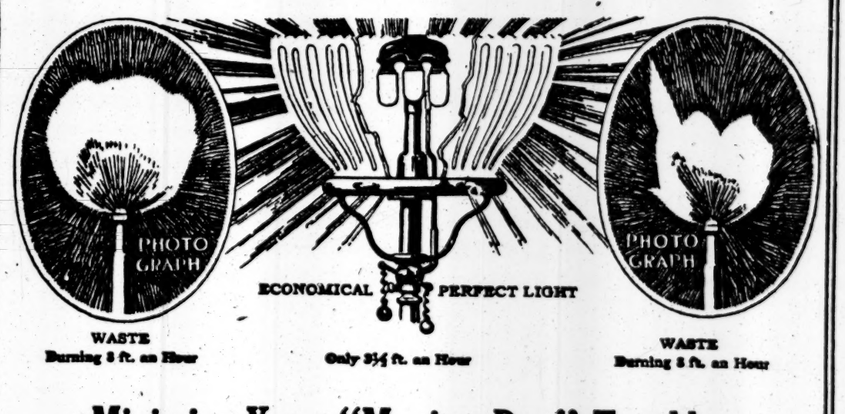
© 1918

A Trading Post and Trader

THE post trader is absolute ruler in his little world. He has his Indian dog driver, and helper, and in the larger posts an assistant to keep his accounts. He must be a shrewd merchant and an excellent judge of furs, since he is responsible for the commercial success of his post. As he can buy stock only at stated and very infrequent intervals, he must be thoroughly acquainted with the needs of his customers.

The Revillon post store is an interesting place, with a curiously mixed stock of dry goods, fire arms, tools and provisions. This merchandise is exchanged by the trader for the furs which eventually supply our New York workrooms.

Revillon Frères
Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street



Minimize Your "Moving Day" Troubles

PLACE YOUR ORDER WITH YOUR GAS OFFICE NOW SO THAT YOUR METER ON THE PREMISES YOU ARE VACATING MAY BE READ AND LOCKED AND THE METER IN YOUR NEW HOME UNLOCKED *ON THE DAY YOU MOVE*. THIS WILL PREVENT ANY INTERFERENCE WITH YOUR GAS SERVICE.

HUNDREDS OF OUR MEN ARE NOW IN THE SERVICE OF OUR COUNTRY. IT IS PRACTICALLY IMPOSSIBLE TO REPLACE THEM. THERE IS AN EMBARRASSING SHORTAGE OF LABOR AND WE FEEL IT.

An Order Now Will Help Us to Continue Our Good Service

Open or flat-flame burners waste the Gas, which means a waste of your money and coal and oil. There is every advantage to you in the use of Mantle Burners. You get better lighting results at less cost. There is no better time than "moving time" to discard wasteful flat-flame burners.

Large assortment and new stock of Gas Mantle Lamps now being displayed at your Gas Office.

"The Right Way Is the Gas Way"

Consolidated Gas Company of New York
GEO. B. CORTELYOU, President

FOUNDED·1880·LONDON

FIRST LONG TROUSER SUITS

The most trying period, for a boy, in dress, is the last year in Knickerbockers and the first year in long trousers. It is the transition period between boyhood and youth.

Young men will find here first long trouser suits that will contribute much to that confidence which comes with the knowledge that one's clothes are especially adapted to the purpose for which they are used.

Young Men's "Prep" Suits—specially designed for young gentlemen wearing for the first time long trousered suits. Sizes from 14 to 18 years. Prices from $35.

English Norfolk Suits with Knickerbockers, in Scotch, Irish and English tweeds, made on the most approved English models. Sizes 8 to 16 years. Prices from $16.50.

Furnishings: This is the only shop in America conducting a Furnishing Goods business exclusively for young men and boys.

Correct shapes in hats for boys and young men.

"Anniped" Shoes for young men.

DE PINNA
5th Avenue and 50th Street

Inquire Into The Demand For Postum

A few years ago one could safely assume that most every family was drinking either tea or coffee.

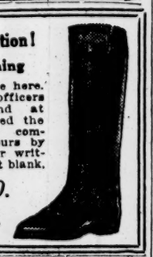
Now-a-days it's different. People from every walk of life in increasing numbers are drinking

POSTUM

The first users were impelled by reasons of health, but in the newer form, **Instant Postum** there are qualities of economy and serviceability **in addition to health value and splendid taste** which makes it the paramount table beverage for discriminating people.

"There's a Reason"

Officers, Attention!
General Pershing
has his boots made here. Other prominent officers "over there" and at camp have followed the example of their commander. Order yours by calling in person or writing for measurement blank.
Price $30.
E. VOGEL Inc.
64 NASSAU ST.



NEW HEAT SOLVES FUEL QUESTION
$5 to $10 A DAY
selling our new Kendallite Gas Makers. Fits into any stove without alteration. Takes place of coal and wood. Makes its own gas anywhere. Simple, safe and cheap. AGENCIES OPEN. Postpaid $12.50. KENDALITE CO., 1211 Broadway, near 29th st., N. Y. City.

Try a Treatment with Cuticura For Dandruff
All druggists; Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50, Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. 6B, Boston."

Stern Brothers
West 42nd and 43rd Streets

New Fall Model

Junior Girls' Two Piece Dress
as illustrated

Sizes 12, 14 and 16 yrs, attractively priced at

$12.75

A stunning effect is obtained in this dress, consisting of navy blue serge blouse with plaid skirt and sleeves. The plaited skirt is attached to a lawn underbodice. The blouse has a new, round collar and is trimmed with braid.

Girls' Apparel on the Third Floor.

Stern Brothers
WEST FORTY-SECOND AND FORTY-THIRD STREETS

Fine Custom Suitings, Cut to Your Measure, at $33.50

This sale will be continued To-day and To-morrow

AS most of the fabrics offered in this sale are not replaceable except at large advances, it is probable that equal values in custom-made garments will not be available until after the war. . . . All of them of fine all-wool quality---many limited to one suit pattern and some with extra pair of trousers.

Worsteds *Cheviots* *Tweeds*
Serges *Homespuns* *Topcoatings*

Men's Clothing Section — On the Third Floor

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Men's Furnishings

Standard qualities, correct styles, at prices which will afford an unusual opportunity to economize.

Silk Shirts $4.95
Fine quality of high lustre Silks in a large assortment of neat stripes; various sleeve lengths.

Silk Half Hose 85c pair
Full fashioned Silk Hosiery with lisle soles; a splendid wearing quality; in black only.

Pajamas $1.95
Percale and mercerized materials, in plain colors and neat, fancy stripes.

Madras Shirts $1.85
Also percale and mercerized materials; soft plain or pleated bosoms and stiff or soft French cuffs.

Gloves $1.75 pair
Washable Tan Capeskin Gloves with spear point backs; regular or short fingers.

Neckwear $1.45
Open-end Four-in-hands, of rich Swiss and domestic Silks, in self and contrasting colors.

Ground Floor

McGibbon & Co.

Fine Linens---Warm Blankets
Useful Handkerchiefs

Here are ample stocks of Household Linens at prices in many cases below what we can replace them for.

Linen Table Cloths begin at		$5.50 each
Linen Napkins	" "	7.50 a dozen
Linen Sheets	" "	6.75 each
Linen Pillow Cases	" "	2.25 each
Linen Towels	" "	7.50 a dozen

Heavy Winter Blankets to be sold during September at $7.00 and $10.50 a pair

Men's and Ladies' pure Linen Handkerchiefs, with or without initial $3.00 and $6.00 a dozen

3 West 37th St. Just off Fifth Ave.

TRUEX IS TRUE-BLUE IN STRAND SPY PLAY

His New Film Partners Are a Help at Putting Him Into Army in "Come On In."

WILL ROGERS IS AT RIVOLI

The Movies Have Lassoed Him at Last as "Laughing Bill"—His Jokes on Screen.

John Emerson, Anita Loos, Ernest Truex, and Shirley Mason are the four persons of a new Paramount combination introduced at the Strand yesterday —and the combination works. "Come On In" is the name of their premier production. Mr. Emerson and Miss Loos wrote it, Mr. Emerson directed it, and Mr. Truex and Miss Mason acted the leading parts before the camera. All did well.

"Come On In" is a farce which, while it makes merry with such normally serious things as German plotters in America, the earnestness of youth in the struggle, and the love affair of a serious soldier and his sweetheart, never becomes offensive and is often freshlingly entertaining. The only rough burlesque is of the German plotters, and this is not overdone.

Ernest Truex takes the part of a vehement little American who is not tall enough to get into the army until an irate German gives him a thump on the head that makes a bump one and a half inches high, and Miss Mason is a stenographer who becomes a self-appointed Secret Service agent and confides this fact to all of her relatives and friends, including one of the leaders of the band of plotters which she is trying to apprehend. Both actors, and the others in the cast, too, make about everything possible of their parts. Mr. Truex is especially delightful. One wants to see his next picture.

"Unknown Switzerland," one of the series of Burlingham travel-scenics, is another bright spot on the Strand program. It shows scenes in the Lotschenthal, between the Bernese Alps and the Rhone River, which is said to be the most isolated spot in Europe. Magnificent views alternate on the screen with pictures showing the homes and habits of people who seem to be living in the Middle Ages.

The Strand Topical Review includes, with interesting pictures of the day's news, the Allied War Review, which also has a place in the equally interesting Animated Pictorial of the Rivoli.

Will Rogers makes his screen début at the latter theatre in Rex Beach's "Laughing Bill Hyde." Those inclined to believe that all of the magnetic Rogers personality is in his conversation will realize their mistake if they see this picture. The real Will Rogers is on the reels. Whether Rogers can act, or whether he can do anything before the camera except be himself, is not the question. He is 75 per cent. himself in "Laughing Bill Hyde," and that much of Will Rogers is thoroughly enjoyable. The story, though scarcely a dramatic masterpiece, affords Rogers all of the opportunity he needs to grin in his own contagious way and go through his other expressions of face and body to the delight of the spectators.

Clever lines, some of which may even have been contributed by Rogers himself, keep the fun going. And Anna Lehr helps out a lot with her attractive appearance and intelligent acting.

"Picturesque Industries of Mexico" is one of the Educational Films Corporation's valuable contributions, via the Rivoli program, to the instructive and entertaining travels of stay-at-homes. "When the Fire Bells Rang," an old Biograph Comedy, "revived by request," gets a laugh—and that's all that can be said for it.

Breaking in among newcomers at the other theatres, Marguerite Clark, in "Out of a Clear Sky," is calling to her friends to come to the Rialto. And those who go will find the same charming little actress in a photoplay which is not one of her best, but which may please them. Miss Clark is seen as a Belgian orphan who escaped from a pro-German uncle, comes to America to avoid marrying a Prussian, and, in the Tennessee mountains, finds adventure and a husband.

"The Fjords of Norway," released by the Beacon Films, Inc., holds its own with the others that are at the other theatres—and that is giving it high praise.

From the pleasant to the painful—or from "Come On In" to "The Geaser of Berlin" at the Broadway. Both productions have somewhat the same subject to the extent that they burlesque the Potsdamerites, but, whereas the Emerson-Loos farce is always delightful and approaches a degree of cleverness unusual in movie comedy, "The Geaser of Berlin" is utterly witless. It was meant, of course, to make people laugh, but the few who did so among yesterday afternoon's spectators must have felt lonely in their merriment.

"The Craving," at the Broadway, has the merit of some strikingly novel photography by which microscope human beings are shown in and around a champagne glass and a bottle while a full-sized man watches them.

The Symphony Theatre at Ninety-fifth Street and Broadway reopened for the season yesterday with "The Talk of the Town" and "The Geaser of Berlin."

ELMAN PLAYS TO 6,000.

Russian Violinist is Applauded at Hippodrome Matinee.

Mischa Elman and Marguerite Namara were the artists yesterday afternoon at the Hippodrome at the second of a series of Sunday afternoon concerts that again filled every floor in a house which seats 5,000, besides a thousand persons on the stage. Mr. Elman's more formal violin classics began with the Vivaldi-Nachez transcription in G minor. Saint-Saëns's concerto in B minor was frequently interrupted with applause. His concluding group of short pieces included "Deep River," an American negro melody transcribed by himself, and a Spanish tango by Albeniz-Elman.

Mme. Namara, who sang an air from Massenet's "Manon," in addition to three melodies by Schindler, Buzzi-Peccia, and Florence Gere, made her voice clearly heard in the big house.

The reception of the Elmans yesterday afternoon was particularly enthusiastic, for the tendency of those in the audience were from the east side, and many of them, like the famous violinist himself, were of Russian birth or descent.

Thais Lawton Here from Australia.

Thais Lawton, leading woman for Guy Bates Post in "The Masquerader," after a six months' engagement in Melbourne and Sydney, Australia, arrived in New York last evening, accompanied by her father, George Lawton of Louisville, Ky. Miss Lawton said she played a record engagement, in that "The Masquerader [illegible] any American company that has visited Australia. The return trip was made on the Ventura, an American vessel, and occupied forty days.

NOTED SINGERS BRING IN $45,000 FOR OLD 69TH

Hippodrome Thronged for Benefit at Which Galli-Curci and McCormack Appear.

John McCormack, assisted by Amelita Galli-Curci, Carolina Lazzari, and Rudolph Ganz, brilliantly illuminated some outlines of the opening chapters of the history of the old "Fighting 69th Regiment," now the 165th Infantry of the Rainbow Division, fighting in France, which were outlined by Justice Victor J. Dowling last night at the McCormack testimonial concert for that famous regiment at the Hippodrome.

"When the story of the Rainbow Division and the 165th Regiment is told in full," said Justice Dowling, "it will constitute some of the most glorious pages in American history," and the audience showed by its applause that it fully concurred in that belief.

With the trio of artists who had volunteered to assist McCormack in the benefit concert for the "boys of the old 69th Regiment," the concert was a remarkable success from the standpoint of receipts, the total proceeds amounting to more than $45,000. In announcing the financial results of the entertainment Justice Dowling said that the proceeds exceeded those of any other concert in the history of the concert stage, and mentioned among others that given by Mme. Alda at the Metropolitan Opera House, by which a fund of $42,000 for war relief was raised, and still another given by McCormack at the Hippodrome last year, which resulted in a fund of $36,000 for the Catholic Orphans' Fund.

It was the first appearance in New York this season of McCormack and Galli-Curci, and for the first time also these two singers had appeared together the selection for this combination being the duet from "La Bohème," Act I. That the combination of two such voices in the estimation of the American public was a happy one was attested by the audience of 7,000 persons, who insisted that the duet be repeated.

McCormack opened the program with "The Star-Spangled Banner." Lazzari sang an aria from "Samson et Delila," and Rudolph Ganz followed at the piano with Chopin's A flat waltz and polonaise and F sharp nocturne. Mme. Galli-Curci then sang Sinding's "Sylvelin," Fourdrain's "Papillon," Massenet's Crepuscule," and Dalbes's "Bolero," and McCormack followed with three airs, one of which was composed by his accompanist, Edwin Schneider.

During the intermission Justice Dowling outlined the part that the 165th Regiment had taken in helping turn back the tide of the German invasion at Château-Thierry, where it was transferred after brilliant fighting at Luneville. He paid tributes to the officers of that regiment and mentioned particularly Sergeant Joyce Kilmer, formerly of the Sunday staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES, who had enlisted in the old 7th Regiment and sought his transfer to the 165th in order to get more quickly to the fighting line. He also mentioned Father Francis P. Duffy, chaplain of the regiment.

The feature of the second half of the program was the "Shadow Song" from Dinorah" sung by Mme. Galli-Curci. This number was moved up in order to enable the singer to catch a train for Buffalo, where she is to sing tonight. She had to respond to an encore, and did so, playing her own accompaniment. When the crowd kept calling for her after this, she sent her regrets with the reminder that it already was train time.

After that Miss Lazzari sang four airs, including "A Grave in France," composed by Mr. Ganz, who accompanied her. Mr. McCormack concluded the entertainment with three songs, one of which, "Dear Old Pal of Mine," was written by the Canadian Lieutenant, Gitz-Rice in the trenches, and another "When Pershing's Men Go Marching Into Picardy," by James H. Rogers, was a first time for a new war song of America's own.

SON SHOOTS FATHER WITH 'KAMERAD PISTOL'

Trophy Weapon from the War Zone Figures in a Probably Fatal Accident.

A French battlefield trophy, known among American soldiers as a "kamerad pistol," which was brought here recently by Lieutenant J. Howland Donaldson, who took it from a German officer, inflicted a probably mortal wound yesterday on the Lieutenant's father, John Donaldson, who was shot through the left lung. The shot was fired by Lieutenant Donaldson's youngest brother, Frank, while he was demonstrating to a relative how the Germans use the "kamerad pistols." The youth was arrested on a charge of felonious assault, but was immediately admitted to bail.

John Donaldson is a quarry owner, living at 626 Hamilton Avenue, Richmond Hill L. I. His wife was at their farm up-State at the time of the shooting. Two of the sons of the family are First Lieutenants in the army, Sherman Donaldson being in the aviation branch. Frank, who is a student, has been eagerly trying to gain his parents' consent to join the navy.

ROSE STOKES ASSAILS JURY.

Says Triers of Debs Had "Ears Stuffed by Stocks and Bonds."

Speaking before a gathering of several thousand Socialists at Beethoven Hall, Fifth Street and Third Avenue, yesterday, Rose Pastor Stokes, who is under a sentence of ten years' imprisonment for seditious speech, described her impressions of the trial of Eugene Debs, former Socialist candidate for President, who was recently convicted in Cleveland of a crime similar to that charged against Mrs. Stokes. Both defendants are out on bail pending the determination of appeals that have been taken to the higher courts.

According to Mrs. Stokes, Debs was tried by a jury composed of men incapable of understanding who he was [illegible] for which he stood.

"It looked to me," she said, "as though most of them had gone to sleep before the civil war, or at least had never been awakened since that time. The only slaves they knew of were the colored slaves of the civil war, and having freed those slaves, they had no appreciation of the fact that industrial development in this country had produced another slave—the wage slave, for whose freedom Debs was fighting as ardently as Lincoln ever fought for the freedom of the colored slave.

"But, before such men—old men, who are blinded by securities, and ears stuffed by stocks and bonds, was Eugene Debs tried and convicted. How could the result be otherwise?"

Mrs. Stokes gave a description of the courtroom in which Debs was tried, referring to the Judge as a "man who rocked back and forth in his chair and only needed some knitting in his hands to complete the picture.

Two More Cargo Ships Launched.

Two more of the standardized steel cargo ships constructed at the Port Newark shipyards of the Submarine Boat Corporation were launched yesterday. The launching on Sunday was an innovation. The tide was not sufficiently high on Saturday until too late an hour, and the company did not wish to lose a day by postponement to Monday.

1% Per MONTH ON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK

Applications for loans of large amounts will be considered at the office at Fourth Avenue and 25th Street.

MANHATTAN

Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.
Seventh Av., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Av., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
Eighth Av., cor. 127th St.

BRONX

Courtlandt Av., cor. 148th St.

BROOKLYN

Smith St., cor. Livingston St.
Graham Av., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.

TO ENTERTAIN OUR TROOPS.

British Advertising Club Plans for Homes in Small Towns.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Southampton Rotary Club has adopted a plan to secure in towns of 500 population temporary homes for American soldiers on leave from the front. Convalescent American patients also are provided for in the plan.

The American Consul is co-operating in the movement.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
UNQUALIFIED SUCCESS! LAUGHTER & MELODY AT THEIR HIGHEST PITCH
KLAW & ERLANGER'S MUSICAL COMEDY SENSATION
THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN
INCOMPARABLE CAST:
DONALD BRIAN — JOHN E. HAZZARD
WILDA BENNETT — ADA MEADE
JOHN E. YOUNG — FRANK DOANE
ROOF ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC Open All Year. Phone 240 Bryant.

LYCEUM 45th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thursday & Sat. 2:20. CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
OTIS SKINNER
IN HIS NEW COMEDY TRIUMPH
HUMPTY-DUMPTY

COHAN & HARRIS THEA., W. 43d St. Tel. Bryant 6344. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30.
3 Faces East
Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written. Hundreds turned away at every performance.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way & 38 St. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Wed. (50c to $1.50) & Sat. 2:20.
"A charming comedy of adventure with all the interest of 'Alias Jimmy Valentine' and 'Raffles' combined."
Someone in the House

CRITERION B'way & 44 St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:20.
THOS. A. WISE as MR. Barnum
A Comedy by Harrison Rhodes & Thos. A. Wise

MONDAY SEPT. 30 Seats Next Thursday. Extraordinary All Star Combination.
WILTON LACKAYE, THEODORE KOSLOFF, HENRY B. WALTHALL, KHYVA ST. ALBANS IN 'THE AWAKENING'

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evenings 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
BOOTH TARKINGTON'S PENROD
(Dramatized by Edward E. Rose.)
"BEST FUN IN THESE PARTS."—Tribune.

CORT THEATRE. W. 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. JOHN CORT'S OPERETTA
Fiddlers Three
"HERE IS WHAT YOU HAVE BEEN CLAMORING FOR."—Globe.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20.
"DADDIES"
"Will Appeal to Every One."—World.

LIGHTNIN
GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.

GEO. COHAN Thea., B'y, 43 St. Bryant 392. Evs. 8:25. Pop. Mat. Wed. 2:30.
M The Saucy Star & Season's Gayest Music Play.
MITZI in "HEAD OVER HEELS."
"Geo. M. Cohan Theatre Has New Hit."—Journal.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Tel. Bry. 37. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
GOING UP
The Talk of the Town
The Aviation Musical Comedy Sensation.

STANDARD B'way, 90th St. Evs. 25c. to $1. Mats. Tues., Thurs. & Sat. 25c-50c.
TURN TO THE RIGHT!

LEXINGTON THEATRE, 51 St. & Lex. Av. All Week. Wed. & Sat. Mats.
THE GREATEST HIT IN NEW YORK
WILLIAM MORRIS Presents
POTASH & PERLMUTTER IN YIDDISH
With Sam Mann and Bernard Bernstein.

SEAT SALE TODAY OPENS NEXT MONDAY
KLAW & ERLANGER'S
20TH ANNIVERSARY PRODUCTION
BEN-HUR
350 PEOPLE ON THE STAGE
20 HORSES in CHARIOT RACE
Lexington Theatre
Lexington Ave. and 51st Street.
SENSATIONAL PRICES
25c. 50c. 75c. $1

See What the Chemist Has Done for American Industry
AT THE
CHEMICAL EXPOSITION
ALL THIS WEEK
Grand Central Palace
Exhibits and demonstrations of products, processes, machinery and apparatus—Lectures and motion pictures—350 exhibits on 3 floors.
AMERICA'S GREATEST INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION
Opens Today 2 P. M. Admission 50c.

MANHATTAN Op. Ho., 34th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
POSITIVELY LAST 5 TIMES
DAVID BELASCO Presents
TIGER ROSE
Original Lyceum Theatre Cast & Production. Always 500 Orchestra Seats at $1.00.

Beg's MON., SEPT. 30
THE WANDERER Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Seats Tomorrow. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1.00.

COLUMBIA B'way | Twice Daily | Popular & 47th | 2:15 & 8:15 | Prices.
THE LEW KELLY SHOW.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

To the Mothers of Men Fighting for Democracy

It is you, as well as your gallant sons, who are fighting the great fight for freedom on the battlefields of Europe.

Theirs is an immortal heroism. Yours is an immortal sacrifice. Yours is the dreadful agony of suspense, the awful waiting, the terrible endurance that smiles while the heart breaks.

No less than their courage is your courage. No less than their strength is your strength. No less than their work is your work. And, like them, the world will remember you forever.

"DEATH IS BUT A SMALL MATTER SO THAT ONE'S NATION LIVES."

That is the keynote of mothers' lives as well as sons'.

It is the keynote of the great drama "UNDER ORDERS," which is now playing to enthusiastic audiences at the ELTINGE THEATRE, and which has scored one of the distinguished successes of the season.

"UNDER ORDERS" is a play of you and for you—you mothers to whom this letter is addressed.

What the mother in this great play does, you would do—SO THAT YOUR NATION MIGHT LIVE!

No play will go so deeply into your hearts. No play will become so vital a part of your thoughts and your life.

The performances of SHELLEY HULL and EFFIE SHANNON are unforgettable.

See "UNDER ORDERS." It is part of the life of the times.
A. H. WOODS.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8.
MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2.
MOST GIGANTIC SHOW IN NEW YORK
PASSING SHOW of 1918
150 PEOPLE | 30 SCENES | 500 COSTUMES

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THE WOMAN ON THE INDEX
"Excellent Interest-compelling Melodrama."—Charles Darnton, Eve. World.

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"ONE OF US"

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PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
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THE TYRANTS.

"Solely in the interest of the Russian people themselves" our Government invites the others to condemn the Bolshevist massacres. This makes a clear differentiation between the Bolsheviki and "the Russian people." If there ever was a belief in Washington that the Bolsheviki represented the Russian people, or had anything to do with it except to tyrannize over it, the last glimmer of that belief disappeared long ago. With the Bolsheviki killing the Russian people off as fast as they can, in a manner that recalls CALIGULA'S wish that the Roman people had only one head so that he could cut it off at once, there is precious little chance now for those smooth gentlemen who have been trying by propaganda and underground work to get the United States to recognize the Bolsheviki as a Government.

The Russian people, trodden under the heel of the vilest of tyrannies, still exists, but only as the Armenian people exists under the heel of the Turk. We must keep the distinction in mind; we must never hold "Russia" responsible for the worst reign of terror the world has ever seen. "Russia" is the victim, not the criminal. We wish, as the President's note to the Powers says, "to befriend the "Russian people and lend them all "that is possible of assistance in their "struggle to reconstruct their nation "upon principles of democracy and "self-government." Just now, however, the Russian people have no chance to do anything to reconstruct their nation on those principles. Whenever anybody proposes it he is instantly shot, and along with him are shot a number of other Russians who were entirely innocent of complicity with him in his attempt. Only in Archangel, apparently, is human life safe, and only there is there any nucleus for the self-expression of the Russian people.

Meanwhile the Russian people are ground down by a minority who find their only safety in murder, murder widespread, murder broadcast, murder for a word, a look, a gesture, or for nothing at all; murder that becomes massacre on the slightest provocation or none. Neither France under the Committee of Public Safety, nor the Netherlands under ALVA, nor even Rome under SULLA, has seen anything to equal it.

LIBERTY DAY.

On Oct. 12, 1492, COLUMBUS, whether looking for a western route to the Indies or not, sighted the Island of Guanahani, San Salvador, as he named it. His discovery was the successor of others, among which those of our allies the Portuguese, pioneers and adventurers in the finding of the New World, should not be forgotten. They sailed into unknown seas. They discovered the Cape. They added a world to civilization. It may not be unprofitable to remember that the one possible service which the Turks, with whom we have not yet learned to make war, have ignorantly done is that by their conquest of Constantinople and closing of the overland route from Asia to Europe they strangled the fifteenth century merchants and incited the growing spirit of the Renaissance into perilous voyages on the "dissociable ocean," prepared for the immeasurable growth of commerce, built unconsciously a new and broader fabric of civilization.

The slow ruin of purple Venice, of Genoa, of all the great Italian commercial republics, and, ultimately, the Hanse towns, was to follow. Spain was to exercise, to the verge of political and economic impotence, a sway over vast regions she was incapable to rule. France, Spain, and Great Britain were to keep or lose, in the secular European fight for the colonies, a suzerainty too imperfectly understood; to fail or find realized dreams or potencies of empire transcending immeasurably the power of CHARLES V. at his prime.

Canada and the Ibero-American Republics and the United States, the future of the world, came over in those three rickety shipkins of hallowed name, the Pinta, Niña, and Santa Maria. With those 120 men, revolters, like their descendants, came the seeds of twenty nations.

Now, when the United States, Canada by her side and Ibero-America substantially with her, fights potently and prevailingly to save the free civilization of the world, that twelfth day of October, the beginning of the New World, becomes a day of hallowed anniversary and auspicious omen.

By a happy selection Mr. WILSON makes this day of America's discovery a day of all-American, of all-European freedom. "It grows clearer and "clearer what supreme service it is "to be America's privilege to render "to the world." Oct. 12 is to be Liberty Loan Day. Europe discovered us. In late return we are helping to make a Europe secure and free.

THE QUESTION.

Now that the Allies stand face to face with the Hindenburg line, and are biting pieces out of it, the question which FOCH and LUDENDORFF have been raising ever since the German defeat of last July comes up for settlement. After that defeat the Germans were obliged to run for life, or, as they put it, to retire to positions previously prepared. If they stayed in the bag they had made, FOCH would draw the strings around the neck of it; so they had to get back home—that is, to the Hindenburg line—as speedily and with as little loss as possible. Their whole adventure of last March had failed, and there was no chance of saving any of the ground they had taken at such cost.

Their object, seeing that they had to get back to the Hindenburg line, was to get back there in such good condition that they would be able to turn and stop FOCH, and even to try and get back the offensive. FOCH'S object was to punish them so severely during the retreat that when they got there they would be unable to take the offensive or even to resist successfully his own attacks. The great question was which army would succeed in its design. Would the Germans be able to halt FOCH at the Hindenburg line, or would his attacks on them as they retired succeed in bleeding them into weakness? To settle that question was the aim of the fighting of August and early September.

Now the question comes up for an answer. The two armies confront each other at those "positions previously prepared." The Germans, it is true, still hold a little of the ground they gained in March, the salient which the British had stuck into the Hindenburg line west of Cambrai. However, the British and French have advanced a little beyond the Hindenburg line at other points. There remain only a few weeks of fighting weather, and in that time we are to discover the answer to the question, to find out whether the fighting of the Summer had the effect which FOCH intended of so punishing the Germans that the old line would not hold. We know, at least, that they cannot regain the offensive. They are trying now to prove that they can maintain the defensive.

THE DUAL ALLIANCE.

The publication of the French Yellow Book, showing the origin of the Franco-Russian alliance in 1892-3, proves, of course, that the alliance was not offensive but defensive; that it was undertaken not for the purposes of attack, but to repel the very onslaught from Germany and Austria that has now been made. That was not doubted by anybody outside of Germany and Austria, unless by pro-German Socialists.

Nevertheless, there is a point of view in which this publication will come as a revelation to some loyal Americans who yet have not thought very closely about the conditions in Europe before the war. A good many people, if asked their idea about the origin of the conflict, would put it in some such way as this: Germany prepared to attack Russia, and France, being Russia's ally, was bound to come to her assistance; therefore Germany attacked France first, to get her out of the way.

But no one can read these documents without seeing that these were not the conditions. In 1892 no Franco-Russian alliance existed. One was formed in 1893, and why? Because France and Russia had discovered the intention of Germany and Austria to attack each of them singly at some future date. One of these documents describes Germany as "an adversary "who calculates, thanks to the rapid-"ity of his railway transport ma-"chinery, to throw himself first on "France and conquer her, and then "to turn against Russia. This," it concludes, "is the plan which must be upset."

That was the plan which Germany actually put into action in 1914; it had been foreseen in 1892, and provided for by an alliance between the threatened nations. If there had been no alliance between France and Russia, it would have been the German plan just the same. Germany's object was to conquer France, and after that to wrest what she could from Russia, whom she did not expect to be able to conquer, but only to defeat. France was the real enemy, the intended victim, in 1892 as in 1914. The alliance between Russia and France had no effect on Germany's plan except this: if it had never existed, Germany would have declared war against France alone, conquered her, and then declared war on Russia alone. As it was, she was obliged to declare war against both simultaneously, but she expected, just the same, because of Russia's slow mobilization, to be able to carry out her plan of crushing France first. She did not carry out the plan, solely because of unexpected developments on the Marne.

We thus see plainly that the cause of the war was not the assassination of FRANZ FERDINAND in Serajevo in 1914. It was, instead, the accession of WILLIAM II. to the German throne in 1888.

UNHAPPY CHICAGO.

The Kölnische Volkszeitung, which ordinarily breathes fire and thunderbolts, descends to pathos in a recent interview to sing the requiem of the German-American press. The disappearance of many German publications in this country it blames on the German-Americans, who have become renegades to Deutschtum. In particular is it stirred to grief by the passing of The Illinois Staats-Zeitung:

"For it must be remembered," says the colleague in Cologne, "that Chicago is a citadel of Deutschtum in America. Here dwell hundreds of thousands of German immigrants, without counting the inhabitants of German descent. While in the New England States there are very few Germans, in Illinois, especially in Chicago, Anglo-Saxonism plays a much smaller part. In past years the Kaiser's birthday was celebrated each 27th of January in the great Germania Hall in Chicago, and thousands of Germans took part. And now this city with more than 2,000,000 inhabitants is without a single German paper!"

The grief of our Cologne contemporary is without doubt shared by the Honorable WILLIAM HALE THOMPSON, Mayor of "the sixth German city in the world."

JUGOSLAV UNITY.

Beaten on their front line, the Austrian diplomats are busily preparing for a retreat to previously prepared positions from which they can start another peace offensive. The report that the Government of the Dual Monarchy has decreed a kind of Jugoslav autonomy seems to be authentic. Bosnia and Herzegovina are to be united with Croatia in an autonomous State, subject to neither Austria nor Hungary, but part of the Austro-Hungarian Empire.

Now, since in their next peace proposal Austrian statesmen will undoubtedly point to this act as meeting the demand for Jugoslav unity and freedom, we may as well consider exactly what it means. It means first of all that the question of "Jugoslav unity" is solved by the uniting of something less than half of the Jugoslavs. In Bosnia, Herzegovina, Croatia, (and Slavonia, which is presumably included,) there are four or five millions of Serbs and Croats. In Southern Hungary there are millions more of Serbs and Croats; in the independent kingdoms of Serbia and Montenegro there are millions more, and the national program has included the combination of the Serbs of Serbia and Montenegro with their brethren of Austria-Hungary in an independent State.

Moreover, in Istria, Carniola, Carinthia, and Styria there are something like a million and a quarter of Slovenes who are to be left subject to the Austrian-Germans; in Dalmatia there are several hundred thousand Jugoslavs who are not taken into account. More than half of the Jugoslav race is left out of this "unification."

This means that Trieste and Pola, Zara and Spalato, are still to be in Austrian and German hands. Of the great ports on the eastern side of the Adriatic only Fiume would be included in this new "autonomous" province. Trieste is as important an item in the Pan German scheme as Constantinople or Bagdad. The Austrian Government's pretended solution of the Jugoslav question dares not give up Trieste; that must be kept so that German factories may have their own port on the Adriatic. Pola must be kept so that the Austrian fleet may still have its base close to Venice.

What kind of autonomy has been granted the dispatches do not tell us; but it may be surmised from the fact that Count TISZA, the strongest and most uncompromising of Hungarian feudal reactionaries, is mentioned as the first Governor of the new State. A Jugoslav State which splits up the race, turns over the part of it to which "autonomy" has been granted to one of the worst enemies of the Slav race, and keeps for the Germans the regions at the head of the Adriatic through which German exports must have their outlet to southern seas; this is Austria's solution of the Jugoslav problem. This solution has been talked of in Austria for months; at first the new State was to be part of the Hungarian kingdom, but when it was realized that Jugoslav rebellion had gone too far for this the rulers of the Dual Monarchy tried to keep their hold by making TISZA the Governor.

The answer of the Allies to such a sham is easy to read. The same day that told of this measure also brought the report that France, on the initiative of Italy, was about to recognize the Jugoslavs. The allied answer was written in the pact of Rome last April. By this agreement there was harmonized the dispute between Italians and Jugoslavs which the Austrian Government had kept alive for many years. The Pan German march to the Adriatic is to be cut off. Trieste and Pola are to be Italian; Fiume and Zara free ports under Italian and Jugoslav supervision; Spalato and the other Dalmatian ports go to a Jugoslav State that is to stretch from the frontier of Italia Irredenta to the Greek border in Macedonia. All the Jugoslavs are to be united, and united in freedom from Austria and Hungary.

Austria-Hungary evidently realizes that the Czechoslovaks are lost to her. Their independence must be one of the stipulations of the treaty of peace. It is evident that the statesmen of the Dual Monarchy still hope that they can confuse the Jugoslav question and save the Adriatic for Pan Germanism by taking now measures which might have been effective in the past, but which at this time will certainly deceive neither the Jugoslavs nor the Allies. Recognition of the Jugoslav independence movement will be the best answer to this subterfuge, and it is well that the initiative has come from Italy, which has been the leader of the Allies in their relations with the Austrian subject races, and which has a great future as the friend and helper of the peoples struggling for freedom beyond the Adriatic.

GERMAN EFFIGIES.

On the whole, the disappearance of German statues, of whatever material and by whatever hand carpentered, is a gain for art. The "colossal," the horrible, the absurd, the swollen, strutting avenues or "alleys" of provincial and military-political serenities and obscurities, the procession of beadles in bronze and marble—who that has seen them can regret, can but "enthusiastically indorse," their departure?

There was for a time, in the war need, the characteristic inequality. Hohenzollerns and other godlets were spared, were, perhaps, more generally in marble, to indicate their Olympian superiority. A cable dispatch reports "general indignation" at the melting-up of GOETHE and SCHILLER in bronze, while Hohenzollerns and the rest of the race of imperial, kingly, ducal, grandducal, electoral, all the German Almanach de Gotha afoot or ahorse, were left.

It is unnecessary to trust the tale too much. GOETHE and SCHILLER—the latter long despised by the Pan Germanists—were only bourgeois, after all. The sceptre-bearing Kings, the Hereditary Grand Bootjacks of Little Schwelt-Pumpernickel, heroic, familiar figures—would "the German people," if there is one, part with these?

As for GOETHE, the Greek indifferentist, he saw the French Revolutionists beat the Prussians on the hill of Valmy. "A new epoch in the history of the world," was his comment. An increase, perhaps, of his slow pulse. Twenty years earlier he was writing, in "Truth and Poetry":

Our object was to get to know man; we were content to let people in general go their own way.

As for SCHILLER, said to be mourned so much by the German people amid this knocking-down of statues of the mighty and the pompous, he was the cosmopolitan Professor of History at Jena who wrote in 1789:

It is a poor and little aim to write for one nation; a philosophic spirit cannot tolerate such limits, cannot bound its views to a form of nature so arbitrary, fluctuating, accidental.

The Hohenzollerns, the Princelets and Dukelets, are the true Germans, the true Chauvinists. Their statues are spared. Those of "damned literary fellows," like GOETHE and SCHILLER, will never be missed in the Germany of today.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Her Premise Spoils Her Conclusion.

There is something almost comic in the constant iteration by German speakers and writers of the charge that on the Entente Powers rests the responsibility for keeping up the war. They pretend to foresee an "interminable conflict" if their pleas for immediate peace are rejected, and they express a deeply grieved wonder that their enemies have not yet had enough of death and destruction.

"The reason for our readiness for peace," says the latest of these strange logicians, the Saxon Foreign Minister, "is not a consciousness of weakness, but a sober recognition of the fact that an endless prolongation of the war must lead to a collapse of European kultur." An endless prolongation of the war undoubtedly would have this effect, but underlying and vitiating all such talk by the Germans is the fallacious assumption that they cannot be beaten—that they can go on fighting, if not forever, at least as long as can the world in arms against them.

In their hearts they know better, and their present anxiety is not for the kultur of Europe, but for that of Germany—an entirely different thing. To a continuance of the war until a military victory is won the alternative is the admission of defeat by one side or the other, and Germany wants peace as soon as she can get it—as soon as she can get it, that is, through the acceptance by her foes of the alternative which she herself as yet rejects. Surrender would be suicide for the German Government, but it would be safety and salvation for the German people if they would or could separate themselves from that Government. Every day that passes gives renewed assurance that the prolongation of the war will not be endless.

This Tale Must Be True.

One of THE TIMES special dispatches has told the story of three boy soldiers, captured by the Americans, but not held prisoner. Instead, they were sent back to the German lines, each with a loaf of good white bread under his arm, and instructed to report that the Americans waged war with men, not with children.

It was said that the incident made a great impression on the Germans to whose knowledge it came. Only older prisoners, captured later, could have revealed the amount and quality of the impression thus produced, but captives who could have told how they felt about the affair have not been lacking in the American lines, so there is nothing improbable about either end of the story.

One wants to believe it—which always helps—and it is entirely plausible that a group of our men would think up and carry out just such a scheme to be at once kind and cruel—kind to the boys hurried into battle before their time by German desperation, and cruel in the manifestation of a humorous scorn for the enemies once held, especially by those enemies themselves, to be unconquerable. That day is past, thanks be, and while it may not have been quite war to send those boys back—while it may cost an American life or two—still it was probably well worth while as a "gesture."

FROM RESNATI'S FATHER.

A Message to Americans on the Death of the Italian Aviator.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The youthful soldier of the United States of America, strong and beautiful, is today on the fields of glorious France rushing to victory, and today, in the name of human honor and liberty, he enters the glorious trenches of Italy, once more and forever vindicated.

Silvio Resnati, who is now dead, thus dreamed when alive.

Let us, Sir, keep this alive within us, so that the end of the war may find Latin geniality bound to the bold, bounding, free energy of America—for thus he had often written me from that land which he loved as his second country. The soul of Silvio Resnati will exult in the mutual benefits, in the grandeur of our countries, and in the radiant triumph of a peace wrought from the love of humanity. He was not only a daring, yet modest, scientist of the air, but also a well-poised thinker, an uncompromising wisher for the intimate union of our two peoples.

You wished him well, both for himself and for the beautiful Italy which he was representing, just as he wished well all the American people, who intuitively understood him and felt that he was theirs, entirely theirs.

Say to your fellow-countrymen all the expressions of thanks which his mother, his sisters, his aviator brother, brave but unfortunate, which his father—all overwhelmed but infinitely proud—have not the words to utter, nor having could utter them.

DOCTOR LUIGI RESNATI.
Milan, Aug. 13, 1918.

The Direct Primary Failure.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with interest your editorial article on "The All-Saving Primary." I think hardly any thinking man now doubts its failure to produce the results looked for when so many of our States adopted the plan. For instance, in this small town, containing 407 voters, there were 16 votes cast in the June primary for State officers on both Republican and Democratic tickets, and 9 of these were polled by the officers present to record the vote. This, of course, is a large expense for the results achieved; I should judge $2 for every vote cast.

But the point I wished to bring out was this: We will say that three men have the necessary signatures to have their names on the primary ballot for State Senator. We will assume, as is so often the case, that the district consists of one large town and several small ones, and that a candidate hails from each. Each town, you will find, is loyal to its "home man." Result: Although the proportion of the voters is very small from each, the large town man gets the nomination because the large town naturally casts the most votes. This may be, and often is, directly contrary to the fitness of the candidate. So if the small town man wishes to get to the Senate he must move to the large town. If there is a contest on between two or more large town men for the office, so much the worse for the small town men, if that were possible, as then that will bring out the voters in the large town for all the candidates in the town, and the others have absolutely no chance of the nomination. Of course, everybody was disgusted with the working of the old caucuses, but the new primary law is surely no remedy, and it is up to the people to think up a better way if possible.

SILAS H. PERKINS.
Kennebunkport, Me., Sept. 21, 1918.

Mary Harriott Norris.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A simple announcement of the death of Mary Harriott Norris of Morristown, N. J., in your columns needs enlargement for a life so rich. She was the founder and principal (1880-96) of a private school for girls in New York, and no one was ever more beloved in that position. She was dean of women, in Northwestern University, 1898-99, and, though in ill-health, entirely reorganized that department and placed it on its present prosperous basis. She was a brilliant novelist, wrote a dozen stories, including "The Grey House of the Quarries," "The Grapes of Wrath," and "The Story of Christina." She also edited a series of English classics. In 1915 she contributed a volume of the semi-centennial of her Alma Mater, Vassar College, of which she was a member of the first class (1870). "The Golden Age of Vassar." While in New York she started the plan of home literary lectures—herself the lecturer—which has been adopted in various cities. But her glory was not her books, but herself, her gracious and noble spirit, her progressive outlook and sympathy with every right advance for women, her unconquerable diligence (in spite of illness), and her loving devotion to God and humanity. New Jersey (she was born at Boonton) has few sons and daughters of whom she has more reason to be proud than of this brilliant and true-hearted woman.

JOHN ALFRED FAULKNER.
Drew Theological Seminary, Madison, N. J., Sept. 20, 1918.

THE SHIPS.

Some day great ships will come within our ken,
Proud, unafraid.
Their decks alive with lean bronzed fighting men—
Men who have made
Their stand for Liberty and victors come,
Wearing their hard-won laurels, as they bring
Peace and security to those at home,
Across a sea no longer menacing.

Some day great ships, weighed down with precious freight,
Will reach our shore—
And oh! the hearts of those who patient wait
Will grieve no more!
Tears left unshed when partings racked the soul
Will fall, when they return, like Summer rain.
For they have sought and found, have reached the goal,
And, crowned with victory, come to us again.

Some day proud ships will land, and we shall scan,
With anxious eyes,
Their decks, perhaps in vain. For, since the world began,
Was sacrifice
That all may live. So, when the stately ships,
Empty for us, come proudly home again,
Crush back the tears, press firm the trembling lips,
Rejoice, rejoice, because they died like men!

HELEN COMBES.

DEMOCRATS CLAIM LEAD AS WAR PARTY

Scott Ferris, Campaign Manager, Says Republicans in Congress Are Obstructionists.

CITES VOTE ON MANY BILLS

Ship Filibuster, McLemore Resolution, Armed Neutrality, and Rail Control Fights Recalled.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Charging that the Republican Party, as now controlled, is a party of opposition to President Wilson and his policies, and that the Republican representation in the Senate and House has obstructed essential war measures, Chairman Scott Ferris of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee today authorized the statement that the Democratic Party seeks to retain control of Congress on its record of support of the President and the war.

This is the first statement issued by the Democratic campaign leader, and evidently was provoked by the attack made yesterday by Chairman Fess of the Republican Campaign Committee and Representative Gillett of Massachusetts, the minority leader of the House, in which they sought to show that the Republicans rather than the Democrats had been the chief supporters of the President's war policies. This, Mr. Ferris challenges and disputes. He cites the record in support of his contentions. His statement follows:

"The Democratic Party will ask the return of a Democratic Congress in the forthcoming campaign on its record in support of the President and the war. Claims of Republican leaders that the election of a Republican Congress is necessary to insure a vigorous prosecution of the war fall before the facts.

"The record discloses that the Democrats of the Senate and House have been the reliance of the Administration on war measures. The same record reveals that the Republicans in Congress, viewed as a whole, have been obstructionists.

"It is not necessary to refer to the recent attacks of Senator Sherman, Representatives Rodenberg and Mason, and others on the President and his followers to convince the country that the Republican Party, as at present organized, is a party of opposition rather than a party of support.

"In the face of the recorded votes and actions of late for the Republican leaders to assert that the Republican minority in Congress has been constructive. The contrary is the case. It likewise is ridiculous for the Republican spokesmen to maintain that they have shown more foresight than the party in power. The record cannot be disputed.

Cites Pre-War Reforms.

"The Federal Reserve, Farm Loan, Agricultural Extension, Tariff Commission and other laws enacted by a Democratic Congress put the country on a stable basis before the war began. And Democratic support of war measures has vitalized the whole war program.

"Just as the Federal Reserve law, the Tariff Commission act, and others were enacted over Republican opposition, the Shipping Board bill, three war revenue measures, and, indeed, the war resolution itself, were put through over stubborn opposition by the minority.

"The Shipping Board, whose value is now appreciated by the whole country and by all the allies of America, was held up for two years—lacking only twenty-one days—by Republican opposition. That is a chapter in the history of war preparation and foresight the Republicans now would like the country to forget.

"The Shipping bill was introduced at the behest of President Wilson in September, 1914. He then saw, as every one now realizes, that an abundance of ships would be absolutely essential not only to take care of America's overseas commerce in time of peace, but to transport our armies and supplies to Europe if Germany forced us, as she ultimately did, into the world war.

"The original Shipping bill was passed by the House in January, 1915, not with Republican aid, but despite Republican opposition. It went to the Senate, where it was killed by the now memorable Republican filibuster continued up to nearly the very hour that Congress expired by constitutional limitation in March of 1915. Reintroduced the next session, it was August of 1916 before Republican opposition finally was conquered by the Democrats, and the important measure written into law.

"Will the Republican leaders now deny that they held up the shipbuilding program two years by these obstructive tactics? They dare not, they cannot, because the record furnishes indisputable proof of the indictment. It was not because of help but despite Republican opposition in Congress that the Administration has eclipsed the world in shipbuilding.

"The Ship bill was opposed by 160 Republicans and only 1 Democrat in the House, and by 21 Republicans and no Democrats in the Senate.

Revenue Bills Opposed.

"I mention this as a single instance. Dozens of war measures could be cited to show how Democratic support, and Democratic support alone, has kept the Administration's war program moving. The three great revenue bills of 1916, 1917, and 1918 were opposed by many Republicans on partisan grounds. Had they not been supported by the Democrats, the Administration would have been without funds to prepare for and carry on the war. With the election approaching, the Republicans for the time being are rallying to the support of the Administration, as witness the unanimous passage last week by the House of the pending Revenue bill. This is in striking contrast to the Republican record on previous revenue-producing bills.

"Republican leaders seek to make an issue of their support of the Selective Service act. As a matter of fact, the opposition to the original draft measure was negligible, only 24 Republican and Democratic Representatives out of 435 and 8 Republican and Democratic Senators out of 98 voting against it. The supplementary draft act passed in both branches virtually without opposition.

"It is significant that the Republican leaders in their pre-campaign statements do not attempt to analyze the votes on the war measures generally. There is good reason for their silence on this score. The following shows why:

"War Resolution—Thirty-two Republican and 16 Democratic Representatives opposed; 3 Republican and 3 Democratic Senators opposed.

"McLemore Resolution (warning Americans off the high seas)—One hundred and three Republicans and 32 Democratic Representatives voted against tabling this resolution.

"Gore Resolution, (similar to McLemore resolution)—Twelve Republican Senators and 2 Democrats voted against tabling this resolution.

"Armed Neutrality Bill, (authorizing arming of American ships for defense against submarines)—On the Cooper amendment to prevent the arming of American ships carrying war supplies, 76 Republican Representatives and 47 Democrats voted for the amendment. There was no record vote in the Senate, as the La Follette filibuster killed the measure in the closing days of the session despite the President's vigorous protest.

"Armor Plate Plant Amendment to Naval Bill—One hundred and thirty-four Republicans and 2 Democratic Representatives opposed, while in the Senate 23 Republicans and no Democrats voted against it. This bill has kept the price of steel to the navy at a reasonable figure.

Opposition to Espionage Act.

"Espionage Act—Ninety-seven Republican and 9 Democratic Representatives opposed; 5 Republican and 1 Democratic Senator opposed.

"Food Survey Bill—Sixty-five Republican Representatives and 16 Democrats voted to send the bill back to committee in an effort to kill it.

"Railroad Control Bill—Four Republicans and 2 Democrats opposed it in the House, while in the Senate 13 Republicans and 1 Democrat favored the Townsend amendment, which sought to block the Administration measure.

"Telegraph and Telephone Control Bill—Four Republican Representatives opposed it, as did 16 Republican Senators. There was no Democratic opposition.

"War Finance Corporation Bill—Two Republican Representatives voted 'present' and 2 Republican Senators voted against it. There was no Democratic opposition.

"War Revenue Bill, (fiscal year 1916)—One hundred and forty-two Republican Representatives and 16 Republican Senators opposed. There was no Democratic opposition.

"War Revenue Bill, (fiscal year 1917)—One hundred and ninety-two Republican Representatives and 13 Republican Senators opposed. There was no Democratic opposition.

"War Revenue Bill, (fiscal year 1918)—Seventy-six Republican Representatives and 4 Republican Senators opposed. There was no Democratic opposition.

"Unity of action in Washington is essential now, as unity of military command is in France. The foregoing record should leave no doubt in the minds of the people as to whether a Democratic or Republican Congress will be in accord with the President. The President's party confidently awaits the result of the November elections."

WANTS MOTOR INSTRUCTORS

Transport Corps Offers Opportunities to Professional Men.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—An opportunity for lawyers, teachers, and others of proper mental qualifications, even though they suffer from minor physical defects, to get commissions in the army is afforded by the need of the Motor Transport Corps for men to qualify as instructors in the ten new schools it will open soon in various army camps. About 200 such men are to receive two months' intensive courses of instruction, and thereafter to be set to assisting veterans from overseas in training 5,000 officers, 30,000 noncommissioned officers, and 120,000 privates needed for active service on the other side.

Men of mature years are wanted, and it is promised that those who distinguish themselves after completing the training course and receiving their commissions will get plenty of opportunity for active duty abroad. The principal qualifications are that they shall be fitted by education in schools or by the experiences of business or professional life to grasp speedily the nontechnical knowledge essential to becoming instructors in certain subjects, and that they shall be adapted to imparting this knowledge to their prospective pupils.

"Teachers, lawyers, district sales managers, and others accustomed to assimilating new ideas and putting them to practical use are particularly desired, and this service offers a great chance to such men to get into the service of their country as officers," says an announcement given out today by the corps.

"The training branch of the corps has already provided for the technical instructors, but can utilize a number of men of draft age and possibly a few more of over 46. The principal thing is that they must have natural ability as instructors, and that their characters are of the best. Men who feel that they can meet the qualifications, and who want to get into the army in a useful capacity, should communicate with the Motor Transport Corps at once, as the places must be filled soon. Minor physical defects will be overlooked in men qualified mentally.

"It should appeal especially to lawyers and teachers, who are sometimes not able to get the positions in the army that their intellectual qualities entitle them to because their work in civil life has not particularly trained them for military duty. Here their previous experience will help them to make good from the start."

WORK TO RECLAIM MAIMED.

Cheer Pervades Ellis Island Camp Where Soldiers Are Treated.

The September number of Carry On, the magazine devoted to the reconstruction of disabled soldiers and sailors, conducted by the Medical Department of the Army, is just out. It contains articles by Samuel Gompers, Frank Ward O'Malley, and Major M. E. Haggerty. In his article Mr. Gompers says:

"Organized labor is whole-heartedly with the purpose of helping disabled soldiers and sailors to carry on as self-reliant, productive members of society. To men who have risked their lives for this republic, we owe it as a duty to protect them against dependency and the deteriorating consequences of lack of vocational training."

Mr. O'Malley, who writes on "Home Comers from France," gives what will be news to many people that many of those who have been maimed in France are over on Ellis Island, learning to begin life over again without a leg or a hand or an arm. "The idlers seeking a breath of sea air on the Battery will may see, if their eyes are young and they know the right way to look, khaki-clad lads stumping along on wooden pegs that take the place of legs which were shot away on the fields of glory, armless youths, men who have been gassed, up-standing lads whose hands have been blown off—and every mother's son of them with a grin on his face, a cigarette between his lips, and peace and hopeful content in his brave young heart."

Major Haggerty tells how women may serve in the reconstruction work. He says that, within the next few months, 2,000 women will be needed for the work overseas and others will be needed at home. Teachers are wanted in mechanical drawing, telegraph, and signaling, French, manual training, gardening and floriculture, music, plays, and games, and commercial and industrial mathematics.

JEWS EXTEND WAR WELFARE

Board Authorizes 27 New Huts in Country's Cantonments.

The Jewish Welfare Board has authorized the building of twenty-seven new huts in the military cantonments of the United States, as additions to the fifteen buildings already completed in various camps. These huts are used by the Jewish Welfare Board representatives for administrative purposes, and for the uniformed men in camp for recreational purposes.

The camps where buildings have been completed or will be completed about the end of this month are as follows: Devens, Ayer, Mass.; Kelly Field, San Antonio, Texas; Meade, Admiral, Md.; Upton, Yaphank, L. I.; Greene, Charlotte, N. C.; Dix, N. J.; Gordon, Atlanta, Ga.; Hancock, Wheeler, Ga.; Jackson, Columbia, S. C.; Lee, Petersburg, Va.; Logan, Texas; McClellan, Anniston, Ala.; Sheridan, Ala.; Mills, New York; Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, and Camp MacArthur, Texas.

Camps where huts will be erected in the near future are Camps Pike, Little Rock, Ark.; Merritt, Tenafly, N. J.; Pelham Bay Naval Station, New York; Sevier, Greenville, S. C.; Funston, Fort Riley, Kan.; Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C.; Johnston, Jacksonville, Fla.; Humphries, Va.; Lewis, American Lake, Wash.; Chickamauga National Park, Tenn.; Wheeler, Macon, Ga.; Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss.; Fort Bliss, Texas; Custer, Battle Creek, Mich.; Fremont, Cal.; Kearny, San Diego, Cal.; Stuart, Newport News, Va.; Cody, Deming, N. M.; Magnolia, Baltimore, Md.; Aberdeen, Md.; Beauregard, La.; Dodge, Iowa, and Eustis, Va.

DEPEW STATUE LIFELIKE.

Ex-Senator Makes Sure Present to His Birthplace Resembles Him.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIARCLIFF, N. Y., Sept. 22.—Because he wanted the statue of himself which he is to unveil in Peekskill on Tuesday as a present to his birthplace to be a good likeness is the reason ex-Senator Chauncey M. Depew gave in an interview here tonight for having the statue erected while he was alive. The Senator said the unveiling of the statue would be the most unique thing in his life. It enables him to see himself in bronze as others see him.

"In my sixty-two years in public life," said Mr. Depew, "I have known every one who amounted to anything, and I have seen a lot of statues of my friends made after they were dead. I have never seen one yet that I thought bore close resemblance of the original. That's why I decided to have mine made from life. I think it an admirable likeness of me, and several of my Peekskill friends who saw it say so, too."

When asked if his speech would be a good eulogy of himself, Mr. Depew laughed and said: "I shall talk more about Peekskill. I shall say little of myself."

WORK OF RED CROSS FOR CIVILIAN FRANCE

More Than $70,000,000 to be Expended by Dec. 1 Next, Says Report on Activities.

KEEPING UP THE MORALE

Efforts to Save Babies and Reclaim Areas Devastated by Germans Foremost Now.

The American Red Cross made public yesterday another installment of its report to the American people concerning the use that has been made of its war funds. The installment covers the work done among the civilian population of France since the beginning of the war. It says in part:

"In carrying out its work in France, the American Red Cross, in all its activities, had expended up to July 1, 1918, the sum of $36,613,682.73. Of this amount the sum of $15,453,049.87 was apportioned to relief work among the soldiers and strictly military activities. The balance of $21,160,632.86 was apportioned to relief work among refugees, the fight against tuberculosis, and other activities that have to do especially with relieving the sufferings of the civilian population.

"The demand for the six months ended Dec. 31, 1918, has seemed greater than any similar period, and an appropriation has therefore been made for this period amounting to $34,582,827.57, of which $20,753,410.01 is for relief among refugees, rehabitation of devastated areas, the fight against tuberculosis, operating expenses, and other civil relief activities. Thus the entire sum expended and appropriated for relief work in France from the beginning of the war to Dec. 31, 1918, will amount to more than $70,000,000.

"Activities in France

APPLAUDS PROMPT PEACE REJECTION

Security League, in Move to Counteract Further Overtures, Upholds President.

GIVES VIEWS OF WRITERS

Germany with Peace Bribes More Dangerous Than Germany Fighting, Declares Sleicher.

As a first shot in a nation-wide educational drive against premature peace suggestions from the Teutonic powers the National Security League yesterday issued a series of utterances on the subject from some of the best-known writers of the country.

The Executive Committee of the National Security League prefaced its anti-peace announcement yesterday with a resolution commending President Wilson for his prompt rejection of the Austrian "feeler." In anticipation of a continued Teutonic peace effort the Security League has started a compilation of the contributions on the subject from the prominent writers of the country. Among the excerpts issued in yesterday's statement were the following:

Gertrude Atherton—It is only those incapable of grasping this great war in its entirety that hope and pray for an immediate peace by negotiation, a peace that would leave the German Empire in the position of a man who has had a severe illness, but only needs time and care and recuperative rest—something she now yearns for—to be stronger than ever. If this war finishes with the Hohenzollerns and Prussia in power and an undismembered Austria-Hungary to support her, it will be because of a breakdown of morale on the part of the allied powers, which has let them drift supinely into a negotiated peace. And if Prussia remains in the saddle and the Southern Slavs have not been permitted to form a strong buffer State we will not only be plunged into another war ten years hence, but into a hopeless war.

John A. Sleicher—Germany with peace bribes is more to be feared than Germany fighting. Adroit, insidious, and lying Teutonic propaganda put Russia out of the war, and almost had the same effect in Italy. This is a greater menace to the future peace and security of the world than the German armies in France. Germany is now in process of being defeated. If we stop before that process is complete, Germany will in effect come out victorious and the Allies will have lost all the fruits of their struggle for democracy. The supreme duty upon the Allies and America is to grind Germany in the dust.

Cosmo Hamilton—A premature peace will mean, on the part of all the Allies who have remained in the security of their homes, a weakening of mental, moral, and physical stamina which will be an act of treachery not only to the men who have made, on their behalf, the supreme sacrifice at the front, but to their children and their children's children, never to be forgiven.

Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst—We must reduce the Huns to such condition of mind as will insure their doing what we insist upon and yielding all that we demand. When a wise and just father chastises his incorrigible boy he continues his discipline till the boy gives up, stops resisting, and quits parleying. There is nothing Germany needs so much, even for her own sake, as humiliation.

Walter Camp—It is hardly necessary to elaborate upon the fact that if Germany emerges from this war without such conditions as will prevent a building up again of militarism, all the blood that has been shed by the Allies and by America will have been wasted.

Richard Wait—Surely we are not warring against a territory, a red or green or blue patch on the map. We are warring against a government system and its ring, crooked, cruel, brutal, and ruthless. If it is not wiped out by those who are oppressed by it, or are corrupted by it, and are being led to destruction by it, then we must wipe it out. We can't wipe it out by making a peace with it. The murderer and the pirate are not exterminated by peace-making.

SPREAD OF INFLUENZA CHECKED IN THE CITY

Dr. Copeland Reports Situation Well in Hand—More Deaths Reported at Camps.

The statistical offices of the Board of Health being closed on Sundays, there was no record yesterday by which to gauge the progress of the Spanish influenza outbreak. The number of the new cases that have developed since Saturday morning will be made known today.

Health Commissioner Royal S. Copeland reported that the situation was well in hand in all five boroughs, and said there was little fear that the disease would spread to any great extent.

All suspicious cases coming to this city on ships from foreign or other American ports are isolated forthwith, and where local physicians report symptoms of influenza steps are taken to keep patients under observation until a test can be made to decide if influenza has developed.

It was said yesterday at the home of Mrs. James Roosevelt, 47 East Sixty-fifth Street, that the condition of her son, Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, who was ill of influenza, continued to improve. His physicians said he would be able to resume his work within ten days.

Louis Baron of 514 East 139th Street, whose wife and seven children were taken to Lebanon Hospital on Saturday showing symptoms of Spanish influenza, was also taken to the hospital yesterday suffering from the same symptoms. The family is quarantined.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP DIX, WRIGHTSTOWN, N. J., Sept. 21.—Fourteen more soldiers died here today of pneumonia, making a total of forty-three for the six days since the disease made its appearance. Crowds of Sunday visitors joined soldiers in paying tribute today to dead soldiers whose bodies were sent home under military escort. A guard of honor accompanied each flag-draped coffin to the station, and as each cortège passed down the main road thousands of pedestrians stood with uncovered heads and all traffic halted. Similar military honors were accorded to Miss Ulila Augusta Stowe of Bridgeport, Conn., an army nurse who died at the base hospital yesterday. The soldiers who died today were Corporals Howard G. Best and Charles K. Wharton, 133d Infantry; Privates Lee E. Stringstube, Earl C. Wyatt, Richard E. Halley, Jack Law, William H. Rowe, 133d Infantry; Harry Coon, 135th Infantry; Albert Harkins, 133d Infantry; William J. McHale, 135th Infantry; Harry McGinley, 135th Infantry; Marty Maotan, 109th Military Police; George Gillman, depot brigade, and Fred Schrasder, depot brigade.

Special to The New York Times.

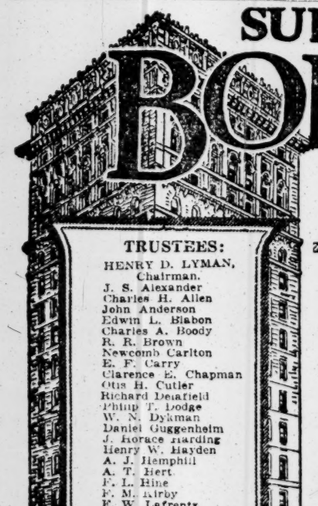
CAMP UPTON, L. I., Sept. 22.—Five more men died here today of pneumonia which developed from Spanish influenza. A similar number of deaths yesterday brings the total up to ten. Today 280 convalescents were discharged, and this enabled the base hospital to accommodate all the influenza and pneumonia patients who were in two of the six camp hospitals. Thirty new pneumonia cases were reported today, bringing the total up to eighty. Under the direction of Major Goddard, the camp surgeon, Captain Overton of the Medical Corps is preparing lectures which will be read throughout camp tomorrow by Y. M. C. A. and K. of C. secretaries and the camp chaplains.

CAMP MILLS, L. I., Sept. 22.—Fifty-two new cases of Spanish influenza were reported today, making 103 cases since Sept. 14, of all the cases ten have resulted in pneumonia and one soldier has died. Among those stricken were several officers, including a Lieutenant Colonel and a physician attached to the base hospital. Major Arthur W. Cutler, in charge of the base hospital, has asked the Queens-Nassau Agricultural Society to postpone its annual fair from Sept. 25-26 to Oct. 16-17 because of the spread of Spanish influenza.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—To dispel alarm about influenza at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station, Captain W. A. Moffett, Commandant, gave out a statement today declaring while there were about 4,500 cases among the 45,000 men, the situation was much improved. The death rate has been about 1½ per cent., which is half the rate in the East. Captain Moffett said the disease had been steadily decreasing since Sept. 19.

Dies of Spanish Influenza.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Sept. 22.—Charles Ludgate, 29 years old, formerly of Pawtucket, R. I., an employe of the Wood Newspaper Machinery Corporation, died here last night at his home on Evona Avenue, from pneumonia following an attack of Spanish influenza.



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TALKS ON BONDING

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Although we continually receive highly complimentary letters about our service, it was especially gratifying to receive the following letter from the Executive Officer of one of the largest Fraternal Orders in the world:

"I desire to acknowledge receipt of your check covering shortage chargeable to one of our former officials. At this time I wish to thank you for your promptness in adjusting our claim and the uniform courtesy and kindness shown by the officials of your Company. It was by far the quickest payment of a loss I ever experienced and speaks volumes for your splendid Company."

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CARDINALS MEET AT PRELATE'S BIER

Will be Enthroned Today at Last but One of Church's Tributes to Farley.

FINAL REQUIEM TOMORROW

Archbishop Bonzano to Officiate at Burial Here with Cardinals Gibbons and O'Connell.

Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore and Archbishop Bonzano, Apostolic Delegate at Washington, arrived last night to attend the closing ceremonies of respect to Cardinal Farley. Both dignitaries went directly to the archiepiscopal residence, Fiftieth Street and Madison Avenue, and shortly afterward Cardinal O'Connell of Boston arrived at the Hotel Gotham, nearby, on Fifth Avenue.

The Cardinals will be enthroned today at a solemn high mass of requiem to be celebrated at 10 o'clock in the Cathedral. The mass will be sung for the various religious communities of the archdiocese, but the public will be permitted to attend. Tomorrow at 1 o'clock the funeral requiem will be offered, the celebrant being Archbishop Bonzano, and at its close the body will be placed in the crypt.

Mgr. Lavelle reiterated last night his request that the public attend the mass today, instead of waiting until tomorrow. He said that about 5,000 tickets had been distributed for the ceremonies tomorrow and that no one without a ticket would be allowed to enter the Cathedral. In expectation that many will try to crowd a way into St. Patrick's, despite requests to the contrary, Police Inspector Morris, who has easily handled the crowds to date, will have an extra force on hand to keep the lines.

Long before the regular solemn high mass which was celebrated at St. Patrick's yesterday was over, long lines of men, women and children were waiting for a chance to view the body. Later a considerable number from nearby churches augmented the lines.

The church itself during the services was thronged to the doors. The pews off the middle aisle were filled with American soldiers and sailors, as well as others from allied nations. The church was draped in purple and black, and the temporary double throne on the Gospel side of the altar, which is to be used today and tomorrow by the visiting Cardinals, was draped in heavy purple cloth.

In his sermon yesterday at 11 o'clock mass, Mgr. Lavelle referred to the long and useful career of Cardinal Farley, saying that his death was a severe loss to the nation at large, to the Catholic Church, and to the Diocese of New York most of all. He said that it left the parishioners of St. Patrick's stricken and suffering the loss of a beloved one."

Continuing, the Monsignor said that the late Cardinal was admirably fitted for the high office which he held, and had measured up fully to the eminent position which he filled. His great desire, the speaker declared, had been not only to make better Catholics, but better Americans as well.

"Cardinal Farley enjoyed his life," said Mgr. Lavelle, "and was happy in the splendid return that he received in the form of respect, love, and gratitude which were showered upon him. He loved the land of his birth and the land of his adoption beyond the power of any person to express. When President Wilson found it necessary to issue the call to arms, no person was quicker to respond than was Cardinal Farley.

"He immediatelyformed the Diocesan War Council, which met every week even during the Summer. You all know what splendid results were accomplished. The Cardinal also led the Knights of Columbus drive, which, through his thorough and intelligent leadership, surprised the nation when it raised $5,000,000. A great light has gone out, a strong arm is paralyzed, and a loving heart is cold. Great, indeed, is our loss."

Owing to the immense crowd that went to the church to view the body no later services were held. Two lines of people waiting to pay their respects to the dead Cardinal had formed early in the afternoon. At 4 o'clock one of these lines extended from the south side of St. Patrick's, on Fiftieth Street, around to and up Madison Avenue. The same situation existed last night, except that the lines were then standing four deep, the west sidewalk of Madison Avenue for several blocks being packed with persons who moved at about four steps a minute toward the church.

The lines waiting for admission through the north entrance of St. Patrick's ran across Fifty-first Street, thence West to Fifth Avenue and up that thoroughfare to the Hotel St. Regis at Fifty-fifth Street. A policeman, stationed every ten feet kept the waiting thousands from breaking lines.

Justice Samuel Levy of the Children's Court, in East Twenty-second Street, announced last night that he would begin today's session of the court by delivering a eulogy on the late prelate. In honor of the Cardinal, Justice Levy will order his court closed tomorrow.

It was estimated that up to 8:30 o'clock last night 95,000 persons had viewed the body of the Cardinal. It had been intended to close the doors at 11, but orders were issued to keep open until the last person in line had passed through the Cathedral. Regarding tomorrow's final ceremonies, Sexton James A. Boyle announced that he had arranged to handle the largest delegation of prelates that has ever assembled in St. Patrick's.

MGR. IRELAND NEAR DEATH.

Western Prelates Reach St. Paul as Archbishop Rallies Slightly.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 22.—Archbishop John Ireland, metropolitan of the province of St. Paul, rallied slightly today as prayers were said for the dying prelate in all Catholic churches of the province, including Minnesota, North and South Dakota. Father T. M. Welsh, Secretary to the Archbishop, said it was hoped that he would live through the night, but physicians were constantly at the archiepiscopal residence watching for any change for the worse.

Archbishop Messmer of Chicago was expected to come to St. Paul in answer to a summons, while Bishop Thomas O'Gorman of Sioux Falls, S. D., as well as Bishop James Trobec of Rice, Minn., and Bishop James O'Reilly of Fargo, N. D., were at the residence of the Archbishop today. Other Church dignitaries have wired they will arrive tomorrow.

Miss Hall Wed to Sergeant Walker.

Mrs. Cornelia Van Horn Hall of New York announces the marriage of her daughter, Miss Helen Malvern Hall, and Sergeant Dudley Vernon Walker, U. S. A., Tank Corps, and son of Mr. and Mrs. John E. Walker of this city, on Aug. 10, in the Prince of Peace Church at Gettysburg, Penn. Mr. Walker was a student at Stevens Institute of Technology before he enlisted in the service.

Engagements.

Rear Admiral Edward H. Gheen, U. S. N., and Mrs. Gheen announce from Blue Ridge Summit, Penn., the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mary Monfort Gheen, to Lieut. Commander Alva Douglas Bernhard, attached to the U. S. S. Kansas.

Dr. and Mrs. A. J. Ward of Greenwich, Conn., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Emilie Ward, to Edward W. Welmar, Jr., of Byam Shore. Mr. Welmer left Columbia College in his junior year to enter the army.

Mr. and Mrs. Lennox Stewart Faber of Orange, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Gladys Fabor, to Richard Bryan Grant, a son of Mrs. J. Ralston Grant.

The engagement is announced of Miss Wilma Marie White, a daughter of Mrs. William P. White of Montclair, to William Calvin Bugbee, a cadet in the aviation service, and son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Bugbee, who was graduated last Friday from the ground school of the Aviation Corps at Princeton.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Kohn of 251 West Ninety-fifth Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Kohn, to Siegfried Wurzburger, a Sergeant in the United States Army, and a son of the late Adolph Wurzburger and Mrs. Wurzburger of 342 West Eighty-eighth Street.

Marriage and death notices, intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BERNSTEIN.—To Mr. and Mrs. David Bernstein, (nee Ruth Helborn,) a son, Sept. 20, at the Lying-In Hospital.

Married.

MARX—POWERS.—On Friday, Sept. 20, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Joseph E. Bulkley, Julia, daughter of the late Thomas Jennings Powers, to Henry Forster Marx of Easton, Penn.

NASON—KENT.—On Sund y, Sept. 22, 1918, Miss Fan Kent of 575 West 159th St., to Mr. Louis A. Nason of 1,107 Forest Av., New York City.

Died.

ANTHONY.—On Friday, Sept. 20, 1918, Isaac Stephen, beloved husband of Sarah Hannah Anthony and father of Frederick L. Anthony, now in United States service in France. Funeral services in the Welsh Presbyterian Church, 155th St. and Amsterdam Av., Monday evening, at 8 o'clock. Brother Ivorites attend.

BARLOW.—George Whitfeld, Jr., suddenly, Sept. 20, 1918. Services at 11 A. M. Monday, Sept. 23, at his late residence, 230 Riverside Drive. Funeral private.

BAYER.—Suddenly, on Sept. 22, at Great Neck, Charles H. Bayer, in his 42d year, brother of Mrs. Christian Boell, Gustave and Henry Bayer. Masonic services at his home, Great Neck Villa, Great Neck, L. I., on Tuesday evening, Sept. 24, at 8 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

BAYER.—On S-pt. 22, suddenly, at Great Neck, Jessie Goggin Bayer, 38 years old, wife of Charles H. Bayer and sister of Thomas W., Henry J., Hilda, Lucy, and Jennie Goggin. Funeral Wednesday, Sept. 25, at 10 o'clock, from St. Augustine's Church, 167th St. and Franklin Av., Bronx. Interment Woodlawn.

BETTES.—Suddenly, following an operation, Sept. 21, at Paris, Texas, Joseph M., beloved husband of Nell Cochran, in his 36th year.

BOGART.—At Westfield, N. J., on Saturday, Sept. 21, 1918, William J., beloved husband of Martha Elizabeth Casilear. Funeral from his late residence, 115 Central Av., Westfield, N. J., on Monday, Sept. 23, at 4 o'clock. Train leaves foot of Liberty St., C. R. R. of N. J., 3 P. M. Interment private.

BOORAEM.—Robert Elmer, son of the late Henry A. and Cornelia Van Vorst Booraem. Funeral services at Olivet Memorial Church, 83 2d St., near 2d Av., on Monday, Sept. 23, at 2 P. M.

BREWSTER.—Amelia Ives, died Sept. 20, at Danbury, Conn., in her eighty-second year. She was the widow of the late Judge Lyman D. Brewster. Funeral at 2:30 Monday afternoon, Sept. 23, at her residence, Danbury, Conn.

BURRELL.—At Madison, N. J., on Saturday, Sept. 21, 1918, after a long illness, Clara De Forest, wife of Rev. David James Burrell.

CANNON.—Suddenly at Poultney, Vt., on Saturday, Sept. 21, 1918, Dr. Mott Dwight Cannon. Funeral services at St. Andrew's Church, 5th Av. and 127th St., New York City, Tuesday, Sept. 24, 10:30 A. M. Interment private, Greenwood Cemetery.

CLANCY.—Sept. 21, 1918, Thomas Clancy, age 49 years, 536 West 140th St. Funeral Tuesday morning, 8 o'clock. Interment Dover Plains, N. Y. Philadelphia (Penn.) papers please copy.

CRANE.—At Stamford, Conn., on Saturday, Sept. 21, 1918, Albert Crane. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, Strawberry Hill Av., on Tuesday morning, at 11 o'clock. Conveyances will meet train leaving Grand Central Depot, at 9:45 A. M. Kindly omit flowers. Interment at convenience of the family. Boston papers please copy.

DAVIDSON.—Funeral services of Second Lieutenant Edward Crawford Davidson, Jr., Sept. 23, 4 P. M., St. John's Church, Elizabeth, N. J. Please omit flowers.

DAVIES.—Suddenly, Sunday, Sept. 22, 1918, Susanna, widow of Thomas R. Davies and daughter of the late Charles I. and Jane L. De Bevoise. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DRISCOLL.—On Saturday, Sept. 21, 1918, James F. Driscoll, beloved husband of Loretta H. Stack. Funeral from his late residence, 417 Oakland Av., West New Brighton, S. I., on Monday, Sept. 23, 1918, at 4 P. M. Interment Brasher Falls, N. Y.

DRURY.—Sept. 20, Caroline Montgomery Drury, beloved wife of David M. Drury of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral services at her late residence, 159 Pulaski St., Brooklyn, Monday evening, Sept. 23, at 8 o'clock.

DUENKEL.—Louis E., of 314 Stevens St., West Hoboken, N. J., on Sept. 15, 1918, at Los Angeles, Cal.

ESTERLY.—Mrs. Julia Bacon, on Sept. 21, 1918, beloved mother of Henry M. Esterly, Portland, Ore.; Mrs. Paul R. Wright, Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. Paul Blume, Hackensack, N. J.; Mrs. M. H. Korn, Bogota, N. J. Funeral services at North Congregational Church, Woodbury, Conn., at 2 P. M., Tuesday, Sept. 24, 1918.

FARLEY.—JOHN CARDINAL.

At a special meeting of the New York Chapter, Knights of Columbus, held Sept. 21, the following was adopted:

Whereas, John Cardinal Farley, devoted pastor, prelate, Prince of the Church, and Archbishop of New York, has answered the summons of his Master as he so fully followed in life and has gone to his eternal reward; and,

Whereas, in his demise the Catholic Church in America has lost one of its brightest ornaments, and the Church at large one of its greatest glories, and mankind everywhere a loving and devoted father, counselor, guide, and friend; and,

Whereas, the land of his adoption, which was ever dear to him as life itself, whose people he loved and whose Constitution he revered and ever glorified before all men, has lost a valiant champion and an uncompromising defender; and,

Whereas, in his passing America and the cause of democracy the world over is bereaved of a mighty moral force and an upstanding advocate for the perpetuation of its ideals, which he inculcated unfailingly and for which he exhorted its sons to battle unflinchingly, and which have nowhere been more eloquently or more forcibly summarized than in one of his last utterances, "God of Battles, hear us, judge our cause, give us justice, freedom, and peace"; and,

Whereas, his constant labors, vigils, and prayers were for that triumph of our arms which even now is looming up as a rainbow, not only of hope and promise, but of glorious accomplishment on the stricken fields of Europe; therefore be it

Resolved, That as Americans, Catholics, and Knights of Columbus, who are indebted to him in an especial manner for so much of moral and material encouragement in all of our undertakings, we do hereby record our deep and sincere grief in the irreparable loss that has come to us in his demise; and be it further

Resolved, That, in some slight testimony of our sorrow, our clubhouses be draped in mourning and our social functions canceled for thirty days, and that a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to Bishop Patrick J. Hayes, Auxiliary Bishop of New York, and to the Administrator of the Archdiocese of New York.

EDWARD A. ARNOLD, Chairman.
HARRY G. Le BOIS, Secretary.

FARLEY.—JOHN CARDINAL—

The Board of Managers of The Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the City of New York, at a special meeting held for that purpose on the 19th day of September, 1918,

Resolved, That the death of our beloved Cardinal, though a great personal bereavement to each member of this board, has a greater and wider significance. It is an irreparable loss not alone to charity, religion, and the country, but to Christianity itself. His life was devoted not only to the amelioration of the conditions of the sick, and the poor and friendless, but to the maintenance of the highest ideals of patriotism and religion. Though his heart went out to the poor and unfortunate, his sense of right and justice made him an inflexible conservator of personal and property rights. He was strongly imbued with true sentiments of love of country, which it was his constant effort to have inculcated in all the schools under his jurisdiction.

He was not only a great prelate, but a true American, and a model of every virtue which should adorn a good priest and a virtuous citizen. Conspicuous for his courage, firmness, and justice, he was no less marked for gentleness, meekness, and mercy.

With a mind stored with knowledge, with a heart full of generous emotions, with a strong will, able to surmount difficulties, all these were devoted in the highest and best services that a man could render to his fellow-men.

We who have been intimately associated in one of the many charities dear to his heart—the care of orphans—feel most deeply the loss of his wise counsel and guidance, and sympathize with the orphans who are deprived of his fatherly protection. As President of this board for more than fifteen years he assiduously labored for the comfort and happiness of those committed to its care. No sacrifice was too great, no labor too onerous, when it was a question of providing for these little ones.

Mindful as we are of his great and important work for the country, State, and city, and of his valuable services to religion and charity, we deem it especially appropriate that there should be entered upon our records a minute expressive of his invaluable services to the homeless orphans, and of their and our sentiments of esteem and affection, and of our sense of the irreparable loss sustained by his death.

As a testimonial of our loving respect, it is ordered that this minute be spread upon our records, that our asylums be draped in mourning for the space of thirty days, and that the members of this board attend his funeral in a body.

Right Rev. JOSEPH F. MOONEY, V. G., Vice President.
FRANCIS O'NEILL, Secretary.

Died.

FARLEY.—JOHN CARDINAL.

THE TRUSTEES OF ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL, in the City of New York, in meeting assembled on the twentieth day of September, Nineteen hundred and eighteen, do make this minute:

They record their inexpressible sorrow at the loss of their President, Cardinal Archbishop and friend.

His achievements in the material and spiritual spheres of his activities are too many to be noted here, and too well known to require recital.

His piety, wisdom, executive power, gentleness, firmness, human sympathy, and love of country were distinguished among his many commanding qualities. His virtues are lost to his flock and to his country as a living force, but they will survive in memory as an inspiration to higher things. And, they pray that as he looks down upon this world with his holy eyes he will see that his people are responding to his devout wishes and his highest aspirations for them.

THOMAS H. KELLY, Secretary.

FARLEY.—The members of the Medical Board of The New York Foundling Hospital deeply regret the loss occasioned by the death of its Honorary President and spiritual adviser, his Eminence, John Cardinal Farley; and his unremitting and kindly interest in our little patients will ever be a happy memory. He was at all times a counsellor, guide, and warm friend of the institution.

It is hereby resolved that the above sentiments be inscribed on the minutes of this board and that the members of the Board attend the funeral services.

STANLEY BRADY, M. D., Secretary.
JOSEPH A. DILLON, M. D., President.

FARLEY.—John Cardinal. The officers and trustees of the New York Public Library, Astor, Lenox, and Tilden Foundations, met and resolved to attend the funeral of His Eminence Cardinal Farley, for many years a member of its Board of Trustees, to be held at St. Patrick's Cathedral on Tuesday, Sept. 24, at 10 o'clock.

Signed, LEWIS CASS LEDYARD, President.

FOSTER.—Abbott, in Litchfield, Conn., on Sept. 22, he was born in Utica, N. Y., in 1850. There will be no notice of the funeral service. Please do not send flowers.

FRASER.—On Sept. 21, 1918, Margaret, beloved wife of Alexander Fraser, in her 67th year. Services will be held at her late residence, 48 Glover Av., Yonkers, Tuesday, Sept. 24, 1:30 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

GOLDSTEIN.—Hannah, beloved wife of Benjamin, on Sept. 21. Funeral services at her late residence, 160 Riverside Av., on Monday, Sept. 23, at 1:30 P. M.

GRUNDNER. — Max, beloved husband of Sarah Bloodgood Grundner, at his home at Sea Gate, N. Y., on Sept. 22. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HEALY.—On Sunday, Sept. 22, at Cold Spring-on-Hudson, after a brief illness, Frank Healy, beloved husband of Elizabeth E. Tooker. Funeral services will be held at the Lafayette Presbyterian Church corner Lafayette Av. and South Oxford St., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Sept. 25, 8 P. M.

HAYDEN.—Suddenly, at New Rochelle, N. Y., Sept. 22, 1918, Josephine Eddy, beloved wife of John Harold Hayden. Funeral and interment private. Chicago and Evanston (Ill.) papers please copy.

HELLER.—Mrs. Minnie, on Sept. 22, beloved wife of Phillip Heller. Funeral Monday, Sept. 23, 1:30 P. M., from residence, 68 East 120th St. Relatives and friends invited.

HEINSOHN.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., on Sept. 21, Florence Dorothea, beloved daughter of Richard and Caroline H. Heinsohn. Funeral services at her late home, 201 West Lincoln Av., on Tuesday evening, Sept. 24, at 8 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn Wednesday, at convenience of family.

HENDRYX.—Suddenly on Sept. 21, at Allentown, Penn., Wilbur Alson, beloved husband of Marie E. Hendryx, in the 70th year of his age. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., (Campbell Building), on Tuesday morning, 10 o'clock. Interment private.

HINCHMAN.—On Saturday, Sept. 21, 1918, at the residence of her brother, Ralph P. Hinchman, Port Jefferson, N. Y., Anna Morris, daughter of the late John J. and Julia B. Hinchman. Funeral services on Tuesday, Sept. 24, at 2 P. M., at the church of the Reformed Church on the Heights, Pierrepont St. and Monroe Place, Brooklyn.

KELSEY.—Jacob, Huntington, L. I., N. Y., in his 82d year, Sept. 20, at the residence of his son. Funeral services Monday, 1:30 P. M., at the Central Presbyterian Church, Huntington, L. I.

LONKE.—At Jamaica, L. I., Anna, beloved daughter of Meta A. M. and the late Christian F. L. Funeral services at her late residence, 205 Van Wyck Boulevard, Jamaica, on Monday evening, Sept. 23, at 8 P. M. Interment Lutheran Cemetery on Sept. 24.

McINTYRE.—Mrs. William. Services Tuesday, 11 A. M., THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Frank Campbell's,) Broadway, 66th St. Auspices Actors' Fund.

MEEHAN.—Margaret, at Essex County Hospital, 8 o'clock, Sept. 22, aged 45.

MEISE.—On Friday, Sept. 20, 1918, Henry W., beloved husband of Katie Meise, in his 57th year. Funeral services at late residence, 37 Liberty Av., Dongan Hills, S. I., on Monday, Sept. 23, at 2 P. M. Interment Moravian Cemetery.

PRICHETT.—Henry C., on Sept. 22 at the Hotel Plaza. Funeral private.

PRIME.—William Heermance, second son of Ralph Earl Prime, Jr., and Jessie Heermance Prime of Yonkers, N. Y., in the service of his country, off the coast of France, on the night of Sept. 16, 1918, in his 21st year.

SACHTLEBEN.—On Sept. 21, 1918, Herman, in his 68th year. Funeral services at 453 Irving Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

Died.

SHRIER.—On Sept. 11, at San Diego, Cal., aged 64 years, Clara, widow of the late Henry Shrier, and devoted mother of Blanche L. Ehrenberg, Evelyn A. Harris, and Jay E. Shrier. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the Chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 2,003 7th Av., Tuesday, Sept. 24, at 10 A. M. Interment private.

TILNEY.—At a hospital in France, on Sept. 17, 1918, of pneumonia, Nicholas Lechmere, son of John S. and Georgiana E. Tilney of Orange, N. J., aged 34, Captain in the American Red Cross. Memorial service Wednesday, Sept. 25, in St. Mark's Church, Orange, N. J., at 3:45 P. M. D., L. & W. train leaves Hoboken at 2:51.

WILSON.—In Wilmington, Del., after a short illness, on Sept. 22, 1918, Katharine, daughter of General James H. Wilson, U. S. A. Funeral services Old Swedes' Protestant Episcopal Church, on Sept. 24, at 4 o'clock P. M. Please omit flowers.

WINSLOW.—On Aug. 23, in France in the service of his country, Captain Kenelm Winslow, United States Infantry, eldest son of Francis D. Winslow and Emma C. Winslow and beloved husband of Emily Foster Winslow, in the thirty-fifth year of his age. Notice of memorial service hereafter.

WOODWORTH.—Irving, Pelham, N. Y., died suddenly, Sunday, Sept. 22, 37 years. Funeral at convenience of family.

WOOLSEY.—Emily Cox, wife of Arthur Eugene Woolsey, of Mountain Lake, N. J., suddenly, in New York City, Saturday, Sept. 21. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Wolcott B. Crane, 38 Church St., Montclair, N. J., Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 24, at 2:30 o'clock.

WRIGHT.—Suddenly, Sept. 13, Grace W., beloved wife of Charles F. Wright, at her late residence, 526 West 115th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

In Memoriam.

WATKINS.—A tender tribute and ever constant loving memory of our beloved son, Ercel, Sept. 23, 1910.

MRS. DAVID J. BURRELL DIES.

Wife of Marble Collegiate Pastor Had Been Ill at Summer Home.

Mrs. Clara De Forrest Burrell, wife of the Rev. Dr. David James Burrell, pastor for many years of the Marble Collegiate Church, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street, died Saturday at the Burrell Summer home at Madison, N. J., after an illness of some time. Mrs. Burrell was active in church work and was President of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Collegiate Church for the last fifteen years.

Mrs. Burrell was born in Freeport, Ill., and was married to Dr. Burrell in 1871. Dr. Burrell's home in New York of late years has been at 248 West Seventy-fifth Street.

Obituary Notes.

EUGENE I. PERSONS, manager of the woolen house of Curtis & Warren, with which firm he was associated for thirty-five years, died Saturday at his home, 405 West 261st Street. He was 70 years old, was born at Hillsdale, N. Y., and had lived in this city nearly all his life. He was a Knight Templar.

MICHAEL COHN, a manager for the National Cloak and Suit Company, died last Friday at his home in Arverne, L. I. He was born in this city sixty-seven years ago and had lived at Arverne for twenty-five years.

H. C. PRITCHARD, member of the firm of Pritchard & Co., brokers at 80 Wall Street, died yesterday in his apartment at the Hotel Plaza. He was born in Nashville, Tenn., thirty-six years ago and had lived in this city twenty years.

LOUISE D'ACRE, the actress, wife of William McIntyre, whose father is a member of the vaudeville team of McIntyre and Heath, died yesterday at the Sloan Hospital. Mrs. D'Acre was well known for twenty-five years on the vaudeville and burlesque stage.

KATHARINE WILSON, daughter of General James H. Wilson, U. S. A., soldier, railroad builder, and author, died yesterday at her home in Wilmington, Del. General Wilson's family formerly lived in this city and Miss Wilson was well known socially in New York.

MAX GRUNDNER, well known in marine insurance circles of New York, died yesterday afternoon at Seagirt, N. J. He was about 60 years old, and came to America from Germany, where he was born, more than twenty-five years ago. His city home was at 47 West Seventy-third Street.

Will Teach Income Tax Law.

Mark Eisner, Internal Revenue Collector for the Third New York District, will conduct a special course in income tax laws for New York University at the Washington Square Building. A similar course will be given at the Wall Street branch by John A. Forlin, Deputy Collector of the Fifth District, New Jersey. The opening exercises of the New York University course will be held Tuesday night at University Place Presbyterian Church, whose pastor, the Rev. Dr. George Alexander, is President of the University Council.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233 St. By Harlem Train and by Trolleys.
Office, 20 East 23d St., New York.
Lots of small size for sale.

DURING the Summer months we make a specialty of floral designs, $1.00 and up. BLOOMINGDALE BROS., 59th St. and 3d Av.

When You Dine
at Shanley's you are certain to find the ideal combination of food quality, service and pleasant surroundings. Convince yourself—say, tomorrow evening.
There is limitless diversion in the vaudeville de luxe program—evenings, seven to one.
Our luncheons solve the mid-day problem for critical folk—90c (Music) 12 to 2:30 P. M.
SAVE AND BUY W. S. S.
Provide for those who fight for you.
SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

AFTERNOON TEA DANCES EVERY DAY, 3 TO 5:30
ALSO MUSIC AND DANCING AFTER 9 TILL CLOSING
Janssen wants to see you
Formerly the Famous Fuffran
30th Street and Broadway
Table d'Hote and a la Carte
DELICIOUS SOUTHERN CHICKEN DINNER

780 Madison Ave.
Between 66 and 67 Streets
Apartment Hotel
Exclusive, private Suites, beautifully FINISHED, with all hotel conveniences, including maid service.
Restaurant
2 Rooms and Bath, $750 up.
4 Rooms and Bath, $1,550 up.
Reception room decorated by Charles of London.

Hotel Sinclair
125th Street and Park Ave.
Opposite New York Central R. R. Station.
Newly furnished single rooms, $6 per week; with private bath, $8; double rooms, $10 per week, with private bath, $12; also suite rooms for families, at very attractive rates; popular-priced restaurant.

Leases Are Not Required
—BUT—
REFERENCES ARE.
Newly Furnished Suites
Of Two, Three, Four, Five, and Six Rooms
FROM $75 TO $180 A MONTH
With or without kitchens. Maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included.
In the heart of the best residential section of New York City.
RESTAURANT OF QUALITY.
Hotel Schuyler

MISSES WAGNER AND CASSELL CAPTURE STATE TITLE AT LAWN TENNIS DOUBLES

THREE-HOUR MATCH DECIDES NET TITLE

Miss Wagner and Miss Cassell Gain State Doubles Laurels in Bitter Battle.

LOSERS IN DESPERATE STAND

Mrs. Green and Mrs. Morris Finally Bow to Defeat After Two Deuce Sets, 9-7, 11-9.

Only after a bitter struggle which was waged on the courts of the New York Lawn Tennis Club for nearly three hours yesterday afternoon was Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Clare Cassell able to achieve the New York State women's doubles championship. The vanquished were Mrs. Homer Stuart Green and Mrs. L. Gouveneur Morris of Ardsley, and they went to a defeat almost as glorious as was the victory of the first women's State champions.

The issue was fought out in straight sets, but so evenly matched were the two pairs and so meticulously steady was Mrs. Green that thirty-six games were needed, and the final score was 9—7, 11—9. The match was followed by a capacity gallery which showed its appreciation of the playing by almost continual applause.

Seldom has Mrs. Green displayed a greater effort at tennis. She stuck to the base line and raced the width of the court for get after get which would have discouraged almost any other player. Her returns were perfectly judged, and only rarely did she fail to keep the ball in court. She was determined upon victory, and fought with a tenacity and stamina which should have been crowned with success, but she was opposed by two able racquet wielders, two experienced players who took advantage of every opening and who drove to victory through an opening so small few of the gallery caught the fact.

It was unfortunate for the losers that Mrs. Morris became too overanxious just at the critical point of the second set when to all appearances she and Mrs. Green were on the point of winning that set and bringing matters to even terms.

Within Point of Set.

Miss Cassell was serving, and the score stood 5—3 in favor of Mrs. Green and Mrs. Morris with 40—15 on game. Only one point was needed for the set. Mrs. Green led up to the climax by placing the ball in the far corner of the court, and Miss Cassell was just able to get it back with a rapid, backhand stroke. The ball floated directly up to Mrs. Morris and in such a manner to make a kill almost positive, especially with such an able net player as Mrs. Morris offered the opportunity. Mrs. Morris misjudged the speed of the slow-moving ball and made her effort a bit premature. The ball flew into the net and this chance was lost.

Undaunted Mrs. Green again made the opening, and again a kill was offered Mrs. Morris to clinch the set, and again Mrs. Morris drove the ball into the net. In this one game Mrs. Morris had four chances to win the set, all seemingly more than any one could ask for, and four times Mrs. Morris sent the ball into the net.

Revived by this unexpected good fortune, Miss Wagner and Miss Cassell waged battle even more bitterly than before, and quickly brought the set to deuce. Mrs. Morris more than made up for her lapse in the critical game by her play thereafter, but Miss Wagner and Miss Cassell would not be denied. However, it took eleven more games to wear down the enthusiasm of Mrs. Green and Mrs. Morris, and to finally decide the match with a placement shot by Miss Wagner.

Miss Cassell played exceptionally. Mrs. Green kept most of her shots aimed at Miss Cassell and most of the time Miss Cassell was digging the ball out of the far, back corner of the court. Under the circumstances it is remarkable that Miss Cassell was so steady. She smashed with her backhand on cross court shots which kept Mrs. Green continually on the run and prevented Mrs. Green from volleying in return. This fact brought Miss Wagner innumerable opportunities of finish off a point, and she never failed to grasp the offers.

Contest Close at All Times.

The closeness of the contest is attested to in the points of the match. The victors made 140 points to 133 for the losers. In the second set the losers won three love games, the only three of the match. Almost every point was fought out in seemingly interminable rallies.

The first set was nip and tuck, with neither having an advantage until the score was 7-all. In the next game Miss Wagner finished off the winning point, after deuce had been called twice, with a sharp volley down the side line. Mrs. Morris served the final game of the first set and was started to defeat when Miss Cassell won the first point by a ball which hit the net and toppled over out of reach. Two errors by Mrs. Morris and one by Mrs. Green ended that set.

In the second set Mrs. Green and Mrs. Morris opened up a lead of 4—1 in games. Mrs. Green then lost her service, but quickly retaliated by taking Miss Wagner's service and the lead at 5—2. In the next two games the match was decided as Miss Wagner and Miss Cassell put up a sterling defense and won both games, but only after each had gone to deuce three times. It was in the second of these games that Mrs. Morris wasted her opportunities to finished off the set. Never thereafter did Miss Wagner or Miss Cassell get within a point of set until the final game when, with Mrs. Morris serving, the battle was decided.

This match took up so much of Miss Wagner's afternoon that she was unable to finish her matches in the singles and mixed doubles, and these events were forced over until today. Previous to the final of the doubles Miss Wagner and Miss Cassell disposed of Mrs. Percy Wilbourn and Mrs. Samuel W. Waring at 6—2, 6—4 in the semi-finals.

Only one other match was played, and this placed Miss Eleanor Goss and Walter Merrill Hall in the final of the mixed doubles. They defeated Mrs. W. H. Pritchard and Vincent Richards, the national doubles champion with William T. Tilden, 2d, at 6—2, 10—8, 6—1. Richards played mightily, as did Mrs. Pritchard, but they were opposed to a combination which refused to be downed.

KRAMER TAKES PACED RACE.

Sprint Champion Beats Spencer in Five-Mile Event.

NEWARK, Sept. 22.—Frank L. Kramer defeated Arthur Spencer in a five-mile paced race at the Velodrome here today. It was rather a sensational victory for the American champion, for a lap and one-half from home it looked as if he would be beaten. Spencer jumped around him at that point and held the lead until the last turn on the last lap, when Kramer circled him and raced down the home stretch a winner by a length.

Alfred Goullet of the United States Navy, who was supposed to ride against Kramer, could not come down from Boston, being quarantined, due to the epidemic of Spanish influenza.

Bob Spears won the three-mile open by nosing out Alf Grenda at the tape, and also beating McNamara, Corry, and Hanley. In the mile handicap Spears won from Eaton, Coburn, Crebs, and Grimm.

APPROVES FOOTBALL TRIPS.

Northwestern Eleven to be Allowed to Play Games.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Approval of the Northwestern University football schedule, which calls for three interstate trips, was given by the military commandant at the university tonight. The hours of 4:30 to 6 o'clock daily were set aside for football practice.

Northwestern will play Iowa, Michigan, and Nebraska. The Nebraska game will be for the benefit of the Red Cross.

GOLFERS TOY WITH PAR.

McNamara and Kerrigan Victors in Golf Match.

A quartet of golf professionals toyed with par in a match on the links of the Woodmere Club yesterday. After playing all day Tom McNamara and Tom Kerrigan won by a 2 and 1 margin over Jimmy West of Rockaway and Jack Pirie of the home club. The winning pair had a best ball of 136 for the double round. The match was for the Red Cross, and upward of $1,000 was raised.

In the afternoon, as an extra incentive for the players, a prize was offered to the golfer making the best individual score, and this was won by West, who, after taking 41 to the turn, came back in 33 for a 74.

Kerrigan and McNamara worked well together as a team, and, as usual, it was McNamara who did the spectacular putting. He got 2's at the short ninth hole, both rounds. At the end of the morning the ultimate winners stood 2 up, having a best ball of 68, as against 71 for the opposition.

The best ball cards follow:

MORNING ROUND.

McNamara and Kerrigan—
Out .....5 4 3 5 4 3 3 4 2—33
Pirie and West—
Out .....4 4 4 5 5 3 5 4 3—37
McNamara and Kerrigan—
In .....4 4 3 4 3 5 4 4 4—35—68
Pirie and West—
In .....3 3 3 3 3 5 4 4 6—34—71

AFTERNOON ROUND.

McNamara and Kerrigan—
Out .....4 4 4 5 5 3 4 5 3—37
Pirie and West—
Out .....5 3 4 5 4 3 4 4 3—35
McNamara and Kerrigan—
In .....4 3 3 4 4 4 4 3 5—34—68—136
Pirie and West—
In .....4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4—32—67—138

WOMEN IN GOLF TOURNEY.

One-Day Event to be Held at Baltusrol.

A one-day medal play golf tournament will be held at the Baltusrol Golf Club Wednesday under the auspices of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association. It will be a Red Cross affair and will be one of the last tournaments of the organization this season. Since Baltusrol has a number of expert feminine players, including Mrs. William A. Gavin, the metropolitan champion, it is expected that there will be a large entry.

GOLF ON NEARBY LINKS.

Play in the championship of the Great Neck Golf Club was started yesterday when some of the matches in the first round were decided. Dwight Rockwell, who won the championship last year, will defend the title again. In the matches yesterday H. B. Martin beat Dan Smith, 4 and 2; Walter Clifford beat A. B. Kraft, 3 and 2; Donald Brian beat E. E. Arnold, 2 and 1; Albert Date won from T. A. Morrow by default.

F. B. Porter will meet A. S. Andrews for the championship of the Flushing Country Club in the final. Porter yesterday disposed of E. F. Oates in the semi-final by 4 and 3. On Saturday Andrews defeated L. C. L. Smith by 4 and 3.

HEARNS DEFEATS WALKERS.

Scratch Man Beats Handicapped Field in Heel-and-Toe Race.

Kyron Hearns of the Pastime A. C. led a large field of walkers in a four-mile handicap yesterday at Macombs Dam Park under the auspices of the Walkers Club of America. Hearns, after following out a fast pace from the start of the race, overtook his liberally handicapped field in the last 100 yards and managed to eke out a victory by about one yard from A. Rode, Walkers Club of America. The victor's time was 35:03.

The order of finish follows:

K. Hearns, Pastime A. C., (scratch,) 33:03; A. Rode, Walkers Club of America, (4:15,) 37:19; Alexander Jessup, Morningside A. C., (scratch,) 35:37; P. Anthony, Pastime A. C., (1:00,) 34:35; H. K. Harrington, Walkers Club of America, (1:00,) 35:57; P. Abbthi, Pastime A. C., (4:30,) 39:18; A. Arnold, Pastime A. C., (4:00,) 39:11; I. Greengold, Walkers Club of America, (4:50,) 42:29; T. Hanson, Walkers Club of America, (5:00,) 44:00.

ILER IN TENNIS VICTORY.

Pelham Bay Sailor Reaches Fourth Round at Yonkers.

Alexander Iler, a sailor from Pelham Bay, reached the fourth round of the men's singles in the Park Hill Country Club tournament at Yonkers yesterday. He defeated H. Norton 6—0, 6—2 in the third round after eliminating Douglas McCallum by 6—1, 6—2 in the second round. J. B. Hughes, another sailor, came through the second round successfully, but met with defeat at the hands of William Fischer in the third round, the score being 6—1, 7—5.

The men's doubles will start this afternoon, and twenty-four women will begin play in the singles this morning. Play will continue throughout the week.

The summaries:

Second Round.—H. Norton defeated W. H. Pritchard, 6—3, 6—2; Alexander Iler defeated Douglas McCallum, 6—1, 6—2; C. B. Stewart defeated M. Porter, 6—1, 6—1; Allen Behr defeated Herbert Foster, 6—1, 6—3; J. D. Hughes defeated J. P. Cage, 6—1, 6—1; William Fischer defeated F. Norton, 6—1, 6—2; Fred Pianisani defeated J. Salter, 6—3, 8—6; W. Wolkovitz defeated B. G. Anderson, 6—4, 6—3; Fred Letson defeated H. Rosen, 6—2, 6—0; J. S. O'Boyle defeated Lewis B. Dudley, 6—1, 1—6, 6—4; Dr. G. B. Stanley defeated R. Forsburg, 6—3, 6—3; H. B. O'Boyle defeated A. Lesterence, 6—1, 6—1; Ingo F. Hartman defeated Philip Dean, 6—0, 6—0.

Third Round.—Alexander Iler defeated H. Norton, 6—0, 6—2; Will is Fischer defeated J. B. Hughes, 6—1, 7—5.

ALTAIR WINS FINAL STAR CLASS EVENT

Little Yacht Speeds to Victory Under Encouragement of Strong Wind.

The curtain was drawn on yacht racing in Little Neck Bay yesterday when the last of a series of interclub races for the championship of the Star class was sailed over the course of the Bayside Yacht Club. A strong wind from the northwest resulted in one of the fastest races over the course this year. Edwin V. Willis, sailing in the Altair, under the colors of the Port Washington Yacht Club, again demonstrated the versatility of that little craft when he won by one minute over a field of thirteen Stars.

The Shadow, owned and sailed by William L. Inslee of the Bayside Yacht Club, finished second. L. A. Dalrymple Percival, in the Mars II. of the Port Washington Yacht Club, finished third, 1 minute and 25 seconds behind the Shadow. Donald Cowl of the Bayside Yacht Club was fourth with the Shooting Star.

Two of the starters were disabled on account of the heavy wind. The mast of the Aria, owned and sailed by George Abbott, snapped, and he was forced to retire after covering one lap of the course. The heavy wind also tore the mainsail of the Banshee, owned and sailed by Maurice Egerton.

By winning yesterday's race Mr. Willis becomes possessor of the Haskell trophy for the winner of the series over the Bayside Yacht Club course. Mr. Willis had a month ago clinched the championship. In the championship Charles E. Hyde finished second with the Hydra.

The summaries:

INTERCLUB CHAMPIONSHIP RACE. STAR CLASS. (Start, 3:05. Course, 8 miles.)

Yacht & Owner—	Finish. H. M. S.	Elapsed Time. H. M. S.
Altair, E. V. Willis	4 27 05	1 22 05
Shadow, W. L. Inslee	4 28 05	1 23 05
Mars II., L. A. D. Percival	4 29 20	1 24 30
Shooting Star, D. Cowl	4 31 30	1 26 30
Hydra, Charles E. Hyde	4 32 40	1 27 40
Zete, G. W. Elder, Jr.	4 33 50	1 28 50
Taurus, B. L. Linkfield	4 34 00	1 29 00
Big Dipper, J. R. Robinson	4 34 22	1 29 22
Little Dipper, G. A. Corry	4 33 45	1 30 45
C. Minor, Adler & O'Brien	4 37 40	1 32 40
Ari, George Abbott	Disabled	
Banshee, M. Egerton	Disabled	
South'n Cross, A. Knapp Jr.	Did not finish	

HAWK SAILED HOME FIRST.

Slaven Pilots Yacht to Victory at Indian Harbor.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Sept. 22.—In ideal weather conditions for sailing, the Hawk, owned by Ralph N. Slaven, easily won the race among arrow class yachts today over the five-and-a-half-mile course of the Indian Harbor Yacht Club. She finished two minutes and fifty-seven second ahead of E. G. Snow, Jr.'s, Rani. The race among Indian Harbor one-design yachts resulted in a victory for Wahneta, owned by Colonel F. R. Kimberley, which nosed out the Salomy, belonging to H. N. Whittelsey, by forty seconds. There was a strong wind blowing from the northwest when the yachts started.

ALL-AROUND TEST TODAY.

Nation's Leading Athletes to Compete in Title Events.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—America's athletic stars will strive for the highest individual honors of the nation tomorrow, when the closing events of the three days' program of the National A. A. U. championship games will be decided at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station field.

The events are for the all-around championship, which has attracted fourteen entries from all parts of the country, and the championship relays. The relays will bring together the greatest number of teams that ever competed in any athletic carnival. Five are on the program—the 440, 880, one mile, two mile, and four mile races. There will be eight teams in the 440-yard event.

The Pelham Bay Naval Training Station team is expected to win the four and two mile relays, as it is composed of stars, including Charles Pores, who broke the national five-mile record in the senior championships yesterday, and Willie Gordon, another crack Eastern distance runner. The Meadowbrook Club of Philadelphia also will send a strong team into the relays.

EVANS AND JONES VICTORS.

Defeat Travers and Marston in Four-Ball Match.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 22.—Chick Evans, Chicago, and Bobby Jones, Atlanta, today defeated the best ball of Jerome D. Travers, and Max Marston, of New York, 2 up. The golf exhibition was for the benefit of the Soldiers' Tobacco Fund and was played at the Whitemarsh Valley Country Club.

Pastime A. C. Test Arranged.

The curtain on the outdoor track and field season for the Pastime A. C. of the Bronx will be rung down Oct. 13, when the organization holds its annual all-around club championship test at Macomb's Dam Park. The events included in the test are: Running broad jump, 100-yard dash, 440-yard run, putting eight-pound shot, and thirty-five-pound weight throw.

DARTMOUTH DROPS SPORTS.

Abolishes Intercollegiate Competition for Duration of War.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Sept. 22.—Plans for intercollegiate competition in all branches of sport have been suspended at Dartmouth for the duration of the war, and the football schedule already arranged for this year will be canceled, it was announced by the Athletic Council here tonight. Intercollegiate sport, it was thought by the council, might interfere with the program of military training. Organized athletics will be conducted as far as possible by the student army training camp under the direction of the army officers in charge.

Walkers to Meet in Races.

The Walkers' Club of America will promote novice and veterans' walking competitions at Macomb's Dam Park Oct. 20. The event for novices will be at three miles, and for the veterans there will be a race at the same distance, for walkers over 45 years of age.

LEONARD AND LEWIS IN BATTLE TONIGHT

Rival Champions Complete Preparations for Eight-Round Bout in Newark.

Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion, and Ted (Kid) Lewis of England, welterweight class leader, have finished all preparations for their eight-round bout which will be held at Wiedenmayer's Park, Newark, this evening. Leonard is especially eager for the gong, for he has the incentive of the probability of annexing additional title honors in scoring a decisive victory over the Briton.

Unusual interest has been attracted to the match, not alone in local circles, but among out-of-town followers of the ring sport. The advance sale of tickets indicates a record crowd, given that the bout is held under ideal weather conditions. The boxers, under the rules of the New Jersey Boxing Commission, will be compelled to journey to Newark this afternoon for the purpose of weighing in. The stipulated weight is 141 pounds at 3 o'clock, and both contestants are reported well under this figure.

In physical measurements the two ring rivals are as evenly matched as two boxers of separate classes can be. In only minor details are there noticeable any differences, and these are alternately with one and the other boxer. Lewis's ring record is the more impressive for the simple reason that he has been more active than the lightweight champion.

It is freely predicted that if a knockout is scored, the lightweight king will be the one to deliver the decisive blow. Lewis has made no secret of his confidence to upset the career of his rival, and has declared repeatedly that he will win the bout decisively. This is, however, no indication that the contest is sure to end in a knockout for one or the other boxer. In fact, the general opinion is that the bout will go the full eight rounds.

Facilities for reaching the battle-ground are favorable for New Yorkers. The route by the Hudson Tube to Park Place Station, then special cars or buses, or the Port Newark or South Orange Avenue trolley cars will take enthusiasts direct to the park.

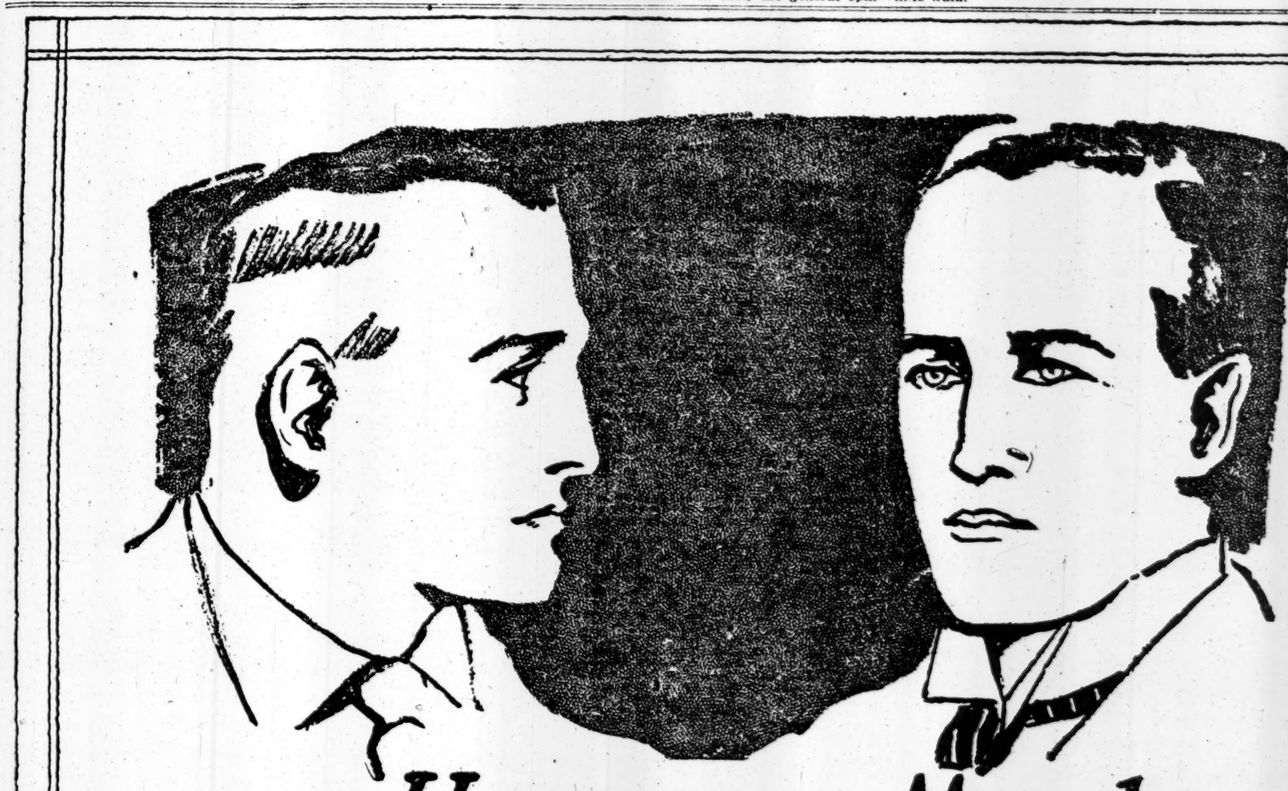
It is planned to put the big battle on at 10 o'clock so that New Yorkers can return to their homes before midnight. The gates of the park will be opened at 6 o'clock, when thousands of general admission tickets at $1 will be placed on sale. The first preliminary will be put on at 8:30 o'clock. The capacity of the park is 20,000.

Patsy Kline, old-time Newark featherweight boxer, will referee the battle.

Bronx A. L. to Hold Meet.

The Bronx Athletic League will hold its closing set of track and field games at Macomb's Dam Park Oct. 6. The events include a 100-yard dash, 220-yard dash, 600-yard run, running broad jump, two-mile run, putting the twelve-pound shot, throwing the javelin, and a one-mile walk.

TODAY
AT
AQUEDUCT
$2,500
BELDAME
HANDICAP
A 2-Mile Steeplechase
and 4 Other Classy Contests
BEGINNING AT 2:30 P. M.
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS
leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Ave.; also from Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, at 12:30 and at intervals to 1:55 P. M. Special Cars Reserved for Ladies. Course also reached by trolley.
Grand Stand $3.30. Ladies $1.65. Including War Tax.



How many Men know the Little Things about Shaving

Free Service to Gillette Owners

Get the advice of our Service Experts
Bring your Gillette with you for inspection

PERHAPS you do not realize there is a right way and a wrong way to use your Gillette! The Razor should be held *nearly flat to the face* to get perfect Gillette results—the finest shave in the world.

There is an *adjustment* that is best for you personally.

Perhaps you don't know how to get the Gillette *angle-stroke*. Let us show you how it takes the beard off velvet-smooth and clean.

• • •

THAT is why our Service Experts are now in the most accessible stores in town.

They are here to illustrate for you personally this Gillette "knack." Drop in and have a chat with them.

Bring in your razor. Perhaps it is old, or worn, or damaged by accident. Some little adjustment may make it as good as new.

SOME men are indifferent about changing their Gillette blades.

A man *can* go on using the same old blade week after week and still get a shave.

But it isn't a *satisfying* shave. Put in a new blade at least once a week. It'll repay you tenfold in ease and comfort. And in time saved, as well.

The man who uses a Gillette saves more than 100 hours' time a year.

Every time you shave yourself you save fees and tips that will buy more U. S. Thrift Stamps or go toward a payment on a Liberty Bond.

No Stropping—No Honing—*and no charge for anything our Service Experts can do for you.*

If you are not already a Gillette user see our Experts anyhow. No man can afford to be without a Gillette these days.

Are You Getting Maximum Results From Your Gillette

The Gillette Service Experts and all Gillette dealers want to be of service to every Gillette user in town.

They will show you that "little knack" of the Gillette shave—how to prepare the face for shaving; the correct angle-stroke; the adjustment for a light or a close shave.

Bring in your Gillette, have it looked over. It may be damaged, bent, out of alignment. If so, they will put it in first-class condition again, free of charge. They may make some valuable suggestions, anyway.

When you shave tomorrow morning try this—

Lather the beard thoroughly, and rub well in—that's essential with any shave.

Put in a new blade and screw the handle down *right*. Then, if you want a specially close shave, unscrew the handle a *slight turn*.

Hold the razor naturally and easily, and tilt the handle so you can just feel the blade engage the beard.

(Here's where some men make a mistake. They tilt the handle up or down too much.)

Then shave with short, slanting strokes.

Keep the edge of the blade as nearly flat against the skin as you can. Any man will catch the "little knack" of using his Gillette in one or two shaves. In fact, when the Gillette is properly used, the beard slips off without your knowing it.

The all-important thing is to lather well, and to hold the razor easily, with the handle tilted so the blade *just engages the beard*.

Gillette Safety Razor Company, Boston, Mass.

Come talk with the Gillette Service Experts. You will find them in the stores of the following Gillette dealers on the specified dates:

Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, 42nd Street & 6th Avenue
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, 200 Broadway
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, Times Building
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, Broadway & 34th Street
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, Grand Central Station
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—JOHN WANAMAKER, Broadway & 9th Street
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—JAMES A. HETHERINGTON, 42nd St. & Vanderbilt Ave.
Sept. 16 to Oct 5—F K. JAMES COMPANY, 46th Street & Broadway
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR CO., Service Store, Broadway & Maiden Lane
Sept. 16 to Oct. 5—EDWARD WECK & SON, 148 Fulton Street

Newark Stores:

Sept. 16 to 21—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, 756 Broad Street
Sept. 16 to 21—L. BAMBERGER COMPANY, Market Street
Sept. 23 to 28—FIREMEN'S PHARMACY CO., Broad & Market Sts.
Sept. 23 to 28—HAHNE & COMPANY, Broad Street
Sept. 30 to Oct. 5—LOUIS K. LIGGETT COMPANY, 107 Market Street
Sept. 30 to Oct. 5—E. G. KOENIG'S SONS, 875 Broad Street

For Young Men Being Rapidly Promoted

THE young man who finds himself in the business men's class—both as to responsibility and earnings, has clothes requirements commensurate with his new position.

In Weber and Heilbroner clothes he will find sterling quality—appropriate models.

They are the result of the closest study of proprieties and a long endeavor to provide the best without promoting extravagance.

Suits closely approximating those made by the very best tailors—at about half the price.

Fall topcoats—domestic and imported—including "The Splasher," a gentleman's tweed shower-proof overcoat

Weber and Heilbroner

Eleven Stores

241 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 20 Cortlandt
345 Broadway, 1365 Broadway, 30 Broad
775 Broadway, 58 Nassau, 42nd and Fifth Ave.
1185 Broadway, 150 Nassau

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants
60 Cents per agate line each insertion.

AMERICAN BURELLA Wanted—0310 navy and brown, Fisher hennedy 3400-9. Holden Leonard crystal cords. Telephone Mad. Sq. 6406.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Brown. Madison Sq. 1380.

BROADCLOTH Wanted. — 315, Botany, $3.22½. Mr. Shapiro, Madison Square 3564.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany F. & H. serges 09070, 838, 0609. Gramercy 845.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany's No. 315, in all colors. Jacob Cohen, 11 W. 32d St.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315 navy, spot cash. Chelsea 9513.

BURELLAS Wanted.—0310 American. Zelenko & Moskowitz, 1,372 Broadway.

CAMBRIC Wanted.—36 inches, 64-60 count, will buy 20 cases immediately, submit samples with lowest spot cash price. E. B. Kursheedt Apron Co., 134 West 37th.

CHIFFON VELVET Wanted.—Black, navy, brown, and taupe; 40 inches wide. Madison Square 1503.

CHIFFON VELVETS Wanted.—Open to buy odd pieces or big lots for cash. Madison Square 877.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at new Fall styles in high and medium price coats. 29 West 30th St., 9th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on plush and cloth coats. 22 West 26th, 6th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Better garments, any quantity, spot cash. Farragut 5154.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on heavyweight coats. 4th floor, 40 W. 27th.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted.—High grade, for cash. Gottdiener, Franklin 4133.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Open for quantity 36" white, wide and narrow wale. R 9 Times.

CORDUROY Wanted.—All colors, wide wale. Spring 4846.

COTTON CREPE Wanted.—Printed, 36 inch. Call with samples, 118 West 22d St., 11th floor. Chelsea 3650.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—All colors, open for large quantity, 4 thread cloth, will pay cash. Mandon Dress, 2 W. 33d St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Colors only; cash at a price. Shapero, Lewis & Co., 150 Madison Av.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted. — Dark colors only. Hyman W. Ginsburg, 21 West 31st St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Quantity cheap, 3 thread for cash. S 94 Times.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Holden Leonard Fall shades, any quantity, for cash. Greeley 2137.

CRYSTAL CORD-SILVERTON Wanted.—Holden Leonard, 611 Franz Merz 6561. Farragut 2616.

DELHI CLOTH Wanted.—Chalks, in all shades; will pay good price. A 109 Times.

DELPHINE and PEKIN Wanted.—Brown. Madison Square 10150. Glasser.

DRESSES Wanted. — Philadelphia jobber placing immediate orders on serges, velveteens, and jerseys; only those that can make prompt deliveries need call. 1123 Broadway, room 205.

DRESSES Wanted. — Jobbers placing stock orders on snappy styles in serge and velvet. Interview between 9 and 11 A. M., 10th floor, 12 West 31st St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for silk, serge, and jersey dresses. Spiro & Kutner, 249 5th Av.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Skirts, Waists Wanted.—Better grade; cash. National, Franklin 4343.

DRESSES Wanted.—Satins, serges, jerseys, any quantity, spot cash. Farragut 5154.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serge, silk, and jersey only; spot cash. Farragut 3086.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—F. & H. taupe, Delphine, plum, Burgundy. Farragut 2616.

FELT, all shades and all grades in quantity, wanted for cash. Stern, 149 West 36th St. Telephone Greeley 2906.

FLAGS Wanted.—5,000 American Silk Flags, 6x8½ or 8x12 inches. Newell, 6 West 18th.

FUR COLLARS Wanted.—Sealine, large quantities. Harry Greenberg Co., 157 W. 25th St.

GEORGETTE CREPE Wanted.—Open to buy a lot of white and flesh georgette crepe; spot cash. Eclipse Waist, 8 West 30th St.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Open for large quantity, all colors, heavy and well shrunk, for cash. Marion Dress Co., 2 W. 33d.

GEORGETTE CREPE and TAFFETA Wanted.—Any quantity. Chas. Kahn, Spring 388.

HOSIERY, Underwear and Sweaters Wanted. —270 Canal St. Franklin 3629.

JERSEYS Wanted.—All colors; pay spot cash. Silverman, 1135 B'way. Farragut 3148.

JERSEY Wanted.—Piece goods; all colors; will pay cash. Wiz Dress Co., 22 West 32d.

KHAKI SUITING Wanted. — Twenty-three piece all-wool khaki suiting at $1.82½. Stuyvesant 5172.

O. D. Wanted—Open for large quantity serges, whipcords, and wool cloths. J. C. Platt Clothing Co., 87-89 5th Av., City.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Delhi, 037 American; poplin, 90610-0077 American, or 1421 W. for navy dress. Velours, Zibeline, American, 5069 Garfield, Stevens, or similar; Spring shades only. M. R. Silverman, 151 West 26th.

PIECE GOODS Wanted for disposal; service, $10 yearly; no commission. Piece Goods Service Exchange, 239 4th Av. Gramercy 9034.

PERCALES Wanted.—18 to 24 inches percales and white shirtings. Henriquez, 38 Pine.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Also cotton; all makes; Brightwood 4768, S. B. G. L. 235. Gramercy 806.

POM POMS Wanted.—American 12075; all shades; must be cheap. Greeley 2137.

POM POM Wanted.—American 0816, taupe, plum, brown. Farragut 2616.

POPLIN Wanted.—Silk or cotton Susquehanna, Faille lustre or similar grades, dark shades. Liman Dress, 17 West 17th.

POPLIN Wanted.—Will exchange navy 90610 or 06077 for same numbers in taupe. Greeley 3130.

POPLINS Wanted.—Will pay cash for 90610 or 06077 pekin, grey, and tan. Mad. Sq. 3935.

POPLIN Wanted.—American cotton Poplin, in navy and black. Jacob Cohen, 11 W. 32d.

POPLINS Wanted.—Black and Copen velour, good quality. Karp Bros., 45 West 27th St.

POPLINS Wanted.—American 90610, 06077, navy and black, for cash. Chelsea 9023.

POPLINS Wanted.—90610, 06077, 09070, 0936, 235-9; any quantity. Merit, Greeley 1121.

RAINCOATS Wanted. — Will pay cash for large lot of first-class children's, men's, and women's raincoats. L. J., 298 Times Downtown.

SEALINE Wanted.—For manufacturers who buy three-inch sealine; will buy all you have, also different width. L. Noschker, 37 West 28th.

SERGES Wanted—Most prominent department store in Chicago wants serges, men's and women's, for special sale; large or small lots; also 11433, $2.37½; 54289, $2.15; 7120, $2.15; 4002, 90c.; 764, 104, wool Jerseys, net cash. 5485 Riverside.

SERGES Wanted.—Cash; 09070, 0936, 104, 99, 7120, 06077, 90610, 6234. Room 503, 26 East 21st St. Gramercy 4857.

SERGES Wanted.—54289 navy, open for quantity, cash. Shapiro Lewis, 150 Madison Av.

SERGES Wanted.—A large quantity of 54289 in navy. Gevertz Mfg. Co., 31 West 31st St.

SERGES, Broadcloth, Silvertones, and Velours Wanted.—Spot cash. Chelsea 6520.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, at $2.45; 54286, at $2.17½. Mr. Shapiro, Madison Square 3564.

SERGES Wanted.—0299, 3, 838, 09070. Jamestown O. D. serge. Gramercy 474.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, 235, 104, 9288; spot cash. Joseph Cohen, Mad. Sq. 2639.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 54289, 7120, W. F. X., at right prices. Madison Sq. 5446.

SERGES Wanted.—304, 0209, N. S. L., V. S. L., 0360, velour. Madison Sq. 2945.

SERGES Wanted.—American 09070; navy; any quantity. Stuyvesant 7570.

SERGES Wanted.—09070, 94, big quantities for cash. Murray Hill 1791.

SERGE Wanted.—11433, navy and black, any quantities. Farragut 9988.

SERGES Wanted.—6234; any quantity; navy only; cash. Chelsea 8696.

SERGES Wanted.—209, 211, 94, 99. Gramercy 474.

SERGE Wanted.—Open for 54289, will pay cash. Farragut 9668.

SERGES Wanted.—American 0936. Farragut 4110.

SICILIAN IVORY Wanted.—White and navy; submit samples. 10th floor, 28 West 23d.

SILKS Wanted.—Manufacturers, what have you in silks that you cannot use? Cash for large or small lots. Madison Square 376.

SILK Wanted.—Will buy remnants of silk, all kinds, from 2½ yards up, for cash. Brisk & Bec eiman, 120 West 31st.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Navy and brown, also Botany, navy velour. Herzig & Rappaport, 30 West 26th St. Farragut 3119.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—602, 702, Beiring, Milliken, Pekin, Hague, blue and navy; must be cheap. Greeley 5053.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Holden Leonard or Arthur Joel, Pekin and reindeer, spot cash. Chelsea 9513.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Navy, brown, and black. Jacobs, Ginsberg & Kranitz, Chelsea 8296.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All colors and makes duvet de laine. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All colors, Lausser or any other make. Samuel Fine Co., 12 West 27th.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Brown, taupe, Joffre, reindeer; best cash price. R 343 Times.

Buyers' Wants
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—H. & L. or similar, 90610, 06077, 0360, 09057. Gram. 1899.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All makes and shades, Duvet de Laine. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All makes, all shades. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades for spot cash. H. Lublang, Madison Square 914.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Brown, oxford, and burgundy. B. Lasker, 122 W. 26th.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Navy, will pay good price. Madison Square 1880.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Any make, for cash. Farragut 3555.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades. Call Farragut 0805.

SUITS, Coats, Dresses Wanted.—Jobs, high grade, up to $100 per garment, for cash. Sommer, Telephone 2412 Franklin.

SUITS, Dresses, Skirts, Coats Wanted.—Spring and Fall. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on suits. 8 h floor, 12 W. 27th

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield 4718 preferred, for spot cash. H. Lublang, Madison Square 914.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Open to buy Garfield navy 4718. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

TROUSERS, Knee Pants, Boys' Suits Wanted.—Jobs; cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

VELOUR Wanted. — Piece goods, light weight, all wool, any odd shades, at a low price. Phone Spring 9292, W. Aronstein & Bros., 596 Broadway.

VELOUR Wanted.—Will exchange F. & H. plum and Concord velour or brown navy, taupe, or delphine. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th St.

VELOUR Wanted.—Will exchange Clark & Dana 6290 and Buckley & Cohen 715 taupe for brown, navy, and reindeer. Madison Square 1180.

VELOURS Wanted.—Gera's 10555, all colors, cash. Theo. Weiss, 25 West 27th. Farragut 4369.

VELOURS.—Duvet de Laine, F. & H. or Botany Broadcloth wanted for cash. Farragut 3555.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open to buy a quantity in all colors at a price. Call, with swatches, Premier Costume Co., 12-14 West 32d St.

VELOUR AND TRICOTINE Wanted.—Botany, any quantity; will pay cash. Wiz Dress Co., 22 West 32d St.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360 or similar, all shades; terms. Posner Marinace, Madison Square 2608.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for 0360 and F. & H. Duvet de Laine, all shades. Vanderbilt 4239.

VELOUR Wanted.—Taupe, Burgundy, and reindeer, heavyweight. Rosenman, 40 West 27th St.

VELOUR Wanted.—Light weights suitable for dresses; also serges. Farragut 3322.

VELOUR Wanted.—Duvet de Laine, F. & H. preferred, for cash. Madison Sq. 8585.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360, all colors; pay cash. Gottlieb Laikind, 38 West 21st.

VELOUR Wanted.—American or Stevens, taupe. B. Lasker, 122 W. 26th.

VELOUR Wanted.—Checks, at a price. Farragut 4483.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Black and all colors, 24 and 27 inches wide; twill back. Phone Kraus, Madison Square 8644.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Open for quantity Worrell dye, in colors, 24 inches, for cash. Lubin & Co., 24 West 37th St.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—24-inch twill back, all colors, open for quantity. Casper David & Son, 33 West 34th.

VENETIANS Wanted.—Open for quantity Herrman-Sternbach's 32-inch Ray satin; state price and quantity. W 151 Times.

VENETIANS Wanted.—32 inch or 36 inch, colors, at a price. Madison Square 9417.

WAISTS Wanted.—Voile and org ndie, for leaders in mail order trade; must be cheap for cash; can use small quantity Georgette and crepe de chines. Buyer, Box 29, Station I, City.

WOOL Wanted.—Raw, 223, in large quantity, rose, copen., and other shades. Goodman, 1529 Gramercy.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—Open to buy Navy Beige, Tan and plum dress weight. Schwortzreich. Goodman, 36 West 33d.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—All colors dress weights, will pay highest price spot cash. Marion Dress Co., 2 West 35d St.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Single and half pieces, spring weights; spot cash. Farragut 463.

Offerings to Buyers
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

AMERICAN FLAGS, heavy cotton woolenized finish, 35x5 feet, at $7.50 per dozen; 5.7x9 feet at $36 per dozen, net. Taylor Flag Co., 224 4th Av., New York.

AMERICANS 0360.—Six pieces taupe wool velour for sale; $3.25 net. Greeley 2354.

BENGALINE SILK.—White and black, 23 inches, very special price. Farragut 4820.

BOTANYS, 315, Forstmann & Huffman broadcloth, Columbia, Dobb's in cheviot. A 121 Times.

BROADCLOTHS, Velours, and Poplins.—0360, 09077, 38986, 4281, 7022, 110, also 6717, zibelines, and Oxfords. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d. Phone Gramercy 2991.

BROADCLOTHS, Velours.—F. & H. and Botany; all colors. Joseph Cohen, Madison Square 4620.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany and F. & H; also Duvet de Laine and velours. Farragut 5759.

CHARMEUSE.—36-inch, 40-inch, 64-inch; silks for every trade. Kinstler & Co., 440 4th Av.

CHIFFONS.—Flesh, 40 inches, 30c. Farragut 4820.

CLOAKINGS.—¾, suitable for ladies', misses', children's coats; close out 55c. A. Adler & Son, 22 West 32d St.

COATINGS and stoles, plushes, kerami, Bearing and all fur effects. We are headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

COATINGS.—¾, good assortment for ladies' and men's wear, cheap. Bender & Snyder, 1,123 Broadway. Farragut 2578.

COATS.—500 Peerless plush, trimmed with goatskin, 10-inch border, shawl collar and cuff, satin lining, $17; other plush coats, $14 up; immediate delivery. Ulin Bros., 34 East 12th St.

COATS.—Large quantity of coats on rack; immediate delivery; don't fail to see our special velour chevior coats, $8.90. F. Gelfond, 141 West 28th St.

COATS.—Pom poms, broadcloths, velours, plushes; close out reasonable. Lesser, 47 West 34th.

COATS.—Smart coats in broadcloth or velours, fur trimmed, from $15.50 up. I. Novick & Co., Inc., 45 West 27th St., N. Y. City.

COATS.—1,000 wool velours, assorted styles, 4 to 14, $5.75 and $4.75. Nivel, 151 W. 36th.

COATS.—500 velour coats, snappy models, big sacrifice. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Stouts, at popular prices. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—Job; closing out regular $11.75 up. Schoen & Weissman, 9 West 20th.

COATS.—Plush velour suits, skirts, waists, dresses, cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—100 plush and cloth coats, cheap. 146 W. 25th, 5th floor, rear.

COTTON YARN mercerized, Kelley-Green 60-2 cones; 500 spot. Becker. Gramercy 1240.

CREPE DE CHINE.—25 pieces, quality 694; all colors at $1.30. Call Chelsea 1896.

DELHI.—American Woolen Co.'s 037/1, in all shades. Moe, Farragut 2463.

DRESSES.—300 satin dresses of the newest styles to close out; we are also showing our new line of serge, velvet, tricolette and jersey. I. Rand & Co., 37 W. 28th.

DRESSES.—400 beaded georgette and satin, to close out cheap, serges, wool jersey, velvet, broadcloth, for immediate deliveries. Louises, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Are you looking for serges and satins of the better kind? We have them for immediate delivery. Kilf Dress Co., 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values in satins, serges, jerseys, from $6.50 to $10.75; immediate delivery. Loeb & Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Jersey dresses in stock; immediate delivery, snappy styles; serge and satin dresses. Redfern Costume, 22 West 27th.

DRESSES.—All wool French serge dresses from $7.75 up; immediate delivery; large variety. 4th floor, 134 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Serge, satin, and velveteen dresses for immediate delivery, very good value. B. Herman, 146 West 38th St.

DRESSES.—Special offering in snappy-styled serge dresses at $4.75 up. Kirschner & Bosniak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Have 500 latest model serge, satins, and Georgette to close out. Stagg 5153.

DRESSES.—600 dresses, taffeta and satin; closing out cheap. Frank, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES.—The very newest jersey tricolette serge and satin dresses, colors and sizes; immediate delivery. Feller, 30 Wes 32d St.

DRESSES.—Better kind jersey, tricolette silks and serges. Glockner, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Taffetas, satins, and serges to close out. Queen, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES.—2,000 French serge dresses, $5.75 to $11.75. Pauline, 36 West 33d.

DRESSES.—See our all-wool serge dresses at $7.75. Nivel, 151 West 36 h.

DRESSES.—See our $8.75 all-wool French serge dresses. Queen, 149 West 36th.

FLANNELS. — Bleached and unbleached; suitable for interlining. Gramercy 1660.

FLANNEL.—Cotton outing Flannel; York A, assorted stripes; also Crinkled Seersucker and Huck Towels; large quantities; immediate delivery. Room 306, 395 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

FLANNEL.—For sale, 1,000 yards Government, standard O. D. shirting flannel worsted filled, 9½ oz. Phone Stuyvesant 2460.

GINGHAMS, 100 pieces, plaid and check; will sell below market value for cash. 11th floor, 38 West 26th.

JAP SILK.—200 pieces, 4¼ mummy natural, at 55c net cash. Madison Square 2128.

JERSEY.—All silk, knitted, 36-inch, $3.85 yard, 2-10. 2153 Stuyvesant.

KHAKI CLOTH.—Twenty-three pieces all wool khaki suiting at $1.82½. Stuyvesant 5172.

MEN'S gray worsted stockings; 1,500 dozen; good seconds; bargain. Becker. Gramercy 1240.

NAINSOOK.—6460, 5644; 10,000 yards of each below market value; cash or terms. Goodman, Gramercy 1529-1587.

PANAMAS AND POPLINS.—American Woolen Co.'s; fine quality of black only. Moe, Farragut 2463.

PLAIDS AND CHECKS, Broadhead, for sale, reasonable. Phone Madison Square 2153.

PLUSH STOLES, all kinds, also Keramis; best values; lowest prices. R. Simon & Co., 22 West 26th St.

POM POM.—12075 brown taupe velour, 032 taupe, plum broadcloth. Farragut 9406.

POM POMS.—American Woolen Co.'s 0816, brown and burgundy. Moe, Farragut 2463.

POPLIN.—Whitman's 774, Chase's beaver, American 12075, pom pom; also another; and serge; Lorraine 3662, American 0360; also heavy weight velours. Phone Chelsea 6018.

POPLINS.—Serges, velours, oxfords, &c., to cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 202.

POPLINS.—American 6709½, navy, large quantity below market price. Shuldener, Pleasant 1696.

POPLINS.—6000 Andrews, 4916-4860 Brightwood, 503 Dobson; long terms. Farragut 9407.

POPLIN Faille lustre; navy and black, 97½; 8 per cent. cash. S 96 Times.

POPLIN.—American Dobson 774, Julliard's Oxfords, all Kersey. Madison Square 9847.

POPLIN.—Meyer Joolsch and Seldons, navy, $2.15 net. Madison Square 1812.

POPLIN.—36-inch ½-wool, black, navy; also all cotton. Chauser, 19 W. 21st.

SATINS.—Washable, flesh, white, and changeable. Farragut 4820.

SERGES.—All shades 10s, 528, 54280, 7008, 1464, 10453, 7120, 10707; Broadhead 500, 3700, 8000; Broadhead 7800, poplin and B. P. N. L.; also big variety fancy skirtings in plaids, stripes, and checks. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—Gilbert, 8200, $3.25; poplins, 06077, $2.70; 6234, navy and black, $2.50; broadcloths, all colors. U. S. Textile. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES.—3850, 9288, 9058, 09070, 0696, 10453, 54280, W. F., 4061; also cotton warp, 32, 36, 50, and 54 inches. Telephone Gramercy 2901-2902.

SERGES.—4408, $1.37½; 764, $1.57½; 1210, 65c; all net 70 days; also broadcloths and velours. Barnett, 1,153 Broadway. Farragut 3148.

SERGES.—780, 150 pieces, $2.20; 54289, 100 pieces, $2.20; 47116, 500 pieces, $1.90; all navy. Farragut 3541.

SERGES.—Gera's M925, Whitman's 2272, 106; Garfield's 519; large quantity. Stuyvesant 2153.

SERGES.—12-10, navy and black, large quantities; very reasonable. Shuldener, Stuyvesant 7696.

SERGES.—11433, $2.42½; 54289, $2.22½; 7120, $2.22½; 94, $2.02; cash. 4765 Vanderbilt.

SERGES.—Will sell 50 pieces, 54289, original tickets navy for $2.25 cash. Mad. Sq. 376.

SERGES, Poplins.—0609, 99, 9056, 9288; cheap. Joseph Cohen, Mad. Sq. 2639.

SERGES.—11433, 830, 7302, 7008, 4632, 9, 99, 1464; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGE.—25 pieces, 0351; 21 pieces, 235, 11, 9058; reasonable. Orchard 4220.

SERGES and Poplins.—09070, 0609, 94, 104, 774, 1055, cheap. Chelsea 6549.

SERGE.—11433, 104, 9056, 4060, 54289, 6301, W. F. X. Madison Square 9837.

SERGES.—American poplin; also 11433, 6936, 838, 3670. Farragut 3159.

SERGES.—614, 1166, 8 pieces, sponged, at $2.90 cash. Chelsea 3899.

SERGE.—American 0609, 09070, and 4408-3. Stuyvesant 3335.

SILKS of every description for the dress, waist, underwear, and retail trade, for immediate delivery; buyers are invited to call at our show rooms; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS, Georgettes, Crepe de Chine, Crepe Meteor, Satins, Charmeuse, and Taffetas; best qualities at the price. Z 328 Times Annex.

SILK VELOUR.—Blumenthal's 250 at $4.65 per yard; also Killian's plush, quality B, at $4.50 yard. Madison Square 1467.

SILVERTONES, H. & L., for cash; brown, oxford, pekin; also velours. Call up Madison Square 1180.

SILVERTONES.—Garfield's, all colors, at $4.25 net; coating weight. Telephone Greeley 8877.

SILVERTONES.—Coating weight Oxford and green plushes, fine quality, cheap. Stuyvesant 8079.

SILVERTONE.—Holden & Leonard's, Joel's Pekin, reindeer. Gottlieb Laikind, 38 West 21st.

SILVERTONE.—All makes and shades, F. H. Duvet Burgundy. Madison Square 1520.

SILVERTONES.—Holden, Leonard's and Joel's, all shades. Murray Hill 1791.

SKIRTS.—300 cotton warp serge, nicely made, to close out at $2 net; also 100 black satins at $1.75 net. Gramercy 8388.

SKIRTS.—Wool plaids, $3.50-$7.50, immediate delivery. Fishman Bros., 12 W. 17th.

SKIRTS.—All wool poplin and serges, $2.75. Chauser, 19 W. 21st.

SUITS AND COATS of the better grade for immediate delivery at lowest prices. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th St.

SUITS.—Broadcloths, poplins, serges; high-class models; reasonable. Lesser, 47 West 34th.

SUITS.—Snappy American poplin, $11.50; other good values. Excello, 142 West 24th.

SUITS.—150 new Fall suits, fur trimmed, to close down at $6.75. J. Lesser, 47 W. 34th.

TAFFETA.—Black, 40 inches, $1.02½. Chelsea 4653.

TOWELS.—Cotton Huck; large quantity; immediate delivery. Room 306, 395 B'way.

TRICOTINE.—Garfield 4718 navy, also F. H. velour. Madison Square 1520.

VELOURS.—0360, all colors; also botany Yalama in navy, 0816 pom poms, Holden-Leonard crystal cord. Room 819, 1,133 Broadway.

VELOURS.—All wool velours, 19 to 20 ounces; 17 navy, 4 Burgundy, and 4 green, at $3.10. Telephone Stuyvesant 5172.

VELOURS.—American 0360, all shades, below market price; order heavyweight velours. Stuyvesant 7859.

VELOURS.—0360, Serges 11433, 104, 8850, poplins 767, navy, Venetians. Gramercy 845.

VELOURS.—0360, $2.95; K. 544, $3.40, net; all colors. U. S. Textile. Gramercy 1337.

VELOURS.—Ottaquechee 110, Gavey 99, others, flannels, kersey, ¾ goods. Greeley 1122.

VELOURS.—F. & H. and Botany; also Duvet de Laine. Farragut 5759.

VENETIANS.—32-inch, blacks; exceptional values. Stuyvesant 7610, Connection 20.

WAISTS.—We have 500 doz. voile and organdy waists, to close out; a good bargain for big users. Samuel Streifer, 17 West 17th St.

WOOL JERSEY.—Will sell taupe and tank gray dress weight. Schwortzreich & Goodman, 30 West 33d.

WOOL YARN, black 8½, cut 3,000. Becker, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1240.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS.—A prominent shirtwaist house, making cotton waists from $18 up is open to make connection with well established contractors; those that can make this class of work will be guaranteed up to 600 dozen per week, 9 months of the year. M. T., 289 Times Downtown.

Allied Industries.

ALL KINDS of girdle cords, crape, plaited and slide; also all kinds of odd braids and trimmings, to sell out reasonable. H. Comfort, 135 West 26th. Farragut 3876.

WARDROBE TRUNK Wanted.—For ladies' coats. Farragut 2496.

Help Wanted.

EPRESENTATIVE for medium-priced silk skirts and dresses to cover export trade; commission basis only. Room 1106, 44 East 23d St.

SALESMAN, experienced cloaks, suits; know office; city trades; commission basis; opportunity for right man. V. R., Box 188 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced cloaks, suits; know office; city trades; commission basis; opportunity for right man. V. R., 186 Times.

Auctioneers.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000

Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, Inc.
388-841 Fourth Avenue, at 25th St.

LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE
Machinery. Fixtures.
Van Praag & Co., 337 Broadway. Spring 2248.

Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries
546 5th Av. Auctioneers and Appraisers

SAMUEL MANS,
Office and Salesrooms, 115-117 W. 23d St.
Tel. Farragut 0660-0661-0662.

BOARD HAS PLACED 356 SHIPS ON SEA

Completed Tonnage Under the Emergency Program 2,045,875, Pacific Coast Producing 1,011,160.

264 OTHER HULLS LAUNCHED

Shipping Now Under Construction in Four Big Building Districts Foots Up 1,223,566 Tons.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The Shipping Board announced today that 356 vessels, aggregating 2,045,875 deadweight tons, had been completed and delivered by American yards under the auspices of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, up to and including Sept. 14. Of this tonnage 187 vessels, totalling 1,011,160 deadweight tons, were completed in yards on the Pacific Coast.

In addition to the completed ships, there had been launched up to Sept. 14, a total of 264 hulls, aggregating 1,223,566 deadweight tons, in the yards of the principal four shipbuilding sections.

The Pacific Coast yards lead the Atlantic yards by 376,000 deadweight tons of completed ships and have turned out 611,305 tons more than the yards of the Great Lakes.

Here are the figures for completed vessels in deadweight tons:

	Vessels.	Tons.
Pacific Coast	137	1,011,160
Atlantic Coast	87	634,860
Great Lakes	131	396,853
Gulf Coast	1	3,500
Totals	356	2,045,875

The Pacific Coast also leads in vessels launched, but not yet completed and delivered. More than half a million deadweight tons of new ships are off the ways of Pacific Coast shipyards approaching completion.

The vessels launched, but not yet delivered, in the principal shipbuilding sections are:

	Vessels.	Deadweight Tons.
Pacific Coast	134	610,900
Atlantic Coast	69	392,816
Great Lakes	33	117,050
Gulf Coast	28	102,800
Total	264	1,223,566

Recommendation that first aid crews for resuscitation from gas asphyxiation, drowning, and electric shock be organized in every department of the shipyards of the United States engaged in Government work has been made by the Emergency Fleet Corporation. It is believed that this step will give much added protection to the 400,000 workers employed in the yards.

The work will be under the direction of H. A. Schultz, head of the Safety Engineering Section of the Industrial Relations Group, who was formerly engaged in that capacity with the American Steel and Wire Company. Physicians attached to the various shipyards will co-operate in giving actual demonstrations of safety methods. Workmen will be asked to witness the demonstrations. Then first aid crews will be appointed, each composed of three or four men.

FOREIGN TRADE INCREASES.

August Imports and Exports Greater Than for Month in 1917.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Both imports and exports of merchandise were greater last August than in any previous August in the history of American foreign trade, according to an announcement today by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce.

Imports amounted to $273,000,000, an increase of $5,000,000 over August, 1917, and $31,000,000 over July of this year. During the eight months ended with August, imports were $2,060,000, a slight increase over the corresponding period of 1917.

Exports increased from $508,000,000 in July to $529,000,000 in August, as compared with $488,000,000 in August, 1917. During the first eight months of this year exports totaled $4,012,000,000, a decrease of $138,000,000, as compared with a similar period in 1917.

Imports of gold, slightly over $1,500,000, were less during August than in any month for over fifteen years, and for the eight months amounted to $54,000,000, as against $524,000,000 last year. Exports of gold were also small, being $3,277,000, compared with $46,000,000 for August, 1917. During the eight months the exports amounted to only $32,000,000, compared with $318,000,000 in 1917.

Exports of silver broke all records for the month of August, being over $23,000,000, as against $7,500,000 for August, 1917, and $157,000,000 for the eight months, compared with $52,000,000 for the eight months of 1917. Imports of silver were $7,265,000 in August and $47,000,000 for the eight months, as compared with $5,680,000 and $27,250,000, respectively, for similar periods in 1917.

DRESSES
SILK POPLIN SERGE $3.75 to $7.50
OTHER GOOD VALUES AS WELL
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
IPP & KWINT
118 WEST 22D ST.

G. AMSINCK & CO., INC.
Exporting and Importing
Announce their removal from 6 Hanover Street, to
90-96 Wall Street
P. O. Box 242. Telephone John 5827.

Desires to Purchase Good Going Business
Energetic, capable business man desires to purchase for cash a good going business in an essential industry. Will pay up to $50,000, according to value. No agents, no partners.
Business submitted must stand searching investigation. Possibilities for future developments must be an essential feature.
Write to Box 15, Wall Street Station Post Office, New York City.

For Tired Business People
Electric Light Baths
Needle, Rain, Scotch Douches, Massage, Vibration, Etc., for Gout, Rheumatism, Obesity, Constipation, Nervousness, etc.
Hydriatic-Institutes.
For Men: 220 West 42d St.
Hours: 10 A. M. to 8 P. M.
For Ladies: 101 West 84th St.
Ask Your Doctor.
Telephone Bryant 3560.

U S CLOTH CUTTING MACHINE
Cutters U. S. Cloth
Straight and Round Knives Operate on D. C. & A. C.
Speed and Satisfaction
414-416 West Broadway, N. Y. Telephone 9295 & 6338 Spring.

WORMSER & CO.
COMMERCIAL BANKERS.
95 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuyv. 3380.
Accounts financed. Advances on merchandise.

WE ADVANCE 90%
on accounts Best Finance Co., 1133 B'way

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, 109 East 16th St., New York City.—Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received here until 11 A. M., October 1st, 1918, for manufacturing Officers' Uniforms. Specifications and proposal blanks obtainable at Office of Depot Quartermaster or at 109 East 16th St., New York City.

BANKER ACTS AS GATEMAN.

Financier from Montclair Works at Seattle Shipyard.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Sept. 22.—James K. Corbiere, the man who put through the Montclair trolley line, a banker for nearly forty years in New York, and friend of Charles M. Schwab, is working as a gateman at the Ames shipyard in Seattle, Wash., according to information that he has sent friends in this town. Mr. Corbiere was once in the house of Morton, Bliss & Co., New York. Mr. Corbiere, who is 60 years old, goes to work at 7 o'clock in the morning, two hours earlier than he has been accustomed to rising; is on his feet practically all day, and quits at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon. He went to Seattle on a visit last April. He liked the city, and when the shipyards sent out a call for help he responded and was put to work.

"It appeared to me," he said, "that there was a real need for men in the shipyards, and I believe every man should help to win this war. I am doing my bit."

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY—Waldman Bros.; M. C. Waldman, coats, suits; 1,270 Broadway.

AI TOONA, Penn.—Kline Bros.; J. H. Moser, gener. l mdse.; 23 East 26th; Breslin.

BALTIMORE, Md.—J. E. Hurst & Co.; J. H. Wells, dress goods, silks, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; R. B. Cease, basement dept.; Holland House.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; E. A. Pitman, books; P. Keefe, misses' coats, skirts; 482 4th Av.

CHARLESTON, Wis.—J. Schwab, general mdse.; ready-to-wear; 44 East 23d; Latham.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss B. Sternberg, notions; 13 East 22d.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; G. A. Wilson, furs; W. A. Lee, men's neckwear; 1,107 Broadway.

CHICAGO — Greene's; Miss Livingstone, coats, suits, dresses; 303 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Sol Klein; P. Friedlander, men's, boys' clothing; 1,133 B'way.

CHICAGO—12th Street Store; C. A. Mayer, men's, boys' clothing; 1,133 B'way.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; A. C. Berwanger, ready-to-wear; 470 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss S. Bernstein, ladies' waists, muslin underwear, (basement;) 13 E. 22d; Woodward.

CHICAGO—Boston Store; Miss Nicol, gray and khaki worsted yarns; 44 E. 23d.

CINCINNATI—John Shillito Co.; F. L. Manross, co ts, suits; 432 4th Av.; York.

CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co

Booklet on
New York State
Investment Tax Law

Residents of New York State should be especially interested in this booklet, since it gives a digest of the law as affecting the taxation of investments in this State, and explains the means by which exemption from such taxation may be obtained.

Write for Booklet No. 1216
"Investment Tax Law"

Spencer Trask & Co.
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY
NATIONAL CITY BANK CONSOLIDATED NEW YORK

Tax Day

OCTOBER 1st is the date as of which personal property is assessed for taxation in New York City.

We shall be glad to furnish a list of bonds which are exempt from such taxation.

Ask for Circular AG-183

The National City Company
Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: 514 Fifth Avenue
Correspondent Offices in 31 Cities
Bonds—Short Term Notes—Acceptances

U. S. Government Bonds
Foreign Gov't Bonds
Municipal Bonds
Public Utility Bonds
Railroad Bonds
Short Time Notes

General circular 102 upon request

Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

Everett Heaney
U. S. Finishing
Aetna Pfd. Ctfs.
Unlisted Securities Dept.
MORGAN & KANE
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66 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Telephone Rector 5741

Listed securities bought and sold for investment or conservative margin account.

B. H. & F. W. Pelzer
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
Phone Broad 6037. 12 Broadway

New York
State Bonds
Barr & Schmeltzer
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St. *Specialists.* New York.

Municipal Bonds
Exempt from Federal Taxes
Eligible to secure Postal Savings Deposits
FIELD, RICHARDS & CO
1056 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 1856 Rector.
Cincinnati Cleveland Chicago

Prudden & Company
Toledo, Ohio
[5 Cedar St., New York
Tel. Cortlandt 5864
Municipal Bonds

TAX EXEMPT IN NEW YORK STATE
MANHATTAN R'WAY Second 4s
to yield 5½%
Hambleton & Company
ESTABLISHED 1905
48 Exchange Place, New York.

Liggett & Drexel
Members New York Stock Exchange
Conservative Investments
61 Broadway—New York
Boston Philadelphia Buffalo

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

Loans Asking Preferential Treatment

Wall Street's patriotism needs no defenders, and the old cry about newspaper sentiment formed to order to please bankers, the "privileged class"—though what the privileges are is never explained—had a despairing ring when uttered last week. Whatever its faults, and the financial district has its share, failure to live up to the fullest requirements of citizenship can never be honestly charged against the real Wall Street. Whenever a Government task has involved the sacrifice of personal or firm interests the penalty of service has been cheerfully accepted. The President drafted a representative Wall Street man to guide the National Red Cross organization; the head of a big trust company managed the campaign for Red Cross funds in this, the most important district; an important figure in what seems doomed to remain known forever as "the money trust" was withdrawn to be made an Assistant Secretary of War; the President of one of the largest Wall Street industrial enterprises has been put in charge of aircraft production; a former professional trader heads the War Industries Board, and so it goes through a long list. Patriotism is not a limited institution peculiar to any locality or class; it is not a virtue that any one needs to proclaim. The financial district will continue to meet its obligations cheerfully, but it would be derelict in its duty if it ceased to exercise the right of constructive criticism on matters with which it is particularly qualified to deal. To inject patriotism as an issue between a friendly critic and the reform which he advocates just because the nation is at war is foolish, but it has served pretty effectually in silencing suggestions for a more effective revenue law, for careful consideration of problems touching upon the success of loan floatations, or for a modification of some of the Government's methods of controlling prices and business practices.

Concentration of power in the hands of the several Government agencies responsible for the successful prosecution of the war is necessary, and it has accomplished a great deal toward making the United States an important factor in the war at a date much earlier than that fixed by German leaders. The abuses that have grown up with the exercise of this power have been fewer than might easily have developed, and those who have suffered from them have in most cases considerately refrained from criticism lest they be called pro-German. It is a fact, though there are many to deny it, that it is possible to furnish a patriotic and critic of a particular Government policy. Bankers to whom the suggestion has been made that loans over a moderate amount be submitted to a committee for decision were in most instances loath to take publicly a stand against such control, although they saw many elements of danger in it.

The purpose at which the Capital Issues Committee aims in seeking to regulate loans is one with which the financial authorities are in hearty sympathy, so that the differences between their views is entirely one of administration. The productive power of the nation must be increased, and to increase production nearly always involves increase in the demand for improved capital. The industrial capacity of the United States is now reached today, and the prosecution of the war is going ahead less rapidly than is called for in the Administration's program. The situation in shipbuilding has been forcibly called to the public's attention within a few hours, but similar conditions are hindering progress in other lines. Labor is scarce, and in many localities it is trading on that fact, turning out only a small part of the product of which it is capable. Competition for men, materials and money is still going on between Government contractors and the producers of articles which are much less vital in the present hour than ships and munitions. One way to favor the essential industries is to make it easier for them to finance their needs, which, with the present insufficiency of money, means contraction of loans to non-essentials. In Boston the Capital Issues Committee of the Federal Reserve Bank has been scrutinizing for some time bank loans made for capital purposes. In this district each banker has decided, according to his own knowledge of his client's business, to what extent he should be financed. In numerous instances he has prevailed upon an applicant to forego his usual accommodation, or much of it, as a matter of public convenience. Most bankers feel strongly that this is the proper procedure, and they ask that the Capital Issues Committee outline any restrictions they have in mind to the end that the banks themselves may exercise the right of decision. There are certain objections to the establishment of a local committee to act as a clearing house for loan applications which must occur to any one in the slightest degree familiar with banking practice. Admitting that the rather indefinite restrictions which have been in force have not accomplished as much as the Treasury Department would have liked in curtailing bank loans for capital purposes, it is not clear that the only alternative is to divert all applications to a body clothed with authority to deny those not directly in the public interest. Leading bankers say that the results desired can be more effectively obtained without the interposition of a new quasi-governmental agency. They ask that the Federal Reserve Board classify necessary advances and hold them to account for a strict observance of the rulings. The conference last week in Washington between representatives of leading banks in various parts of the country and the Capital Issues Committee was largely devoted to a discussion of the need for increased production, and the matter of outside regulation of capital loans was fortunately left open for further consideration.

Once more Wall Street had an opportunity last week to indulge in a peace scare market, but it would have been difficult to trace in the movement of prices on any of the Exchanges the slightest reflection of the important news communicated from Vienna. Earlier efforts on the part of the Teutonic Allies to bring about a peace discussion came when prices had been moved up to high levels by speculation based on the expectation of war profits, and resulted in widespread declines. Now the situation is different. The readjustment of quotations has been under way so long that it is reasonable to expect advances in many parts of the list, and particularly in bonds, when the end of the war comes into view. The financial community saw nothing in the Austrian note to indicate any change in the schedule marked out by speculation for the ending of the struggle, and so dismissed it as having no bearing on the present level of prices. As a matter of fact, the peace conference may come into sight without bringing about an abrupt change in security values, for the reason that the markets have for a long time been rounding into position to fit the inevitable collapse of Austria and the expression of a desire on the part of the German people for a real peace meeting. International financial problems will not solve themselves with the ending of the war; there will be a long period during which settlements will be taking place, and the security markets are already trying to look beyond the peace conference. Temporary obstacles, such as the difficulty of financing speculative commitments now, have a way of confusing attempts to measure the market's judgment of important events.

MONEY RATES

	On Call. High.	Low.	Last.	Re-newals.
Sept. 16	6	6	6	6
Sept. 17	6	6	6	6
Sept. 18	6	6	6	6
Sept. 19	6	6	6	6
Sept. 20	6	6	6	6
Sept. 21	6	6	6	6
Week's range—				
High	6			6
Low	6			6
Same week last year—				
High	6			5
Low	2½			3
Year to date—				
High	6			6
Low	2			2
Same period last year—				
High	10			6
Low	1¾			1¼

	On Time. 60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
Sept. 16	6	6	6
Sept. 17	6	6	6
Sept. 18	6	6	6
Sept. 19	6	6	6
Sept. 20	6	6	6
Sept. 21	6	6	6
Week's range—			
High	6	6	6
Low	6	6	6
Same week last year—			
High	6	6	6
Low	5	5	5½
Year to date—			
High	6	6	6
Low	5¼	5¾	5½
Same period last year—			
High	6	6	6
Low	2½	2½	2¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....4¼@4⅜
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4½@4⅝
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5¼@5⅝

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days.....6
4 to 6 months.....6

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.....6

DISCOUNT RATES—FEDERAL RESERVE BANK'S COMMERCIAL PAPER.

	Within 15 Days, Incl. Member Banks' Collateral Notes.	16 to 60 Days, Inclusive.	61 to 90 Days, Inclusive.
Boston	4	4½	4¾
New York	4	4½	4¾
Philadelphia	4	4½	4¾
Cleveland	4½	4½	4¾
Richmond	4¼	4½	4¾
Atlanta	4	4½	4¾
Chicago	4	4½	5
St. Louis	4	4½	4¾
Minneapolis	4	4½	5
Kansas City	4	4½	4¾
Dallas	4	4½	5
San Francisco	4	4½	4¾

The rate of 3 to 4½ per cent. for one-day discounts, in connection with the loan operations of the Government, is approved in the case of the New York district.

Secured by United States certificates of indebtedness of Liberty Loan bonds:

	Within 15 Days, Agricultural Incl. Member & Live Stock ber Banks' Paper. Collateral Notes.	16 to 90 Days, Over 90 Days.	Collateral Inc'sive.
Boston	5	4	4¼
New York	5	4	4¼
Philadelphia	5	4	4¼
Cleveland	5¼	4	4¼
Richmond	5	4	4¼
Atlanta	5	4	4¼
Chicago	5½	4	4¼
St. Louis	5½	4	4¼
Minneapolis	5½	4	4¼
Kansas City	5	4	4¼
Dallas	5¼	4	4¼
San Francisco	5½	4	4¼

Trade acceptances one to sixty days and sixty-one to ninety days at 4½ per cent.

Acceptances purchased in open market, minimum rate, 4 per cent.

Rates for commodity paper have been nuaged with those for commercial paper of corresponding maturities.

In case the sixty-day trade acceptance rate is higher than the fifteen-day discount rate, trade acceptances maturing within fifteen days will be taken at lower rate. When-ever application is made by member banks for renewal of fifteen-day paper, the Federal Reserve Banks may charge a rate not exceeding that for ninety-day paper of the same class.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK AT DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	St. L.	San F.
Sept. 16	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Sept. 17	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Sept. 18	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Sept. 19	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Sept. 20	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Sept. 21	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par

†Discount.

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Money.	3 Mos. Bills.	Short Exch. on London.
Sept. 16	3½@3½	3½	28f 08c
Sept. 17	3	3½	28f 08c
Sept. 18	3	3½	28f 08c
Sept. 19	3¼	3½	28f 08c
Sept. 20	3	3½	28f 08c
Sept. 21	3	3½	28f 08c

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	Brit. Consols. London.	Paris Rentes.
Sept. 16	58⅞	63f 45c
Sept. 17	58⅝	63f 45c
Sept. 18	58⅝	63f 45c
Sept. 19	58½	63f 45c
Sept. 20	58½	63f 45c
Sept. 21	58½	63f 45c

BAR SILVER.

	London.	New York.
Sept. 16	49⅛d	$1.01⅛
Sept. 17	49⅛d	1.01⅛
Sept. 18	49⅛d	1.01⅛
Sept. 19	49⅛d	1.01⅛
Sept 20	49⅛d	1.01⅛
Sept. 21	49⅛d	1.01⅛

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended Sept. 21, 1918:

STOCKS, (SHARES.)	1918.	1917.	1916.
Monday	220,788	688,823	1,162,523
Tuesday	236,070	628,633	1,089,455
Wednesday	243,419	800,660	1,109,215
Thursday	160,531	791,046	[illegible]
Friday	213,144	641,156	1,520,809
Saturday	145,421	568,983	[illegible]
Total week	1,219,323	3,908,961	7,188,740
Yr. to date	93,847,634	136,518,451	131,405,801

BONDS, (PAR VALUE.)			
Monday	$8,389,500	$3,356,500	$4,383,000
Tuesday	8,589,500	3,[illegible]	[illegible]
Wednesday	6,518,500	2,887,500	4,721,000
Thursday	7,790,500	3,387,500	4,059,500
Friday	8,366,500	5,895,500	5,459,000
Saturday	4,318,500	1,588,500	2,049,500
Total week	$43,973,000	$20,490,500	$23,691,000
Yr. to date	1,156,529,000	606,844,400	756,135,500

In detail last week's transactions compare as follows with the same week a year ago:

BONDS.	Sept. 21, '18.	Sept. 22, '17.	Increase.
R. R. & mis.	$5,187,000	$5,967,500	*$780,500
Gov't	38,638,000	14,386,000	24,302,000
State	6,000	21,000	*15,000
City	142,000	166,000	*24,000
Total all	$43,973,000	$20,490,500	$23,482,500

*Decrease.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED SEPT. 21. 1918.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	1,219,323	93,847,634
Same period a year ago..	3,908,961	136,518,451

	Last Week. High.	Low.	Year to Date. High.	Low.
Average price 50 stocks.	71.80	70.74	74.24	64.12
Same period a year ago.	75.23	71.84	90.46	71.84

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
325	ADAMS EXPRESS	50	48	50	+ ⅛
500	Advance Rumely pf	45	44	44½	+ ⅛
100	Ajax Rubber	57	57	57	+ 1
6,900	Alaska Gold Mines	3½	2½	3¼	+ ⅝
6,300	Alaska Juneau	2¼	1⅝	2	+ ¼
3,600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	30½	29⅝	30⅛	+ 1
900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf	84¼	83⅜	84¼	+ 1⅛
940	Am. Ag. Chem.	100	99	99½	+ 3
270	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	92¼	92	92⅛	+ ⅛
200	Am. Beet Sugar	69¼	69	69¼	— ¼
6,200	Am. Can	45	43⅝	44½	..
170	Am. Can pf	92¼	92	92	..
4,400	Am. Car & Foundry	86⅜	83⅜	85⅞	+ ⅞
100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	— ¾
1,950	Am. Cotton Oil	42⅜	40½	42⅜	+ 2⅜
70	Am. Cotton Oil pf	82	78	82	..
555	Am. Express	79	78½	79	— 1½
1,200	Am. Hide & Leather	20¼	19¼	20¼	+ ¾
4,000	Am. Hide & Leather pf	89¾	*87¼	89	+ 2
1,000	Am. Ice	28	23⅞	28	+ 1
700	Am. Ice pf	49½	48½	49½	— ½
6,500	Am. International	54½	51½	53⅝	+ 2
1,800	Am. Linseed	41½	40⅜	41⅛	+ ¾
1,000	Am. Linseed pf	77½	77	77⅛	+ ⅞
1,900	Am. Locomotive	65⅞	64½	*65¼	+ ⅝
700	Am. Malting	4½	4	4	— ½
100	Am. Malt. 1st pf., t. r.	41	41	41	— 1
100	Am. Shipbuilding	132	132	132	+ 1½
3,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	78⅝	76¼	78⅝	+ 1⅝
100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	103½	103½	103½	..
4,600	Am. Steel Foundries	81⅝	77¼	81⅝	+ 3⅝
2,000	Am. Sugar Refining	108½	107¼	108½	— ½
400	Am. Sugar Refining pf	109	108¾	109	+ ½
53,500	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	114¼	105⅜	113⅞	— ⅛
900	Am. Sumatra Tobacco pf	85	82½	85	— 1
4,800	Am. Tel. & Tel.	99¼	96⅞	*96⅞	+ 2⅛
100	Am. Tobacco	160	160	160	..
1,600	Am. Woolen	54¾	53⅜	54½	— 1
900	Am. Writing Paper pf	35	34⅞	35	— ⅛
700	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	16	15½	16	+ 1
22,600	Anaconda Copper	68¾	66⅜	68⅝	..
100	Associated Oil	60½	60¼	60½	— 1½
1,200	Atch., Top. & S. F.	86	85⅝	86	+ 1⅛
800	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	81⅛	81	81⅛	+ ⅛
400	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	9	9	9	— ½
5,100	Atl., Gulf & W. I.	106	100	105	+ 4½
200	Atl., Gulf & W. I. pf	64½	64	64½	+ ½
40,300	BALDWIN LOCO.	89¼	87	89	+ ½
1,500	Balt. & Ohio	54	53¼	53⅞	— ⅛
400	Balt. & Ohio pf	54	54	54	..
1,000	Barrett Co.	94	92⅞	94	+ 2
300	Barrett Co. pf	100½	100	100	— ¾
600	Bangalia Mining	1⅞	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
100	Bethlehem Steel	80¾	80¼	*80¼	+ ½
25,600	Beth. Steel, Class B	82½	79⅞	*82⅝	+ ⅝
1,208	Beth. Steel, 8 p. c. pf	103¼	102⅞	*103	+ ¼
500	Booth Fisheries	26½	26	26¼	+ ¼
1,400	Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	39½	38⅝	39½	+ 1
100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. Sec.	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
12,400	Burns Brothers	152	143½	151½	+ 7½
200	Butte Copper & Zinc	10¼	10⅛	10⅛	— ¼
1,200	Butte & Superior	27¼	25⅝	26½	+ 1½
1,200	CAL. PETROLEUM	19⅝	18⅝	19	+ ⅝
900	Cal. Petroleum pf	63⅝	62	63¾	+ 1½
11,100	Canadian Pacific	164	157	163	+ 4½
100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	83½	83½	83½	+ ½
4,200	Central Leather Co.	68½	66	68	+ 1½
100	Central Leather Co. pf	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	— 1¼
700	Cerro de Pasco Copper	33⅝	33	33¾	— ¼
500	Chandler Motor	87⅝	87	87	+ ⅛
600	Chesapeake & Ohio	57⅝	56¼	57⅜	+ 1⅝
400	Chi. Great Western pf	23	22⅞	23	+ 1⅛
7,300	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	49½	48½	49½	+ ½
2,600	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf	77⅝	76⅝	77	..
90	Chi. & Northwestern	94¾	94	94	..
100	Chi. Pneumatic Tool	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	+ ⅝
7,600	Chi., R. I. & Pacific	25½	24⅞	25¼	..
1,700	Chi., R. I. & P. 7 p. c. pf	79	76¼	77½	— ⅛
300	Chi., R. I. & P. 6 p. c. pf	67	66	66	— ⅛
3,500	Chile Copper	16	15⅝	15⅝	..
1,400	Chino Copper	40	38¼	*39¼	+ ⅝
800	Colorado Fuel & Iron	46¾	45½	46⅝	+ 1⅝
100	Colorado South'n 1st pf	50½	50½	50½	..
500	Columbia Gas & Elec	35	34¾	35	+ 1
600	Consol. Gas	87	86	86	— 1
800	Consol. Inter. Cal. Min.	8½	8	8	— ⅛
100	Continental Can	67½	67½	*67½	+ 2¼
100	Continental Insurance	50	50	50	— 1
11,200	Corn Products Ref.	42⅜	41	42⅜	+ 1½
1,600	Corn Products Ref. pf	101⅝	101½	101¼	+ ¼
7,400	Crucible Steel	65½	63⅞	65½	+ 1
100	Crucible Steel pf	90	90	90	— 1
5,100	Cuba Cane Sugar	30⅜	29⅝	30¼	+ ½
600	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	80⅞	79¼	79¾	— ¼
100	DEERE & CO. pf	92¼	92¼	92¼	..
100	Delaware & Hudson	107¾	107¾	107¾	— ¼
600	Den. & Rio Grande	5⅝	5	5¼	+ ⅛
3,300	Den. & Rio Grande pf	9½	7⅝	9¼	+ 2⅛
10	Detroit Edison Co.	104	104	104	..
28,400	Distillers Securities	54⅝	51¼	54½	+ 1⅝
1,700	Dome Mines	9⅝	9	9¼	+ ⅝
100	Duluth, S. S. & Atlantic	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	..
3,200	ERIE	15⅝	13¼	15½	..
1,300	Erie 1st pf	31⅜	30½	31⅜	+ ⅝
200	FEDERAL M. & S.	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	— 3
700	Federal M. & S. pf	39⅝	38	39	+ 1½
400	Fisher Body	36	35⅝	35⅞	+ ¼
1,600	GASTON, WM. & W.	29	28½	28⅝	+ ⅛
300	General Chemical	180½	180	180	..
700	General Cigar	45⅝	45¼	45¾	+ ¼
300	General Electric	147	146	147	..
5,300	General Motors	118	110¼	117	+ 1
1,000	General Motors pf	78¼	77	78¼	+ ⅝
100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	45½	45½	45½	+ ¼
515	Granby Consol.	83½	82½	83½	+ 1½
3,900	Great Northern pf	90¾	89	*89½	+ 1¼
5,500	Great Northern Certs. for Ore Properties	31½	30⅜	31¼	+ ½
1,150	Greene-Cananea Copper	45	44⅜	45	+ ¼
3,125	Gulf States Steel	79¾	76¾	*79¾	— ⅝
200	Gulf States Steel 1st pf	99½	99½	*99½	+ 1¼
700	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	96	95	95	— ½
4	Ingersoll Rand	185	185	185	..
3,600	Inspiration Copper	54	53	54	+ ½
2,700	Interboro Consol.	6⅞	6¼	6¼	— ½
300	Interboro Consol. pf	20	20	20	— 2
200	Inter. Agricultural	16	16	16	+ 2
200	Inter. Agricultural pf	61	60¼	61	+ ¼
1,300	Inter. Harvester, N. J.	126¾	125	126⅝	+ 1⅝
1,100	Inter. Harv., N. J., pf	106	104	106	+ 1
1,000	Inter. Harvester Corp.	63	62¼	62⅞	+ ⅞
200	Inter. Harv. Corp. pf	104	104	104	— 1
8,500	Inter. Mer. Marine	27⅝	26½	27½	+ 1¼
88,200	Inter. Mer. Marine pf	104¼	99⅝	104¼	+ 4⅝
7,700	Inter. Nickel	30⅝	29½	30⅛	+ ⅞
200	Inter. Paper	32	32	32	+ ¼
100	Inter. Paper pf., stamped	59½	59¼	59⅞	..
100	Inter. Salt	61½	61½	61½	+ 1½
800	KAN. CITY SOUTH'N.	18	17¾	17¾	..
300	Kelly-Springfield Tire	47	46½	46½	— ½
3,000	Kennecott Copper	33⅞	32⅝	33⅝	+ ⅛
1,600	LACK. STEEL	81½	80½	81	..
100	Lake Erie & Western pf	20	20	20	..
100	Lee Rubber & Tire	19	19	19	— ½
100	Lehigh Valley	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	— ⅛
350	Liggett & Myers	169¾	167	169¾	+ 5½
150	Liggett & Myers pf	103	103	103	— 1
300	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	— ⅜
500	Lorillard (P.) Co.	147	145½	146	+ 1
541	MACKAY COS.	74	72⅝	72⅝	— 1½
100	Mackay Cos. pf	64	64	64	..
260	Manhattan Elevated	96	95½	95½	— ½
250	Marlin-Rockwell	87	86⅝	87	..
900	Maxwell Motors	27	26⅛	27	+ 1
300	Maxwell Motors 1st pf	57⅜	56⅜	57¼	+ 1⅝
300	Maxwell Motors 2d pf	21⅞	20½	21⅞	+ 1⅝
98,000	Mexican Petroleum	105⅝	100	105	+ 5
100	Mexican Petroleum pf	96⅞	96⅛	96⅛	+ ⅝
1,610	Miami Copper	28⅝	27⅞	28	+ ⅛
8,500	Midvale Steel	52⅝	51½	52	..
2,500	Minn. & St. Louis, new	10	9	9	— 1
4,000	Missouri Pacific	24	23⅝	24	..
300	Missouri Pacific pf	56½	56	56	+ 1
100	NATIONAL ACME	31	31	31	— ½
100	National Cloak & Suit	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	+ ⅝
1,200	National Cond. & Cable	17¼	16	17¼	+ 2
2,400	National Enam. & S. pf	51½	50½	50⅝	— ½
200	National Lead	57	57	57	— 1½
100	National Lead pf	101½	101½	101½	— ½
1,800	Nevada Con. Copper	20⅞	20	*20⅝	+ ⅛
1,600	New York Air Brake	120	118⅞	120	..
4,700	New York Central	73½	72⅝	72⅝	— ½
17,700	N. Y., N. H. & H.	40½	39½	39½	— ¼
450	N. Y., Ont. & West	20¼	20¼	20¼	— ½
700	Norfolk & Western	104	103⅛	103½	+ ½
300	Norfolk & Western pf	70	69	70	..
200	North American	40	40	*40	+ 1¼
2,300	Northern Pacific	88¼	87¼	87⅝	+ 1
500	Nova Scotia Steel & C.	65¼	64	65	— 2
6,000	OHIO CITIES GAS	38⅜	37⅜	37⅜	— ¼
200	Ohio Fuel Supply	42	41½	42	..
3,600	Ontario Mining	8½	7⅞	*7¾	— ⅛
500	Owens Bottle Machine	58½	58	58¼	— ⅝
2,200	PACIFIC MAIL	32⅜	31¼	32⅜	+ 1⅜
400	Pan Am. Pet. & T. pf	92½	92¼	92¼	— ½
4,325	Pennsylvania Railroad	44	43⅞	44	+ ⅛
1,100	People's Gas, Chicago	45½	45	45⅝	+ ⅝
300	Pere Marquette	12⅝	12½	12⅝	+ ⅛
700	Philadelphia Co.	27½	27½	27½	..
700	Pierce-Arrow	38⅝	38	38	..
200	Pierce-Arrow pf	97¾	95¾	97⅜	— ¾
21,600	Pierce Oil	17	15¾	16⅞	+ 2
2,500	Pitts. Coal	49	48	48	— 1⅝
1,000	Pitts. & West Va.	34¾	33¾	34½	+ 1
100	Pitts. & West Va. pf	78	78	78	..
100	Pond Creek Coal	18	18	18	— ½
600	Pressed Steel Car	70	67½	70	+ 2
600	Pressed Steel Car pf	95	94½	94½	— ½
1,570	Pullman Co.	113¾	111⅝	113	+ 1¼
3,900	RY. STEEL SPRING	67¼	66½	*66⅝	+ 1½
200	Ry. Steel Spring pf	102½	102⅜	102½	..
3,400	Ray Consol. Copper	24⅛	23¼	*23⅝	+ ⅝
24,100	Reading	88⅛	86⅝	88⅛	+ ⅝
100	Reading 2d pf	37	37	37	..
8,400	Republic Iron & Steel	91½	89	91	+ ⅝
200	Republic Iron & S. pf	102½	102½	102½	+ ½
1,911	Royal Dutch tr. rects	93½	77	93½	+ 15
5,900	Do. rights	20⅝	17¼	20⅝	+ 4⅜
1,300	ST. L.-SAN FRAN.	11⅝	10½	10½	— 1½
100	St. L.-San Fran. pf	27	27	27	— 1
100	Savage Arms	72½	72½	72½	— 1⅝
300	Saxon Motor	6	6	6	..
300	Seaboard Air Line	8¼	8¼	8¼	..
900	Seaboard Air Line pf	20¾	19⅜	20½	+ 1½
1,000	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	140	139⅞	140	+ 1
900	Shattuck-Arizona	15⅝	15	15	..
9,200	Sinclair Oil Refining	32⅜	30½	31⅞	+ 1⅜
500	Sloss-Sheff. S. & I.	61½	60½	60½	+ 1
2,800	Southern Pacific	86	85¼	86	+ ⅝
13,200	Southern Railway	27	25⅝	26⅜	+ ⅝
600	Southern Railway pf	67½	66⅝	66⅝	+ ¼
6,100	Studebaker Co.	47⅜	44⅝	47	+ 1
300	Superior Steel	41½	41	41½	..
600	TEN

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

LONDON

	Demand. High.	Demand. Low.	Demand. Last.
Sept. 16	$4.75 4/32	$4.75 4/32	$4.75 4/32
Sept. 17	4.75 4/32	4.75 4/32	4.75 4/32
Sept. 18	4.75	4.75	4.75
Sept. 19	4.75	4.75	4.75
Sept. 20	4.75	4.75	4.75
Sept. 21	4.75 4/32	4.75 4/32	4.75 4/32

	Cables. High.	Cables. Low.	Cables. Last.
Sept. 16	4.76	4.76	4.76
Sept. 17	4.76	4.76	4.76
Sept. 18	4.76	4.76	4.76
Sept. 19	4.76	4.76	4.76
Sept. 20	4.76	4.76	4.76
Sept. 21	4.76	4.76	4.76

Week's range—

High	4.7550	4.7655	4.7655
Low	4.7542	4.7650	4.7650

Same week last year—

High	4.7550	4.76	4.76
Low	4.7545	4.76	4.76

Year to date—

High	4.76	4.77	4.77
Low	4.75	4.76	4.76

Same period last year—

High	4.7580	4.77	4.77
Low	4.75	4.7643	4.7643

	Demand. High.	Demand. Low.	Cables. High.	Cables. Low.
PARIS.				
Sept.	16 5.47	5.47	5.46	5.46
Sept.	17 5.47	5.47	5.46	5.46
Sept.	18 5.47	5.47	5.46	5.46
Sept.	19 5.48	5.48	5.47	5.47
Sept.	20 5.48	5.48	5.47	5.47
Sept.	21 5.48	5.48	5.47	5.47

Week's range—

High	5.47	5.47	5.46	
Low	5.48	5.47		

Same week last year—

High	5.70	5.78		
Low	5.79	5.78		

Year to date—

High	5.46	5.45		
Low	5.73	5.71		

Same period last year—

High	5.68	5.67		
Low	5.85	5.84		

SCANDINAVIA.

	Copenhagen. Dem. Cables.	Stockholm. Dem. Cables.	Christiania. Dem. Cables.
Sep.	16 29.75	30.10	33.375 33.75 30.60 31.10
Sep.	17 29.50	30.00	32.50 32.875 30.50 30.875
Sep.	18 29.75	30.00	32.50 32.875 30.40 30.80
Sep.	19 29.75	30.15	32.875 33.30 30.60 31.00
Sep.	20 29.75	30.15	33.00 33.50 30.60 31.10
Sep.	21 29.75	30.10	33.00 33.40 30.60 31.00

Week's range—

High	29.75	30.15	33.375 33.75	30.60 31.10
Low	29.50	30.00	32.50 32.875	30.40 30.80

Same week last year—

High	30.85	31.05	33.80 34.00	30.90 31.00
Low	30.65	30.85	33.60 33.80	30.70 30.90

Year to date—

High	31.50	32.00	36.00 36.40	32.75 33.25
Low	29.375	29.875	31.50 32.00	29.75 30.125

Same period last year—

High	30.70	30.90	33.70 33.90	31.00 31.50
Low	27.05	27.12	29.35 29.45	27.80 27.90

	Greece. Dem. Cables. Bid.	Rubles, 100. Rubles, 500. Dem. Cables. Ask.	Rubles, 500. Bid.	Ask.
Sept.	16 19.45	19.50	13.10 13.30	13.00 13.20
Sept.	17 19.45	19.50	13.10 13.30	13.00 13.20
Sept.	18 19.45	19.50	13.10 13.30	13.00 13.20
Sept.	19 19.45	19.50	13.10 13.30	13.00 13.20
Sept.	20 19.45	19.50	12.50 12.75	12.40 12.60
Sept.	21 19.45	19.50	12.50 12.75	12.40 12.60

Week's range—

High	19.45	19.50	13.10 13.30	13.00 13.20
Low	19.45	19.50	12.50 12.75	12.40 12.60

Same week last year—

High	19.50	19.55	17.25	17.50
Low	19.50	19.55	15.85	16.10

Year to date—

High	19.45	19.50	15.40	15.75
Low	19.40	19.45	11.00	11.25

Same period last year—

High	20.05	20.65	29.90	29.50
Low	19.50	19.55	15.85	16.10

CHINA.

	Hongkong. Dem. Cables.	Peking. Dem. Cables.	Shanghai. Dem. Cables.
Week's range—			
High	91.50	91.75	145.50 145.75 135.50 135.75
Low	90.00	90.25	133.50 134.00 126.00 126.50
Same week last year—			
High	82.00	82.25	129.00 129.25 122.00 122.25
Low	81.00	81.25	128.00 128.25 121.00 121.25
Year to date—			
High	91.50	91.75	145.50 145.75 135.50 135.75
Low	71.25	71.50	109.50 109.75 102.50 102.75
Same period last year—			
High	82.00	82.25	129.00 129.25 122.00 122.25
Low	55.00	55.10	85.50 85.62½ 80.00 80.12½

	India. Bombay. Dem. Cab's.	India. Calcutta. Dem. Cab's.	Philippine Islands. Manila. Dem. Cables.
Week's range—			
High	35.48	35.73	36.48 35.73 49.875 50.00
Low	35.48	35.73	35.48 35.73 49.875 50.00
Same week last year—			
High	35.00	35.00	35.00 35.00 50.12½ 50.25
Low	34.50	34.73	34.50 34.75 50.12½ 50.25
Year to date—			
High	36.75	37.00	36.75 37.00 49.875 50.00
Low	35.48	35.73	35.48 35.73 49.875 50.00
Same period last year—			
High	35.00	35.00	35.00 35.00 50.12½ 50.25
Low	32.75	33.00	32.75 33.00 50.12½ 50.25

	Spain. Dem. Cables.	Kobe. Dem. Cables.	Yokohama. Dem. Cables.
Week's range—			
High	22.80	23.00	54.75 54.875 54.75 54.875
Low	22.60	22.75	54.75 54.875 54.75 54.875
Same week last year—			
High	22.85	23.00	51.00 51.25 51.00 51.25
Low	22.50	22.45	51.00 51.25 51.00 51.25
Year to date—			
High	28.40	28.625	54.75 54.875 54.75 54.875
Low	22.65	22.75	51.90 52.00 51.90 52.00
Same period last year—			
High	23.70	23.80	51.37½ 52.00 51.37½ 52.00
Low	21.80	21.90	50.75 50.87½ 50.75 50.87½

SOUTH AMERICA.

	Buenos Aires.— Demand.	Buenos Aires.— Cables.	Rio.— Demand.	Rio.— Cables.
Week's range—				
High	44.60	44.75	23.85	24.00
Low	44.53	44.70	23.85	24.00
Same week last year—				
High	42.85	43.00	24.75	25.00
Low	42.75	43.00	24.71	24.81
Year to date—				
High	46.21	46.31	27.04	27.14
Low	43.72	43.82	22.90	23.00
Same period last year—				
High	44.75	44.87½	27.25	27.37½
Low	42.87	42.97	23.50	23.60

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.—Dealings discontinued.

	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.	Nov. High.	Nov. Low.
CORN.						
Sept.	16 1.56	1.53½	1.55½	1.50⅝	1.50½	1.48
Sept.	17 1.50¾	1.54½	1.54¼	1.52	1.49⅞	1.48
Sept.	18 1.53½	1.54½	1.53	1.51¼	1.49½	1.47⅜
Sept.	19 1.50¾	1.54	1.53¾	1.52¼	1.50½	1.49
Sept.	20		1.53½	1.50⅝	1.50¾	1.47½
Sept.	21		1.50⅝	1.48½	1.47⅜	1.45¾
Wks rge.		1.53¼		1.48¼	1.50½	1.45⅝

	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.	Nov. High.	Nov. Low.
OATS.						
Sept.	16	71⅝	71	72⅜	72½	73⅜ 72¼
Sept.	17	72⅝	71¾	73½	72⅝	74⅜ 73½
Sept.	18	72¼	72	73½	73	74⅜ 73⅝
Sept.	19	73¼	72⅝	74½	73⅝	74⅞ 74⅛
Sept.	20	73½	72⅞	74¼	73⅝	75¼ 74⅛
Sept.	21	73⅝	72⅝	73⅞	73⅛	74⅜ 74⅛
Wks rge.		73½	71	74¼	72⅛	75⅛ 72¼

Provisions.

	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.	Nov. High.	Nov. Low.
LARD.				
Sept.	16	26.75	26.67	
Sept.	17	26.87	26.82	26.55 26.25
Sept.	18	26.90	26.87	26.62 26.50
Sept.	19	26.77	26.55	26.35 26.20
Sept.	20	26.47	26.30	26.17 25.90
Sept.	21	26.40	26.32	25.85 25.77
Week's range		26.90	26.30	26.55 25.77

	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.	Nov. High.	Nov. Low.
RIBS.				
Sept.	16	28.02	28.30	28.40 28.17
Sept.	17	28.52	28.15	28.47 28.00
Sept.	18	28.72	28.60	28.62 28.52
Sept.	19	23.60	22.35	23.47 28.22
Sept.	20	23.45	23.27	23.30 23.15
Sept.	21	23.37	23.20	23.25 23.12
Week's range		23.72	23.15	23.62 23.00

	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.	Nov. High.	Nov. Low.
PORK.				
Sept.	16	40.15	39.40	40.15 39.20
Sept.	17	40.05	39.60	40.05 39.35
Sept.	18	40.87	40.10	40.85 40.15
Sept.	19	41.40	41.10	41.05 40.55
Sept.	20	..	..	41.40 41.10
Sept.	21	..	..	41.25 41.10
Week's range		41.40	39.40	41.65 39.20

NEW YORK.

COTTON.

	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.
Sept.	16	33.10	33.10	32.89	33.50	32.89 33.21
Sept.	17			34.10	33.15	33.50 32.59
Sept.	18	33.80	33.80	34.20	32.85	33.60 32.25
Sept.	19	..	..	33.02	32.40	32.45 31.74
Sept.	20	..	..	33.15	32.60	32.55 32.00
Sept.	21	..	..	32.00	31.20	31.35 30.70
Week's range		33.80	33.10	34.20	31.20	33.60 30.70

	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	March. High.	March. Low.
Sept.	16	32.75	32.03	32.95 31.90
Sept.	17	33.80	32.40	33.12 32.25
Sept.	18	33.40	32.05	33.22 31.93
Sept.	19	32.15	31.52	32.05 31.45
Sept.	20	32.85	31.87	32.25 31.78
Sept.	21	31.25	30.50	31.20 30.42
Week's range		33.40	30.50	33.22 30.42

	May High.	May Low.	July High.	July Low.
Sept.	16	32.55	31.85	.. ..
Sept.	17	33.12	32.25	32.95 32.94
Sept.	18	33.18	31.81	33.10 32.75
Sept.	19	31.90	31.30	32.00 31.65
Sept.	20	32.01	31.65	31.72 31.70
Sept.	21	31.00	30.45	30.90 30.60
Week's range		33.18	30.45	33.10 30.60

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED SEPT. 21, 1918.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$43,973,000	$1,156,629,000
Same period last year	20,490,500	696,844,400

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	76.19	76.95	77.87	75.77
Same period a year ago.	80.94	80.50	89.48	80.50

Range, 1918 High	Low	Sales		Net Last	Ch'ge
86⅝	86	10	ADAMS EX. 4s	86	— 4
28	18	6	Alaska G. M. cv. 6s. Ser. A.	24	23 — 2
100	97	40	Am. Ag. C. deb. 5s	99	96⅞ 99 ..
100½	91	5	Am. Ag. Ch. cv. 5s	95	95 + ⅝
83	80	4	Am. Cotton Oil 5s	82	80 82 ..
101	98½	14	Am. H. & L. 6s	100¼	100 100 — ⅛
99½	98	10	Am. O. & Imp. 5s	98½	98½ 98¼ — 1
89½	84⅞	12	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s	85	84⅞ 84⅞ — 1¼
83¼	77	27	A. T. & T. col. 4s	78	77⅝ 78 + ¼
95	93	439	A. T. & T. cv. 6s, sub. rcts., full paid	95	94½ 95 + ⅛
91½	82	⅛	A. T. & T. cv. 4½s	80	80 80 ..
95¼	86	50	A. T. & T. col. tr. 5s	90⅜	80⅝ 90⅞ + ⅛
99⅜	96⅞	6	Am. Thread 4s	99	99¼ 99¼ ..
117	117	3	Am. Tobacco 6s	117	117 117 ..
87	70	3	Am. Wr. Paper 5s	87	86½ 86½ — ½
87	81½	37	Armour & Co. 4½s	83	82 82⅝ — ⅛
83⅝	80	64	A., T. & S. F.gen 4s	80½	80 80¼ — ⅛
87	71⅝	1	A., T. & S.F.cv.4s,'55	71⅞	71⅞ 71⅝ —12½
78	70	1	A.,T.& S. F. ad.4s, s.	70	70 70 — 3½
95	91	5	At. & C. L. A. 1st 5s	91	91 91 ..
83⅝	77	15	At. C. L. 1st 4s	80¼	79⅞ 80 + ⅛
82½	75	17	At. C. L. unif. 4½s	76½	76 76 ..
78½	73¼	33	BALT. & O gold 4s	73⅞	73⅛ 73⅝ + ⅝
83½	77⅜	19	Balt. & Ohio ref. 5s	78½	78 78 — ⅛
89½	85¾	15	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s	88	87 87⅜ — ⅛
80⅝	75¾	20	B. & O. cv. 4½s	77	76⅝ 77 + ⅛
76	72	2	B. & O., P., L. E. & W. V. 4s	73¾	73⅜ 73⅜ — 1⅛
87	82	2	B.&O., S.W. Div.3½s	83¾	83 83 — ⅛
87½	87½	2	B.&O., Tol.& Cen. 4s	87½	87½ 87½ ..
93⅛	86	6	Beth Steel ref. 5s	85½	88½ 88½ — ¼
99	93¼	2	Beth. Steel ext. 5s	96½	96¼ 96½ ..
83¾	78½	34	Beth. Steel p. m. 5s	81½	81¾ 81⅝ + ⅛
93	80½	1	Braden Cop. s. f. 6s	92½	92½ 92½ + ½
98½	92	3	B. R. T. 5s, 1918	96	96 96 + ½
98¼	94⅞	107	B. R. T. 7s, 1021	95¼	94⅞ 95 — ⅛
95	85	5	B'klyn Un. Gas 5s	87	87 87 + 2
81	74	5	Bush Term. 5s	80	80 80 + 4⅞
97⅛	93	13	CENT. LEATH. 5s	94¼	93½ 93½ — ¾
90	85	13	C. of Ga. cons. 5s	87	87 87 ..
90¼	86½	5	C. of Ga. 1st 5s	90¼	90¼ 90¼ — 1¼
82	76½	6	Cent. Pacific 4s	76½	76½ 76½ — ⅞
100¼	94¼	7	Ches. & O. cons. 5s	95½	95 95½ ..
82⅜	74	2	C. & O. conv. 5s	80	79⅝ 79⅝ ..
77⅜	67½	22	C. & O. conv. 4½s	77	76 76⅛ — ⅜
47½	35¾	15	Chi. & Alton 3½s	38	37½ 38 ..
84½	78¼	18	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	79½	78¼ 79 ..
94⅜	92	81	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	94	93⅝ 93⅝ — ⅜
87⅛	80½	1	C.,B.&Q., Ill. Div. 4s	80	80 80 — 1⅜
98	97	5	C.,B.&Q., Ia. D. 4s	97½	97½ 97½ — ⅜
94⅝	90¾	10	C.,B.&Q., Neb.Ext.4s	93⅞	93⅞ 93⅞ — ⅜
76	71⅝	3	C.,B.&Q., Ill.Div.3½s	72	72 72 ..
60½	54	36	Chi. Gt. W. 1st 4s	57	56⅝ 56⅝ — ⅜
100⅛	98	5	Ch., I. & L. ref. 6s	100	100 100 + ⅛
66	66	5	C.,M.& St. P. gen.3½s	66	66 66 — 0⅛
79	70¾	14	C.,M.& St.P. gen.4½s	71	71 71 ..
70	65	7	C.,M. & St.P.cv.5s,D.	70¾	69⅝ 70¼ — ¼
71	64¾	21	C.,M. & St.P.ref.4½s	68	67¼ 67⅜ — ¾
78	71½	13	C.,M. & St.P. cv.4½s	77	76½ 76½ — ½
84	76½	3	C.,M. & St. P. 4s,'25	83	83 83 ..
103	99¼	2	Chi. & N.W. gen. 5s	101	101 101 + 1⅛
83½	83	2	C. & N. W. gen. 4s	83½	83 83 — ¼
82½	80½	1	C. & N. gen. 4s, sta	80½	80½ 80½ — 2⅝
73½	67½	2	C. & N. W. gen. 3½s	68	67⅞ 67⅞ ..
89	89	1	Chi. & N. W. ext. 5s	89	89 89 ..
86½	82	2	Chi. Railways 5s	82½	82½ 82½ — ½
69¾	62½	12	C., R.I. & P. ref. 4s	69	68¾ 69 ..
77⅜	73	5	C., R. I. & P. gen.4s	73	73 73 ..
98	94⅞	2	sub. rcts., full paid	95	94⅞ 95 + ⅛
94⅝	90½	4	C. St.L.& N. O. 5s	96	94⅞ 94⅞ — ⅛
90¾	83¼	9	C. St.P.,M.&O. deb.5s	89½	89 89 — 1½
90	85	4	Chi., Un. Sta. 4½s	86¼	86 86 + 1
108¼	102½	4	Chile Cop. 7s	104¾	104½ 104½ — ¼
80	77	2½	Chile Cop. col. tr. 6s	77	77 77 — 1
80½	75	8	Chile Cop. cv. 6s p. p. ext. 6s	76½	76 76½ + 1½
80½	73	5	Chile Cop. f.p. ext.6s	77½	77½ 77½ + 2½
64¾	55	5	C.,C.,C.&St.L. gen.4s	63	63 63¼ ..
90	83½	2	Cleve. & St. L. 4½s	83½	83½ 83½ — 4½
76	73	5	Col. Indus. 5s	74	73¾ 74 — ⅛
73½	63	34	Col. & So. ref. 4½s	72½	71⅝ 71⅝ — ⅝
85½	85	2	Conn. Ry. & L. 4½s	85½	85½ 85½ + ½
83½	85	1	Conn.R.&L. 4½s, sta.	85½	85½ 85½ + ½
102	90	48	Cons. G. s. conv. 6s	99	98 99 ..
93¼	86	6	Cumberland Tel. 5s	87	86 86 ..
88	79	5	DEL. & HUD. 1st & ref. 4s	80¾	79 80 — ¼
72	68	12	D. & R. G. con. 4½s	72	71⅝ 71⅞ — ⅜
69	63	37	D. & R. G. con. 4s.	66¼	63 63 — 3½
56	48½	21	D. & R.G. 1st & R.5s	55½	55 55 — ½
96¾	94	3	Det. City Gas 5s	93¾	93¾ 93¾ — ⅛
77⅝	73	12	Det. R. Tun. 4½s	74½	73 73 — 2¾
88	75	51	Dist. Secur. 5s	87¼	86½ 87¼ + 1¼
97½	91¼	3	E.T.,VA.&GA.cons.5s	92¼	92¼ 92¼ — ⅜
94⅜	94⅞	1	Edison El. Ill. N. Y. cons. 5s	94⅞	94⅞ 94⅞ —10¾
101	100	5	Erie 1st cons. 7s	100	100 100 — ¾
69	65	6	Erie 1st cons. 4s	66½	66 66½ — ⅛
57¾	49½	7	Erie gen. 4s	53½	53¾ 53¾ + ⅛
50	42	15	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. A.	48	48 48 ..
49¾	42½	3	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. B.	48	48 48 — ½
56	48½	5	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. D.	53¾	51 51 — 1
79	75¼	5	Erie-Pa. col. 4s	78½	78½ 78½ + ½
98½	96	14	FT. W. & D. C. 6s	97	96¾ 97 + 1
100	94¾	45	GEN. ELEC. deb. 5s	98	97⅞ 97¾ + ⅛
62¼	48¾	23	H. & M. n. ref. 5s	59½	59¼ 59¼ ..
25	14¼	6	Hud. & M. n. adj. 5s	20	18⅞ 18⅞ — 1⅝
76½	71¼	1	ILL. CENT. 4s	73	73 73 ..
83	77⅜	46	Ill. Cent. ref. 4s	78	77⅞ 78 + ⅛
91	85½	15	Ill. C. & C., St. L. & N. O. jt. 5s	85½	85½ 85½ — ⅜
97	93	5	Indiana Steel 5s	94	93 93 — 1
57½	48	179	Inter.-Met. 4½s	40¾	48 40½ — ½
85	77⅜	69	Int. R p. Tran. 5s	79¼	78 78⅝ + ¼
75½	63½	7	Int. Agricul. 5s	75½	73 75 + 2½
102¾	96	460	Int. Mer. Mar. 6s	99½	98 99¼ + 1¼
46½	40½	5	Iowa Cent. ref. 4s	45¾	45 45 — ½
69	67½	3	KAN. & MICH. 4s	67½	67½ 67½ — 1½
69	62	8	K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	65½	64½ 64½ — ½
80	73¾	17	Kan. City So. 5s	76½	76½ 75½ — ½
62½	58	2	Kan. City So. 3s	59¾	59¼ 59¼ — ¾
78	71¼	8	Kan. City T. 4s	72	71½ 71¾ — ⅛
98½	88	3	LACK. STEEL 5s	90⅞	90⅞ 90⅞ — ⅛
87½	82	25	Lake Shore 4s, 1928	85½	85½ 85½ + ⅛
86½	81¾	4	Lake Shore 4s, 1931	84	84 84 — ⅛
92	78	1	Lake Erie & W.1st 5s	85	85 85 + 1½
98½	97⅝	19	Laclede Gas 1st 5s	98½	97⅝ 98¼ + ⅛
78	74½	1	L. V Pa. con. 4s	77	77 77 + 2
91¾	84⅞	2	L. V. of N. Y. 4½s	84⅞	84⅞ 84⅞ — ⅛
99	97⅜	321	Leh. V. col. 6s t.cfs.	98½	97⅜ 98 ..
102	96	1	Leh. V. Term. 5s	96	96 96 — 6
96	90	2	Lex. & Eastern 5s	90¾	90¼ 90¼ ..
95	86	2	Liggett & Myers 5s	88⅞	88⅞ 88⅞ — 1¼
77	70	1	Long Is. deb. 5s,'37	70	70 70 — 1
115	107	8	Lorillard 7s	108¼	107⅞ 108¼ + ⅛
96	83	1	Lorillard 5s	85	85 85 — 2
88¼	83	1	Louis.&Nash. unif.4s	83½	83½ 83½ ..
80½	73½	3	MAN. con. 4s	73½	73½ 73½ — 3⅝
70	74⅜	1	Man. C. 4s, tax. ex.	76	76 76 — ½
108	108	9	M. P. col. 6s, Ser. C.	108	108 107¼ ..
92	80¾	10	Midvale Steel 5s	87¾	87¾ 87¾ ..
79¾	71¾	2	M. & St. L. con. 5s	71¾	71¾ 71¾ — 2¾
46	41	3	M. & St. L. 1st & ref. 4s	45	44½ 45 — ¾
46	40	1	M. & St. L. ref. & ext. 5s	41	41 41 — 3¾
86½	80	5	M., St. P. & S. S. M. con 4s	81	80 80 — 1⅜
60	60	1	M., K. & Ok. 1st 5s	60	60 60 + 4⅞
35	35	5	M.,K.&T.ext.5s,tr.cfs.	35	35 35 — 3
63⅞	60½	3½	M., K. & T. 1st 4s	62¼	62 62 — ⅜
35	28	4	M., K. & T. 2d 4s	30¾	30¾ 30¾ ..
37	25	1	M.,K. & T. 2d 4s,tr.	30	30 30 — 1½
32	25	1	M.,K.& T.of 4½s,tr.	26½	26½ + ⅜
99½	98	3	Mo. Pac. con. 6s	98½	98½ 98½ + ⅛
58⅜	55¾	77	Mo. Pac. gen. 4s	57½	56⅞ 57½ — ½
102½	101	1	Moh. & Ohio new 6s	101½	101½ 101½ + ½
79½	72¼	10	Mohawk & M. 4s	72	72 72 — 1
92	86¾	9	Mon. Power 5s	88	87½ 87½ — ½
78¼	73½	6	Morris & Es. 3½s	74½	74½ 74½ — ⅝
75	75	1	Morris & Co. 4½s	75	75 75 —15
65½	55	2	NASSAU EL. 4s	63	63 63 — 2
92½	92	1	N. O. T. & M. 6s	92¾	92¾ 92¾ — ⅛
51	40	26½	N. O. T. & M. inc. 5s	51	49¼ 51 + 2
75	60	3	N. Y. Cent. con. 4s	69¼	69 69¼ — ⅜
95	91½	142	N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s	93⅝	91½ 93½ — ¼
85	77½	20	N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s	74⅝	77½ 77½ — 1½
81½	74⅜	30	N. Y. C. deb. 4s,'34	77⅜	77¼ 77¾ ..
65½	61	4	N. Y. C., L. S.c.3½s	61½	61½ 61½ ..
74½	69	1	N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	69	69 69 — 1
82½	76	5	3½s, May, 1954	81¼	81 81¼ — ½
87⅝	75½	10	3½s, Nov., 1954	81½	81 81 ..
90¾	85⅝	10	4s, 1956, reg	89	89 89 — ⅜
91½	85	3	4s, 1957	90¼	90¼ 90¼ — ⅛
91½	85	1	4s, 1959	90½	90½ 90¼ + ⅛
96¾	87¾	10	4½s, 1964	95	95 95 + ⅜
96½	87¾	30	4½s, 1960	94⅝	94¼ 94½ — ⅛
96¼	87¾	2	4½s, 1966	94½	94¼ 94½ — ⅜
101⅞	93	22	4½s, 1963	100¾	100 100 ..
101⅞	96¾	4	4½s, Nov., 1957	100¾	100¼ 99¾ — ⅛
101⅞	93⅛	18	4½s, May, 1957	100¾	100 100 ..
101⅞	93½	28	4½s, 1965	100¾	100 100 ..
82½	76	5	3½s, May, 1954	81¼	81 81¼ — ½
87⅝	75½	10	3½s, Nov., 1954	81½	81 81 ..
90¾	85⅝	10	4s, 1956, reg	89	89 89 — ⅜
91½	85	3	4s, 1957	90¼	90¼ 90¼ — ⅛
91½	85	1	4s, 1959	90½	90¼ 90¼ + ⅛
96¾	87¾	10	4½s, 1964	95	95 95 + ⅜
96½	87¾	30	4½s, 1960	94⅝	94¼ 94½ — ⅛
96¼	87¾	2	4½s, 1966	94½	94¼ 94½ — ⅜
101⅞	93	22	4½s, 1963	100¾	100 100 ..
101⅞	96¾	4	4½s, Nov., 1957	100¾	100¼ 99¾ — ⅛
101⅞	93

PREPARING TO TAKE SHORT LINES BACK

Contract Drafted by Which Small Roads Would Return To Federal Control.

LINES FACE DIFFICULTIES

Many May be Forced Into Bankruptcy If Left Out in the Cold, Representatives Say.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Representatives of short-line railroads relinquished from Federal control, in conference with Railroad Administration officials, have agreed to most Government proposals for a contract under which small roads might return to Federal management, with guarantees of fixed earnings, accorded other roads, but with the privilege of charging higher rates and with a fair division of joint rates.

In the name of the American Short-Line Association were presented suggestions for modification, which will be considered further by the Railroad Administration before conclusion of the form of contract. Unless the agreement is completed soon, the short-line representatives declare, many small roads may be forced into bankruptcy through the disruption of business practices following Government management.

The contract proposed by the Railroad Administration provides that a short line shall operate as usual under its own officers, keep its receipts, and be responsible for all its obligations. Rates might be raised to the new nation-wide level, without application to the Interstate Commerce Commission or State Commissions, and joint rates would be "divided fairly," without reduction of the proportion received under private management. A short line would receive an equitable allotment of the cars and locomotives ordered by the Railroad Administration and would pay the usual per diem rentals for cars.

In regard to routing, short lines are to be free to solicit traffic, and the Government-controlled roads would be compelled to follow instructions for routing of freight, except when "inconsistent with the general interests of the public." The company would be guaranteed the same proportion of business in any month that it received in that month last year. Supplies might be purchased through the Railroad Administration. Director General McAdoo at any time might take over full operation of a short line, giving it the same status as other roads now under Federal management.

Among the short lines suggestions for modification now being considered are:

Repair of short line equipment, which the contract provides might be done in shops of Government - managed roads, should be at cost plus 10 per cent.

The contract should contain a provision protecting the company against substantial damage by priority orders and embargoes which might be put into effect on connecting lines operated by the Government.

Assuming the Director General would have power to order extensions, additions and betterments, the contract should provide a means of Government financing if the roads were unable to do so.

Several hundred so-called short lines located mainly in the South and West were relinquished from Federal control last June, a few hours before Congress adopted a resolution virtually requiring that they be retained.

TRAVIS OPPOSES NEW TAX.

Condemns Federal Impost on State and Municipal Bonds.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 22.—Opposition to the proposed Federal tax on State and municipal bonds, which passed the House of Representatives last week, was expressed tonight by State Controller Travis in a statement in which he contended that such a levy would be in direct violation of the contract by which these purchasers were guaranteed against taxation of all kinds.

In the event that this levy was required for the period of the war, however, Mr. Travis believed it would be the plain duty of the State and municipal Governments to pay this on outstanding bonds and reimburse themselves by a general property tax, which would mean that the real property of the State, now paying 96 per cent. of the taxes, would have to bear this additional burden. The Controller said in part:

"In New York State alone there are outstanding hundreds of millions of bonds of this character. The State itself has out approximately $250,000,000, and to this must be added the enormous indebtedness of New York City and of other cities and subdivisions, all of which have issued their bonds since 1909 with a clause exempting that they shall be exempt from taxation.

"The greater part of these public securities are held in a fiduciary capacity by trust and insurance companies, savings banks, and estates for the benefit of widows, orphans and other dependents. The income upon funds of this character is founded upon investments yielding a rate of return based upon the purchase price. Should the proposed tax were deducted from such incomes, it would cause hardship to those who, through lack of earning capacity, could not overcome the loss of income which this tax would entail. In the case of savings banks and trust companies whose securities have been increasedly considerably depreciated by wartime conditions, it would cause still further depression in values. But the worst effect would be upon the State itself."

LEGAL NOTICES.

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUPREME Court of the State of New York, held at Part II thereof, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 18th day of September, 1918. Present—Hon. V. McAvoy, Justice.

In the matter of the application of Joseph Wittmann, administrator de bonis non of the goods, chattels and credits of Henry S. Van Beuren, deceased, for an order requiring the president and directors of the Manhattan Company to issue new certificates of stock in place of lost certificates of stock of the Bank of the Metropolis.

Upon the petition of Joseph Wittmann, dated the 7th day of September, 1918, and the certificate of the Surrogates' Court of the County of New York, duly entered and filed, let the president and directors of the Manhattan Company, successors to the Bank of the Metropolis, and all other persons having or claiming any right, title or interest in the certificate or certificates of stock hereinafter set forth, show cause before one of the Justices of this court, at a Special Term, Part I thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan of the City of New York, on the 21st day of October, 1918, at 10:15 o'clock in the forenoon, why the said president and directors of the Manhattan Company, successors to the Bank of the Metropolis, should not issue a new certificate or certificates of stock in place of Certificate No. 2,[illegible] for sixteen (16) shares and Certificate No. 4,[illegible] for two (2) shares of stock of the Bank of the Metropolis, described in the petition herein, according to the statute in such case made and provided, and for such order and further relief as to the court may seem proper; and

Sufficient reason appearing therefor, service of a copy of this order and the papers upon which it is granted upon the president, a director or other authorized officer of the Manhattan Company, successor to the Bank of the Metropolis, on or before the 10th day of October, 1918, shall be deemed good and sufficient service; and

Service of a copy of this order upon such other person or persons having or claiming any right, title or interest in the said certificate or certificates set forth in the petition herein, shall be made by publishing the same in the New York Law Journal and New York Times, newspapers published in the County of New York, once a week for three weeks, and upon the completion of such publication service upon such person or persons shall be deemed good and sufficient.

Enter, J. V. McA., J. S. C.

QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.
Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual: A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share.
†And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ††Sells flat. §Special. x Ex dividend.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.		Quotation Sep. 21, 1918. Bid.	Asked.
Albany Southern, '39..	5	Mar.	& Sep.	71	79
Anac. & Pot. River,'49	5	Apr.	& Oct.	83	88
Appalach. Pwr. 1st, '32	..	June	& Dec.	63	67
Ariz. Power 1st, '35....	6	May	& Nov.	78	83
Ashcv. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr.	& Oct.	82	88
Au.-Aiken R. & P., '35	5	June	& Dec.	61	65
B. Rouge El. 1st, '39..	5	Feb.	& Aug.	80	85
Buf. Gen. El. 1st, '39..	5	Feb.	& Aug.	..	97½
Buf. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35.....	5	Jan.	& July	..	89
Do 1st '42.....	5	Jan.	& July	..	99
Buf. & Lock. 1st, '33..	5	Jan.	& July	..	98
Buf. & Sus. 1. 1st, '32.	5	June	& Dec.	90	96
Buf & S. Iron deb., '26	5	Jan.	& July	86	89½
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan.	& July	80	86
Capital Trac. 1st, '47..	5	June	& Dec.	99	100
C. & P. Tel. cons., '29.	5	Jan.	& July	97	98
Charleston City Ry., '23	5	.....		95	96
Charleston Con. R., G. & Elec., '99.....	5	Mar.	& Sep.	90	91
Cit. Serv. deb., Ser. B.	7	Jan.	& July	101	102½
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39...	5	Apr.	& Oct.	88	91
Colo. Power 1st, '53...	5	May	& Nov.	83	86
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36.....	5	Jan.	& July	82	89
Conn. Pr. 1st & Con.,'63	5	Apr.	& Oct.	84	89
Com. R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51	4½	Jan.	& July	84	87
Do unstamped, '51....	4½	Jan.	& July	84	87
Cons. Gas, (Balt.,) '54	4½	Jan.	& July	81	85
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan.	& July	77	79
Cons. G. of N. J., '36..	5	Jan.	& July	90	..
Do 1st, '65.....	5	Apr.	& Oct.	85	..
Cons. T. of K. J. 1st,'33	5	June	& Dec.	84	88
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan.	& July	92	98
Do deb., '30.....	5	Jan.	& July	80	90
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32.....	5	May	& Nov.	97	98
Dalias Elec. 1st, '22..	5	Apr.	& Oct.	84	87
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42.	5	May	& Nov.	82	88
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56.	5	June	& Dec.	85	..
El Paso Elec. coll., '32.	5	Jan.	& July	83	90
Ex. Springs Water, G. & Elec. 1st, '32.....	6	June	& Dec.	95	100
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54.	5	Apr.	& Oct.	77	183
Gal. Elec. 1st 58, '40..	5	May	& Nov.	78	83
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49....	5	June	& Dec.	90	..
Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '52.	5	Jan.	& July	..	60
Gt. West. Pwr. 1st, '46.	5	Jan.	& July	71	74
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39.	5	Jan.	& July	94	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '25.	5	Feb.	& Aug.	90	93
Hudson Co. Gas, '49...	5	May	& Nov.	85	..
Int. Trac. coll. tr., '49.	4	Jan.	& July	50	52
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49.....	4	May	& Nov.	60	64
K. C. Long D., '25....	5	Jan.	& July	82	83
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23.	5	Jan.	& July	83½	85
K. C. L. & P. 1st, '44..	5	Jan.	& July	79	84
Do 2d, '44.....	6	Jan.	& July	74	..
Kan. C. Rys. 1st, '44..	5	Jan.	& July	76½	79
Do 2d, '44.....	6	Jan.	& July	71	..
Do 1st, '35.....	5	Jan.	& July	70	..
Knoxville Trac., '38..	5	Apr.	& Oct.	92	100
Middle West Util., '25	6	Jan.	& July	85	90
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan.	& July	71	73
Mobile Electric 1st, '46	5	May	& Nov.	72	75
Musk. G. & E. 1st & ref., '29.....	5	June	& Dec.	94	97
Nash.R.& L. 1st con., '53	5	Jan.	& July	91	97
Do ref., '58.....	5	Jan.	& July	62	68
Nev.-Cal. El. 1st 6s, '46	6	June	& Dec.	87	93½
Newark Gas, '48.....	5	June	& Dec.	89	93
Newark Pass. Ry., '30..	5	Jan.	& July	89	91
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '33	4	May	& Nov.	60	68
N. Y. & Hob. Ferry, '46	5	June	& Dec.	..	88
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004...	4	Jan.	& July	57	59
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32..	5	Jan.	& July	..	96
Do ref., '32.....	6	Apr.	& Oct.	..	99
N. Ont. L. & P. 1st, '31	6	Jan.	& July	..	80
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	June	& Dec.	75	80
Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49...	5	May	& Nov.	90	94
N. St. Pwr. 1st ref., '41	5	Apr.	& Oct.	81	85
N. Tex. El. col. tr., '40	5	Jan.	& July	79	83½
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28.....	5	Jan.	& July	77	80
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry & Bridge con., '28	5	Jan.	& July	75	82
Ontario Power 1st, '43.	5	Feb.	& Aug.	89	91
Do deb., '21.....	6	Jan.	& July	94	95
Ottum. R. & L. 1st, '24	5	Jan.	& July	89	92½
Pacific Gas & Elec. (Ariz.) 1st, '31.....	6	Jan.	& July	85	93
Paterson Ry. 1st, '44..	5	Apr.	& Oct.	98	..
Pensacola Elec. 1st, '31	5	Feb.	& Aug.	80	85
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30	5	May	& Nov.	70	..
Pot. El. Power 1st, '29.	5	June	& Dec.	96	..
Do cons., '36.....	5	Jan.	& July	92½	93
Riverside T., '60.....	5	June	& Dec.	..	80
Rutland R. & L. 1st,'46	5	Mar.	& Sep.	..	60
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & Power 1st, '37..	5	May	& Nov.	85	88
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52..	5	Feb.	& Aug.	84	85
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb.	& Aug.	80	85
So. Cal. Edison gen.,'39	5	Jan.	& July	87	90
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st,'53	5	Mar.	& Sep.	80	84
S. W. Pr. & Lt. 1st, '43	5	June	& Dec.	81	85
Stand. Gas & El., '35..	6	Apr.	& Oct.	72	85
Sup. W., L. & P.1st,'31	4	May	& Dec.	70	..
Syracuse Lt. & P., '54..	5	Jan.	& July	70	75
Syracuse Light 1st, '51	5	June	& Dec.	81	89
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June	& Dec.	88	93
Twin S. G. & E. 1st,'53	5	Apr.	& Oct.	77	82½
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June	& Dec.	67	69
Un. Lt. & Rys. 1st, '32	5	June	& Dec.	77	80
Do deb. '47.....	6	May	& Nov.	63	67
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar.	& Sep.	71	72
Do income, '49.....	4	June	& Dec.	51	53
U. S. Pub. S. 1st, '27..	6	Feb.	& Aug.	90	93½
United Util. conv., '43.	6	Jan.	& July	90	95
Wash. Balt. & A., '41..	5	Mar.	& Sep.	81	83
Washington Gas, '40...	5	May	& Nov.	95	97
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan.	& July	68	70
W. States G. & E., '27.	6	June	& Dec.	87	90½
Wheel. Tr. 1st con., '31	5	Jan.	& July	80	90

INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

K. C. St. Yds deb., '20	5	Feb.	& Aug.	97	99
Lima Locomotive, '32..	6	May	& Nov.	90	96
Monon Coal 1st, '36....	5	June	& Dec.	60	65
Poc. Con. Coll. 1st, '51.	5	Jan.	& July	85	88
Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '13-'40.....	5	Jan.	& July	90	95
Wickwire Steel 1st, '34	6	May	& Nov.	97	100

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Sep. 21, 1918. Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pwr.	..	.....	.....	13½	14
Do pf.....	1½	Q	Jul 1, 18	66	67
Am. Gas & El. ($50)...	$2¼	Q	Jul 1, 18	80	81
Do pf. ($50).....	7½c	Q	Aug 1, 18	40	41
Am. Light & Trac.....	††½	Q	Aug 1, 18	179	180
Do pf.....	1½	Q	Sep 1, 18	92	93
Am. Power & Light....	1	Q	Sep 1, 18	39	41
Do pf.....	1¼	Q	Jul 1, 18	69	71
Am. Public Utilities...	¾	..	Jul 1, 14	..	25
Do pf.....	a1½	Q	Jul 1, 18	..	50
Am. W. Wks. & Elec..	..	..	.....	5	7⅝
Do 1st pf.....	1¾	Q	Aug 15,18	59	61
Do participating pf ..	..	..	.....	12	14
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf.	3	S	Jun 1, 18	75	80
Buffalo Gen. Electric.	2	Q	Jun 29,18	99½	101½
Cal. Electric Gen. pf..	1½	Q	Jul 1, 18	85	93
Capital Traction.....	1¼	Q	Jul 1, 18	82	90
Car. Power & Light...	½	Q	Aug 1, 18	24	28
Do pf.....	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 18	84	88
C. Miss. V. El. cum. pf	1½	Q	Jun 1, 18	..	50
Chas. Cons. Ry. ($50).	..	..	.....	40	45
Cities Service.....	*½	M	Sep 1, 18	208	210
Do pf.....	½	M	Sep 1, 18	71½	72½
Colorado Power.....	½	Q	Jul 15,18	22	24
Do. pf.....	1¾	Q	Jun 15,18	89	94
Columbus Elec. pf....	3	S	Jul 17, 18	70	77
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt..	1	..	Nov 1, 17	19	21
Do. pf.....	a1½	Q	Aug 1, 18	36	37
Conn. Power pf.....	1½	Q	Sep 2, 18	75	80
Con. Trac. of N. J....	2	S	Jul 15, 18	50	..
Eastern Texas Elec...	2½	S	Jul 1, 18	53	58
Do pf.....	3	S	Jul 1, 18	72	76
Elec. Bond & Share pf.	1½	Q	Aug 1, 18	88	90
El Paso Electric.....	2½	Q	Jun 15,18	..	83
Essex & Hudson gas..	4	S	Jun 1, 18	110	120
Federal Light & Trac..	..	..	.....	7	10
Do. pf.....	1½	S	Sep 1, 14	35	40
Gal. & Hous. El. pf...	3	S	Sep 14,18	57	63
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	2½	S	Jul 1, 18	75	..
Illum. & Pr. Sec.....	..	..	.....	15	25
Do. pf.....	1¾	Q	Aug 15,18	85	95
Kan. City Lt. & Power	..	..	.....	20	32
Do pf.....	..	..	.....	40	52
Kansas City Rys.....	..	..	.....	15	21
Do. pf.....	..	..	.....	35	48
Mid. W Util. pf.....	1½	Q	Jun 1, 18	38	41
Miss. River Pr. pf....	3	S	J. & J.	42	43
Nashville R. & L. pf..	1½	Q	Jul 1, 18	63	65
Newark Con. Gas.....	2½	S	J. & J.	80	82
Niagara Falls Power..	2	Q	Jul 1, 18	163	170
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.	..	..	.....	11	15
Do. pf.....	3	S	Jul 15, 18	51	53
No. States Power.....	1¾	Q	Jul 20, 18	43	45
Do. pf.....	1¾	Q	Jul 20, 18	81	82
Nor. Texas Electric...	1	Q	Sep 3, 18	60	65
Do. pf.....	3	S	Sep 3, 18	70	75
Pacific Gas & Electric.	1¼	..	Oct 15,17	33	34
Do. pf.....	1½	Q	Aug 15,18	77½	79
Pac. G. & E. (Ariz.) pf	1¾	Q	Jul 10, 18	80	90
Pac. Pr. & Lt. pf.....	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 18	85	..
Republic Ry. & Light.	1	Q	Jul 15, 18	16	18
Do. pf.....	1½	Q	Jul 15, 18	55	57
Southern Cal. Edison..	1¾	Q	Aug 15,18	73	75
Do 1st pf.....	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 18	95	97
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	Jun 1, 18	100	110
Standard Gas & Elec..	..	..	.....	4	6
Do. pf.....	1½	Q	Sep 14,18	21	22
Tampa Electric.....	2½	Q	Aug 15,18	97	101
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	.....	2¼	3
Do. pf.....	..	..	.....	12	13
Tri-City R. & L. pf...	1½	Q	Jul 1, 18	82	85
United Light & Rys....	1½	Q	Jul 1, 18	27	29
Do 1st pf.....	1½	Q	Jul 1, 18	58	61
Un. Ry. & El. (Balt.).	70c	Q	Jul 15, 18	19½	20½
United Utilities.....	..	..	.....	15	25
Do. pf.....	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 18	85	95
Washington Gas.....	90c	Q	Aug 1, 18	52	55
Wash. Ry. & Electric.	1¼	Q	Jun 1, 18	40	55
Do. pf.....	1¼	Q	Jun 1, 18	16	18
Western Power.....	..	..	.....	11½	13
Do. pf.....	1	Q	Jul 15, 18	49	51
West. States Gas & E..	¼	Q	Aug 15,18	20	30
Do. pf.....	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 18	85	92
Wisconsin Edison.....	$1½	S	Dec 30,17	26	31

*¾ payable in com. stock. †Incl. 2½% payable in com. stock. a—Payable in scrip.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Sep. 21, 1918. Bid.	Asked.
America	$1,500,000	14	S	Jul 1, 18	485	500
Am. Exc. N..	5,000,000	6	S	May 1, 18	215	224
Atlantic($100)	1,000,000	3	S	Jul 1, 18	165	175
Bk. of Cuba.	100,000	6	S	Jul 1, 18	175	..
Batt'y Pk. N.	400,000	†6	S	Jul 1, 18	195	210
Bowery	250,000	†6	Q	Aug 1, 18	390	410
Bow'y Cent'l.	100,000	3	S	.....	135	145
Bronx Nat..	200,000	3	S	Jul 1, 18	160	175
Bronx Boro.	150,000	..	..	.....	100	130
Bryant Park.	200,00	3	S	Jul 1, 18	150	..
Butch., & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 18	18	23
Chase Nat'l..	10,000,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 18	345	355
Ch.P. Nat..	3,500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 18	240	..
Chelsea Ex..	400,000	3	..	Apr 1, 17	120	..
Chemic. Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	Sep 1, 18	387	394
Citizens Nat.	2,550,000	c3½	Q	Jul 1, 18	210	220
City (Nat'l)..	25,000,00.	5	S	May 1, 18	384	388
Coal & I. N.	1,000,000	c3	Q	Jul 1, 18	205	215
Colonial.....	500,000	3	Q	Jun 29, 18	400	..
Columbia	1,000,000	4	..	Jul 1, 18	155	165
Comm. Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jul 1, 18	390	..
Commonw'th.	400,000	5	S	May 1, 18	180	190
Com. Nat....	25,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 18	170	173
Con. Trac. of N. J.....	1,000,000	3½	Q	Aug 1, 18	100	105
Corn Exch..	3,500,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 18	316	320
E.R Nat.($25)	250,000	2	..	Jun 1, 16	14	18
Europe	150,000	5	..	Jan 13,17	110	130
Fifth Av.....	200,00	12½	Q	Jul 1, 18	1700	2200
Fifth Nat....	250,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 18	200	225
First Nat....	10,000,000	c3	Q	Jul 1, 18	895	915
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jun 29,18	170	180
Gotham Nat.	200,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 18	200	220
Greenwich...	500,000	4	Q	Jun 29,18	330	..
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	a8	Q	Jul 1, 18	655	670
Harriman N.	1,000,00.	5	S	Jul 6, 18	235	245
Imp.& T.Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jul 1, 18	480	495
Irving Nat..	4,500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 18	††272	278
Liberty Nat.	3,000,000	4½	Q	Jul 1, 18	380	400
Lincoln Nat..	1,000,000	2½	Q	Aug 1, 18	245	275
Manh'n ($50)	2,500,000	*$2½	S	Jul 1, 18	160	170
Mech. & Met.	6,000,000	4	Q	Jul 13, 18	287	294
Mer.Nat.($50)	2,040,000	$2	S	Jul 1, 18	122	128
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 18	165	175
Mutual	200,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 18	260	..
N. Netherl'd.	200,000	4	S	Apr 1, 18	200	210
N.Y.(N.B.A.)	2,000,000	10	S	Jul 1, 18	420	..
N.Y. Co. Nat.	1,000,000	10	..	Jan 2, 17	135	150
N.Y.Pro. Ex..	1,000,000	3	Q	Jul 15, 18	200	..
Pacific ($50).	500,000	$1	Q	Aug 1, 18	135	..
Public	750,000	2½	Q	Jun 30,18	190	210
Park Nat....	5,000,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 18	505	515
People's ($25)	200,000	$1.25	S	Jul 1, 18	50	55
Seab'd Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 18	440	..
Second Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 18	395	425
Sherman Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Jul 1, 18	125	135
State	2,000,000	3	S	Jul 1, 18	99	105
23d Ward....	200,000	3	S	Aug 1, 18	105	..
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Jun 29,18	150	156
Wash. Hgts..	100,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 18	275	..
Westch'r Av.	100,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 18	160	175
Yorkville	200,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 18	300	325

*And 55% special. †Incl. 4% extra. ‡Incl. 50c extra. ††Includes one-third share Irving Trust Co. stock. §And 5% of First Security Co. a—Incl. 2% extra. c—Incl. 1% extra.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Sep. 21, 1918. Bid.	Asked.
Bankers Tr..	11,250,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 18	355	362
Brooklyn ...	1,500,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 18	480	500
Cent.-Union..	12,500,000	5½	Q	Jun 30,18	380	390
Columbia	5,000,000	3½	Q	Jun 29,18	240	250
Commercial...	500,000	..	..	.....	98	105
Empire	1,500,000	3	Q	Jun 29,18	295	305
Equitable Tr.	6,000,000	5	Q	Jun 29,18	330	337
Far. L. & T..	5,000,000	4½	Q	Aug 1, 18	345	370
Fidelity	1,000,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 18	200	..
Franklin	1,000,000	3	Q	Jun 29,18	220	230
Fulton	500,000	*7	S	Jul 1, 18	240	260
Guaranty	25,000,000	5	Q	Jun 29,18	305	310
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Aug 1, 18	265	275
Hudson Tr....	500,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 18	135	145
Irving Trust.	1,500,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 18	4	..
Kings Co....	500,000	6	Q	Aug 1, 18	640	660
Law. Title & Tr. Co.....	4,000,000	1¼	Q	Jul 1, 18	92	97
Lincoln	1,000,000	1	Q	Aug 1, 18	90	100
Manufact'rs..	1,000,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 18	160	..
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jun 29,18	300	..
New York...	3,000,000	8	Q	Jun 29,18	585	595
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	0	S	Jun 10,18	..	890
People's Tr..	1,000,000	4½	Q	Jun 29,18	265	275
Q. Co. Jama.	600,000	..	..	.....	70	80
Title G. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Jun 29,18	220	..
Transatlantic	700,000	3	..	Jan 2, 18	150	175
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jul 2, 18	570	900
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jun 29,18	400	410

*Incl. 2% extra. †Incl. 1% extra. §See Irving Nat. Bank.

INSURANCE, REALTY, AND SURETY COMPANIES.

Am. Alliance	$1,000,000	7½	S	Jul 15, 18	200	215
Am.Sur'y ($50)	5,000,000	$1	Q	Jun 29,18	53	58
Bd. & Mtg.G.	5,000,000	4	Q	Aug 15,18	180	185
City of N. Y.	583,000	2	..	Jul 1, 18	105	..
Commonw'lth	500,000	10	A	.....	300	325
Continental..	10,000,000	$2	Q	Jul 10, 18	49	52
Fidel. Phenix	2,500,000	12	S	Jul 10, 18	340	355
Great Amer..	2,000,000	15	S	J. & J.	510	525
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 18	80	85
Home Fire....	6,000,000	12½	S	J. & J.	410	420
Lawyers Mtg	6,000,000	2	Q	Jun 29,18	84	90
Mtg. Bond Co	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Jun 29,18	82	87
Nat. Lib.($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	145	155
Nat. Surety..	4,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 18	182	185
N.Y.T. & M..	2,125,000	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 18	50	57
No.River($50)	1,000,000	15	S	J. & J.	170	180
Pacific ($25)..	600,000	5	S	Apr 10,18	35	40
Realty Asso..	400,000	5	S	Jul 17, 18	32	38
Stuyv't ($100)	4,000,000	3	S	Jul 15, 18	60	65
Westc'r ($10)	700,000	3	..	Jan 1, 17	..	60
Westc'r ($10)	1,000,000	‡5	..	May 1, 18	31	33

*And 1% extra. †Including 5% extra. ‡And 1½% extra.

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

Bk'r St & F'y	$900,000	¾	S	Jul 1, 18	21¾	..
B'way&7thAv	2,100,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 18	100	125
8 th C.R.($10)	12,000,000	25c	Q	Jul 15, 18	12½	13½
Ch. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 18	85	100
5th Av. R. R.	1,000,000	4	Q	Jul 15, 18	191	210

BUILDING TRADES UNITED FOR DRIVE

"Pershing's Hurry Orders Must Be Filled First," Say All Department Heads.

OFFICIAL RULES ISSUED

What to Do and Whom to See on Contemplated War or Non-war Construction Here.

Complexities in the building construction and material markets of New York cleared perceptibly over the week-end when official rules and instructions were issued for making applications for priorities or permits for essential or nonessential war and nonwar construction.

Further clarifying developments are expected to be forthcoming early this week, when Henry McDonald, Director General of the Mayor's Committee on National Defense, expects to announce the personnel of the sub-committee that will receive and pass upon applications for the prosecution of necessary nonwar construction work.

In the meantime word had been passed among the building fraternity and architectural and engineering professions that "Pershing's rush orders must be filled first" and that, until the Government can fully ascertain how much of supplies on hand and how much capacity is available for speeding up the war requirements of the armies overseas, all other interests as applied to building construction will have to step aside. "Within the next few months this information will be entirely in hand," according to well informed committees returning from Washington conferences Saturday, and it may be that the pressure will be relieved somewhat around the first of the year.

Immediately building material interests became unified in this war-winning program. The most notable instance was that in the glass market, where it was announced that no resumption of manufacture would begin until Dec. 8, "or thereabouts," and that the manufacture of commercial glass would continue to be practically closed down until that time.

In further co-operation, the glass jobbers declared that they do not expect to replenish stocks much before the Spring of 1919. It is impossible to forecast accurately at this time the action to be taken by the Fuel Administration as applied to glass manufacture in the light of the concentration of war effort.

Present discounts off jobbers' lists here are lower than in Buffalo and Boston. Small sizes are scarce.

The common brick situation shows that practically the entire district has acceded to the plan of unifying all interests in the war drive, and in consequence there was no life in the market all last week. Manufacturers have been assured that they will receive some coal with which to burn the brick made last Summer. Portland cement interests are reporting an increasing Government inquiry, and practically the entire available mill supplies and capacities have been concentrated upon Federal requirement.

At Washington Bernard M. Baruch, Chairman of the War Industries Board, authorized the following statement regarding steel and iron price fixing:

"Within the next week prices fixed by the committee of the War Industries Board, of which Robert S. Bookings is chairman, will submit its price recommendations for the approval of the President. Present prices fixed by the price fixing committee three months ago are: iron ore, $5.50 per ton; base lower lake ports; pig iron, $32 per ton; scrap steel, $29 per ton f. o. b. consuming point."

Important further conferences of building material interests will be held this week at Washington to apply the price fixing principle as employed in the case of cement, lime and lumber to other commodities.

All New York City building material prices are now practically nominal. The new quotations on hollow tile fireproofing are announced as follows, subject to delivery conditions and priorities: Interior, 4-inch, $110 per 1,000; 6-inch, $154; 8-inch, $187; 10-inch, $220; 12-inch, $275. Exterior, 2-inch, $86; 3-inch, $86; 4-inch, $96.75; 6-inch, $129.

The first definite information concerning the new plan of the Government to supervise building construction, according to The Dow Service Daily Bulletin, follows:

All construction work is to be divided into two classes—war and nonwar.

All nonwar construction will consist of that type of construction not having a direct bearing upon the necessities of manufacturers and others having war contracts. These cases include all general building projects that through various circumstances are considered by their projectors to be worthy of special consideration for priorities.

All such construction will be passed upon by a sub-committee of the Mayor's Committee on National Defense, Henry McDonald, Director General, 617 Hall of Records, Chambers Street, New York City, (Mr. Newall, Secretary.) Mr. McDonald expects to announce the sub-Committee on Building Construction the first of this week, when application will be received.

All war construction will be passed upon by Alfred L. Smith, assistant to William Fellowes Morgan, Regional Adviser for New York district, ninth floor of the Woolworth Building, care of the Merchants' Association. He is now ready to receive applications.

His province will be to consider those war building projects consisting of cases where additions, extentions or alterations are necessary to provide for greater operating space for those having Government war contracts. Also his jurisdictions will cover the construction of cantonments, "and other buildings under direct contract with the Government."

This type of construction will come under the jurisdiction of the new facilities section of the War Industries Board, Samuel P. Bush, in charge, Washington, D. C. The points to be decided by Mr. Smith in recommending priorities and permits for war construction will be economical rather than technical so that it will not be necessary to have professional building interests upon this committee.

To facilitate the expert handling of special problems the American Society of Mechanical Engineers has pledged to this committee its full membership in the New York chapter. The War Construction Board will appoint mechanical engineers to investigate the space conditions of every applicant.

The Most Desirable Apartments in New York City

Occupancy October 1st

270 PARK AVENUE
47th to 48th St. Park to Madison Ave.
Housekeeping Apartments with Ritz-Carlton Restaurant
6 to 9 Rooms, $5,000 to $ 8,300
14 to 17 Rooms, $7,500 to $13,500
Three to Six Baths

471 PARK AVENUE
S. E. Cor. of 58th St.
Duplex Studio Housekeeping
8 to 16 Rooms, 3 to 4 Baths
$3,800 to $8,500

969 PARK AVENUE
N. E. Corner of 82nd Street
13 Rooms, 3 Baths, $4,250

125 EAST 72nd ST.
Corner Apartment.
Southern Exposure.
11 Rooms, 3 Baths, $5,000

130 WEST 57th ST.
Duplex Studio and Kitchenette Apartments
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, $4,500
2-3 Rooms, $1,050 to $1,200

40-48 WEST 59th ST.
Simplex and Duplex. 3 Baths
8-10 Rooms, $2,400–$3,200

414-16 MADISON AVE.
Non-Housekeeping. 1 Bath
1 to 3 Rooms, $660 to $1,500

Management of
Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
Town and Country Residences
At 48th Street 414 MADISON AVE. Murray Hill 5600

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(C) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 3, Woolworth Bldg., 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Equity.

Royal Cinema Co vs Beck & Selden.
Cassidy vs Cassidy & Son Mfg Co.
Nida vs Helmuth.
Schoeffler vs Same.
Grapewin vs Vim Films Corp.
Waterson, Berlin & Snyder Co vs Varieties Photo Player Co.
Moore vs Inter News Service.
Gordon vs Eagle Ins Co of London.
Strouse vs Silberberg.
Greenfield vs Corn Exchange Bank.
MacGregor vs Shubert The trie 1 Co.
John Murphy Co vs Christi n Press Assn.
Gerson vs Iowa Pearl Button Co.
N Y Cent RR vs Moses.
Eisenbach vs Huguenot Trust Co.
Kalmar, Puck & Abrahams Cons, Inc vs Silinderman & Co Am Co.
Oldmixon vs Pidcock.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—at 10:30 A. M., in Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, N. Y.—Criminal.

U S vs Goodkin, (2.)
Same vs Young.
Same vs Green.
Same vs McManagle.
Same vs Nelson.
Same vs Lewis.
Same vs Rich ult.
Same vs Selmer.
Same vs Carranto.
Same vs Pisel ell.
Same vs Behan.
Same vs Lewer.
Same vs Hague.
Same vs Tortosa.
Same vs Hicks.
Same vs Moore.
Same vs Tomarkin.
Same vs Rang.
Same vs Mosby.
Same vs Witock.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Blake vs Gowen.
Hardings vs Conlon.
Plume vs Equit Trust.
Molina vs Comision Regulador a del Mercado.
Ely vs Wanaka Rly Co.
Marcone vs Cinti.
Ward vs Anderson & Co.
People vs Teck.
Ereoling vs Triangle Mot Sales Co, (2.)
Pierce vs Pierce.
Mathews vs 105 W 55th St Co, (2.)
Lawyers Mtg Co vs Stanley.
Re Cohn (Gleckman.)
Godley vs Crandell & Godley Co.
City Sav Bank of Blyn vs Toplitz.
Washington vs Tri-Borough Corp.
Forker vs Margolies.
Seaman vs Seaman.
Everding Rod Co vs Wilson, Roberts & M.
Reese vs Equit Trust.
Townsend vs New Eng S S Co.
Caillag vs Caillag.
Langevin vs Gaffney.
Ward vs U S Wood Preserving Co.
Allen vs Wtt.
Richman vs Broder.
Cny vs Koslow.
Bimberg vs Texas Co.
Rantlett vs Orvis.
Bimberg vs Texas Co.
O H Perry & Sons, Inc vs Schlesinger.
Huettner vs Taylor.
Noble vs Schlesinger.
Thorn vs Kelly.
Cauldwell vs Loretta Cp.
Brookfield Const Co vs Cordley, (2.)
Jacobs vs Jacobs.
The Permutit Co vs Tate Elec Waterproofing Co.
Moers vs Moers.
Star Co vs Brush, (2.)
PART II.—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERMS—Part III.—Recess.
PARTS IV. to VIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Recess.
PARTS III. to XVIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Wills for probate:
John Connolly,
Teresa Henry,
Arthur E Meyer,
Elizabeth J Dell.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Knieker Hosp vs De Kuzelewa t.
Thompson vs NY Rys.
Loetzke vs Amiron Sup.
Fort Masonery Co vs Hudson View Const Co.
Barsz vs Wells Fargo & Co.
Sullivan vs C R R of NJ.
Solomon vs Faggen.
Sloat vs Mursch.
McClell and vs Johnson
Barber vs Milano.
Rinaldi vs Torriami
Ulturale vs Well & Meyer.
Kazarensky vs Silberstein.
Jacobs vs Dushkind.
Mahler vs Winthrop.
PART II.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—McAvoy, J.—Union Sq. Savings Bank vs Peter et al.—Herman Joseph Karsch vs 302 West 53d St. Corp.—George L. Donnellan.
SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J.—Matter of Insler (David)—Powell Crichton. Matter of Hotel (Cecil Co, Inc., (Goldberg)—Powell Crichton. Matter of Herschman Press, Inc., (Friedman)—Powell Crichton. Reinthaler vs The Loretta Corp.—Phoenix Ingraham.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J.—Rose L. Adler vs Annabella K. Varcoe—Joseph D. Kelly.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM. (Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar to be called Tuesday, Sept. 24, 1918.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business
Motion.
Est—Mary Adlin.
Wills filed for probate:
August Borklund,
Maria Schmidenberg,
Susanna Grill,
John H Kneif,
Eva K therine Frey,
William Thwaites,
James Gibson,
William F Keppler,
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.
DeSantis vs I R T Co.
Robrish vs G & E Cons.
Lignot vs Cerussi Marble Works.
Wm Foulke Johnes, Luther S Melville. Accounting.
Est—Frank J Leonard
Margaretha Frey,
Mary A Kingston,
Maurice Green.
John George Stark,
Margaretha Frey,
Thomas J Byrne,
Charles Breyer.

Referee Appointed.

No day calendar.
SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Schouten vs Lichtman et al—Joseph P. Morrissey.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Clark, Kelly, and Manning, JJ.—Day calendar at 1 P. M.
U S Title Guar Co vs Barnes.
Lange vs Kupferman, (2.)
Lewandowska vs German Savings Bank of Brooklyn.
Cutler et al vs Layng & Co, &c.
Chieffetz & ano vs Lee.
Blondo vs Nas El RR.
Grunor Paint Co vs Adisky.
Lanes vs Hickey, &c.
Nordheim, &c vs Nielsen & ano.
Smallovsky & ano vs Kornfeld.
Austin Nichols & Co, Inc vs Sing & ano, &c.
Bunting vs Sammon.
Wilbridge vs B H RR.
Stone vs Gretsch Mfg Co
Vechiorelli vs Atkins.
Shaff vs Bklyn, Q Co & Sub RR Co.
Benes vs Metropolitan Life Ins Co.
Johns on vs Butler.
Werboff, &c vs Sossa & ano, &c.
Murphy vs Prudential Ins Co of Amer.
Wilkinson vs Wheeler.
Sternslicht vs Baumann.
Jones vs Innovations Houses, Inc.
Greer vs Brust.
Mesnick & ano vs Levine.
Daut & ano, &c vs Prud Life Ins Co.
Sacoder vs Wolf et al. Motion calendar:
Kellson vs Tinud
Thora Mishkan Israel of J. maica.
Wagner vs Wagner & ano.
Morris vs Cumberland Garage Co, Inc, & ano.
Weltemeyer vs Nassau El RR Co.
Cohen vs Halper & ano, &c.
Fantanazza vs Cerra & ano.
Wheeler vs Peterson.
Driggs vs Gorman.
Gipzburg vs Levy & ano.

Special Term.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

MacDonald vs Prankard.
Lord & Taylor vs Geis.
Slowey vs Hunt.
Weber vs Garage vs Moran.
Shuster vs Eddy.
Re Scott's Excelsior N E Bread Co.
B vin vs B H RR.
Nash vs same.
Schutzberg vs B, Q Co & S RR.
Goldstein vs S B'klyn Ry.
Denninger vs Nass RR.
Benler vs same.
Cedol vs same.
Schwartz vs same.
Walsh vs N Y Cons RR.
Holtz vs same.
Hyde vs same, (2.)
Re 24th Av.
Sherman vs Minziata.
Richlein vs Willetts.
Fish vs Church ston Chemical Co.
Zuckerman vs Yacknowlis.
B'klyn Trust vs Stamfer.
Same vs Eschwege.
Re Jersey St.
Romer vs N Y Cons RR.
Mlish vs Hks me.
Novak vs Nass RR.
Trainer vs same.
Farrell, V vs same.
Farrell, E vs same.
Stroncon vs B H RR.
Kutz vs same.
Donofrio vs C I & B RR.
Barnes vs N Y Cons RR.
Goldstein vs Goldstein.
Flisch vs Flisch.
Re New Utrecht Av.
Grabowski vs Romanski.
Weinberg vs Weinberg, (2.)
Re Sudlow (Burrows Jr.)
Donohue vs Bayer.
Smith vs Essig.
Marcinlax vs Duncuff.
Sweeny vs Sweeny.
Feinstein vs Feinstein.
Kolman vs Bawer
Re New Utrecht Av (Munnich.)
Brown vs Brown.
Dumarest vs Dumarest.
Re Gr. vesend Neck Rd d, &c.
Schmitz vs Migliaccio
Wink vs Wink, (2.)
Stowell Mfg Co vs Chizchizola.
Re Queens Blvd (Harding.)
Burbige vs Burbige.
Re Good.
Re Blehle.

PART II.—Van Siclen, J.—Ex parte business, at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Claudine Eckert,
Joseph Byers,
David Roche,
John Scheffel,
William Stratton,
Amelia Crehan.
Accountings of:
Robert Myers,
Rudolph Schebestyk,
John Fisher,
Anton Walsh,
Nellie Bryan.
Annie Dunn.
Estates of:
Mary Read,
Henry M thias,
Edward Long,
John Ridley.

County Court.

CIVIL—Adjourned for the term.

135 EAST 71st ST.
Between Park and Lexington Aves.
A Modernized Dwelling
Four story house on lot 17.6x102 feet. 3 masters, 3 servants' rooms, 3 tiled baths.
Rent $3,500
Sale Terms on application
Full Commission to brokers
Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
414 Madison Avenue

ESTABLISHED 1889
SLAWSON & HOBBS
Real Estate
Brokers—Agents—Appraisers
162 West 72d St., New York City
BUY LIBERTY BONDS.

FIFTH AVE. BUS LINE.
SKYLIGHT
Studio, 2 rooms, kitchenette & bath; maid, valet; phone service; all improvements; table board next door; references required.
$75 On Ground Floor EXTRA LARGE 5 West 16th Street

11 Rooms,
3 Baths, $2,800 to $3,000.
8 & 9 Rooms, $1800 to $2000
Best value for the money in town.
ALL LIGHT, OUTSIDE ROOMS.
120-5 Riverside Drive
NORTH CORNER OF 84TH ST.

1 & 2 ROOMS & BATH,
Strictly Modern
Fireproof Elevator Apartments.
In Private House Block.
CENTRAL LOCATION
THE CAMBRIA,
347 WEST 55TH ST.
Large, Fully Equipped Kitchenette, Restaurant. Maid's Service Optional.

BONNY CASTLE HIGHLAND COURT
St. Nicholas Av. at 191st St.
Elevator Apartments
5 to 8 Rooms
WARREN & SKILLIN, 174 Fulton St.

725 Riverside Drive
South Cor. 150th Street.
HIGH TYPE OF APARTMENTS
All modern improvements. Exceptional view of the Hudson. ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS, abundance of light and sunshine. Must be seen to be appreciated.
3 Rooms & Bath, $660.
6 Rooms & Bath, $1000 up.
7 Rooms & 2 Baths, $1500.
AGENT ON PREMISES.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
A.—REDUCED RENT
In a nice location in Brooklyn, thirty minutes to City Hall, N. Y., or thirty-seven to Grand Central R. R. Station, a ten-room, brownstone house to rent or for sale on special terms. The price is less than one-half of like house in New York. It will pay any one wanting a home to consider this. Address for photo and particulars Turner, Executor, Room 1822 Aeolian Bldg., 33 W. 42d St., N. Y. City.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
PRIVATE RESIDENCE
12 rooms, 2 baths; large plot, with garage for 4 cars; modern improvements. West Bronx, near Fordham Road Subway Station. Buckbee, 61 West Fordham Road.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
A SACRIFICE
Aged widow must sell two-family brick house, all modern improvements; need $1,000 cash; balance on mortgage. The house now rents for $850 per year. Located in very healthy, refined section; one block to subway station, 20 minutes to Grand Central depot. For further particulars write, Curt Bliedenkamp, 60 26th St., Elmhurst, N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
RIDGEWOOD
In Many Respects the Most Beautiful Town in NEW JERSEY.
A few modern houses, with all conveniences, to rent at prices ranging from $50 to $125 a month.
A few houses about ten years old, in good condition, for sale at prices less than they originally cost, between $7,250 and $9,000.
Modern homes, attractive architectural style, on high ground, convenient to station, for sale at prices ranging from $9,600 to $30,000.
W. W. WILSEY,
Opposite Station, Ridgewood, N. J.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of OTTO E. WEISSWANGE, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Sept. 23, 1918, by order of the Court, a 10:30 A. M., at 13-23 E. Sidney Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of surgical glass apparatus, thermometers, pipettes, machinery, tools, &c.

ALBRIGHT WILSON, Receiver.

SAMUEL C. DUBERSTEIN, Attorney for Receiver, 63 Park Row, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES DAVIDSON, trading as UNITED SUPPLY CO., Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Sept. 23, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 473 Springfield Ave., Newark, New Jersey, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of can goods, barley flour, rice, coffee, tea, ketchup, and all kinds of groceries, 3 coffee grinders, 3 scales, desk, safe, fixtures, etc.

ALFRED H. TOWNLEY, Receiver.

LEON DASHEW, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARDALLA MAROON, Bankrupt.

Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, Sept. 30, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 258 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of handkerchiefs, children's gloves, office fixtures, etc. JOSEPH P. MORRISEY, Receiver.

MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

NEW FALL AND WINTER STYLES. Rotograure reproductions of rich gowns of great originality and beauty; wraps, furs, and hats of the latest models for street, theatre, and reception will be shown in full detail of design and trimming in the Rotograure Picture Section of The New York Times, Sunday, Oct. 6. —Advt.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

KATAHDIN
N. E. Cor. B'way & 113th St.
8 large rooms, outside, corner, $1,500.00.

548-549 Riverside Drive,
S. E. Cor. 125th St.
Superb River Views.
7 large rooms, $1,000 to $1,140.
8 large rooms, $1,350, top floor.
Ample coal supply in above houses. See Supt. on premises, or
WM. P. SHERIDAN, Agent,
549 Riverside Dr.
Phone 434 Morningside, Cor. 127th St.

536 West 111th St.
AMELE HALL
Superb apartments, one door from Broadway; modern fireproof building; attractively arranged; fixtures and appointments of highest standard.
7 rooms, 2 baths, $1,300
MANAGER ON PREMISES.

565 WEST 139TH ST.,
Near Broadway Subway Station at 137th Street. Elegant large, light 6-7 Room Apartment, $60 to $85. Containing every improvement, day and night elevator and telephone service, steam heat, etc. Agent on premises.

UP-TO-DATE NEW BUILDING,
330 WEST 86TH ST.
2 and 3 Rooms, Kitchenette.
Including Maid and Hall Service.
ONE DOCTOR'S APARTMENT.

527 WEST 110TH ST.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,450
All Southern Exposure.
Apply on Premises.

6-7-8 Rooms, $57.50, $70, $83.33
Elevator apartment house, very large rooms. Will decorate to suit.
Subway express station at 181st St. 523 West 187th St. Near Audubon Avenue.

512 WEST 122ND ST.
NEAR BROADWAY.
SUBWAY EXPRESS, MANHATTAN ST.
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE.
8 Rooms, $900-$1,000

547 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
THE HAQUE APARTMENTS.
Near 127th St. Sub. Sta., Manhattan St.
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE.
6-7 Rooms, $1,000-$1,200.

31 WEST 124TH ST.
Elevator, Telephone, Electricity, Etc.
SUBWAY EXPRESS STATION, 125TH ST.
WILL DECORATE TO SUIT TENANT.
8 Rooms, $900

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

42 EAST 78TH STREET
SOUTHEAST CORNER MADISON AV.
ATTRACTIVE APARTMENTS
Two, four suites en suite, larger. French cuisine in restaurant on premises, offers all the advantages of a hotel; ideal home for adult families or bachelors; moderate rental; elevator service.
Apply on premises.

Housekeeping Apartment
375 Park Avenue
N. E. Corner 52d Street.
12 ROOMS, 4 BATHS
9th Floor "A" corner apartment, south and west exposure, 4 master's, 3 servants' bedrooms, 3 master's baths and servants' sitting room. Living room 24 ft. 6 in. by 24 ft. 6 in. Dining room 18 ft. by 22 ft. 2 in. Refrigeration. Restaurant Voisin immediate possession.
$7,570
For full particulars apply to
Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
414 Madison Avenue
Murray Hill 5600.

Seven Rooms
AND TWO BATHS
1109-1111 Madison Ave.
CORNER OF 83D ST.
Every modern convenience; southern exposure; $1,800 to $2,200. See Superintendent, or
JOHN A. SCHOEN, 119 BIBLE HOUSE TEL. STUY. 490.

40th St., Nos. 34 & 36 East
High Class Elevator, all Improvements;
2 and 3 Rooms and Bath;
non-housekeeping; including service.
$1,200 to $1,500.
Bohnenkamp & Schneider, Agents,
542 5th Av., N. Y. Tel. Vanderbilt 2839.

940-942 PARK AVE.,
Northwest corner East 81st St.
Modern elevator apartment, 7 sunny corner rooms; rent, unfurnished, $1,380 yearly; 7 room furnished apartment, $1,600 from now until June 1st.

55 EAST 76TH ST.
NEAR PARK AVE.
High-class apartment; excellent elevator, hall, and telephone service.
7 Rooms, $1,500.

23 EAST 124TH ST.,
OPPOSITE MT. MORRIS PARK.
SUBWAY EXPRESS STATION 125TH ST.
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE.
7-8 Rooms, $780-$1,000.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

166 WEST 72D ST.
APARTMENTS OF THREE AND FOUR EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE ROOMS; sumptuously furnished; all appointments are of highest standard; fine tiled kitchens, with ice refrigeration; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 7640.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

The Lorraine
Fifth Ave. at 45th St.
Under the personal direction of
FRED J. EISLER
(Formerly of Waldorf-Astoria)
Apartments and Rooms with Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished, by the Year or Transiently.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

We have for lease a furnished residence in West 76th St., near the park; the house is completely furnished; has coal in the bins; cook and other servants can be provided; 2 baths; hardwood throughout; all modern conveniences; library stocked with books; beautiful rugs, paintings, statuary, china and glassware; gas and coal ranges, electric lights and bells, telephone conveniences, &c.; ready for instant occupancy. Apply at once, L. J. Phillips Co., 148 West 72d. Telephone 2750 Columbus.

RESIDENCE, nine rooms, three baths; entrance hall; admirably arranged for small family; hardwood floors, electric light; near West End Av., within block subway station; no agents. Owner, W 580 Times Downtown.

78 East 92d St.; rent $1,650.
76 East 91st St.; rent $2,000.
Electric lights; parquet floors; two baths; perfect condition. Caretaker on premises.

Three-story, furnished, unfurnished, electricity; Winter coal. Lowther, 757 West End Av.

258th St, 340 West.—3-story dwelling, 16 rooms; newly decorated; possession; rent $1,200. H. V. Mead & Co., 498 8th Av.

Brooklyn.

Three-story, no basement, one-family house, 205 Ocean Av., between Lincoln Road and Parkside Av., opposite Prospect Park; every modern improvement; beautiful porch; must be seen to be appreciated; Brighton Beach line to Prospect Park station. Apply C. G. Reynolds, on premises, or 999 Sterling Place.

Queens.

Beautiful house, 8 rooms, all modern improvements, garage, and driveway; good residential section; for rent, $50 per month. Weiss, 317 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Long Island.

BAYSIDE.—Immediate possession; house and garage, one and a half years old, ten minutes' walk from station, six minutes from water. Plot 40x100, seven large rooms and tiled bath; open fireplace in living room, electricity, gas, steam heat; built-in Hoosier in kitchen; price $5,750; small cash payment and $45 per month, or terms to suit. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 47 West 34th St., Greeley 6896.

Farmingdale, the busiest town on Long Island; $250 will buy a 7-room house, all improvements; large plot of ground; near trolley and station; balance same as rent. William Geiger, 45 West 34th St., New York.

Homestead, nine rooms, barn, chicken houses, fruit trees; one acre ground; commuting distance; sacrifice; little cash. Apartment 24, 540 West 112th. Tel. 3824 Cathedral.

Westchester County.

LARCHMONT.—Special bargain, $7,500; 8 rooms; hot-water heat, tiled bath, large porch, hardwood trim; 5 minutes' walk to station. H. M. ELLIOTT, 51 East 42d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 2926.

For sale or to rent, 15-room house; all modern improvements; newly furnished throughout; coal in cellar; large garage; 30 minutes from Grand Central Depot; must be seen to be appreciated. 748 Times Downtown.

Colonial cottage, (100 years old,) plot 50x130; 6 rooms, attic; macadam road; 3 miles Bedford Hills; $3,200 cash. Clark, Lee & Tibbitts, White Plains.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $500 and mon hly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8-cent commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, and built-in bookcase in living room; paneled dining room; bedrooms in white enamel; hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; terraced lawn, trees, paved streets, steam heat, water, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures; concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden and garage; driveway in rear; near fine schools and station, 70 trains daily. PURCHASERS FULLY PROTECTED IF DRAFTED. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. Telephone John 5647.

Bargain.—Six rooms, bath, all improvements; steam heat; hollow tile stucco dwelling; half hour, Erie; $5,750; terms. W. Brady, 154 Nassau St. Tel. 3806 Beekman.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

New Jersey.

Delightful suburban home, modern house; 8 rooms, bath; acre; shade, fruit; garage; hennery; convenient. Frank Stevens, Ridgewood, N. J.

FOR BARGAIN HUNTERS.
Owner leaving country must sacrifice artistically furnished, all year house, near N. Y.; no agents. Room 58 18 West 34th St.

REAL ESTATE.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

$80,000 equity in 450 city lots and 24 acres, 3,000 feet Brooklyn waterfront. Owner, 62 West 51st St.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

AT CRESTWOOD, N. Y.
Just completed, hollow tile stucco house, 11 rooms, 3 baths, fireproof garage under house; 35 minutes from Grand Central, Harlem Division; price $10,000, small cash payment, balance like rent. Write or call F. B. Cotter, 116 Fifth Av. Phone 6020 Gramercy.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Dispose lease for five-story house, 11 rooms, 4 baths, 108th St., Riverside Drive; ready occupancy. Tel. 3725 Riverside.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

24 acres, good for chicken, hog or dairy farm; 8 buildings; 28 miles out, Erie main line; $7,500; must sell. C. Schmidt, Montvale, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

10,000 SQUARE FEET
to let to responsible tenant; new one-story building; high ceiling, very light; suitable for motor truck service station; 50x, near 10th Av.; immediate occupancy; principals only. W 157 Times.

Beautiful light loft, windows on four sides, freight and passenger elevators, sprinkler, fine location; will sublet until February; longer lease can be obtained; no objection to light manufacturing. Inquire on premises. Superintendent, 67 Irving Place.

I will sublet to responsible party who will purchase entire office furniture and equipment, small office (175 square feet) on Broadway, between Wall St. and Bowling Green. Address Box S. 5 Pine St., Room 61, New York.

For rent for light manufacturing, 5,000 square feet of floor space in modern building, steam-heated, with ample light and ventilation; help available; electric power. W. W. Wilsey, Ridgewood, N. J.

Office or Showroom.—Two connecting rooms fronting on 5th Av. at 34th St.; exceptionally light; good service; will rent separately; reasonable. H. D. Anderson, 347 5th Av.

McCurtain Building.

For Rent.—Offices with three windows, 27th floor, Woolworth Bldg.; privileges outer office; reasonable rates; occupants in service; references exchanged. Apply Rooms 2760-2762.

Furnished private office, $17.50 monthly; also desk room, $9.50; telephone, attendant; no lease required. Duane, 309 Broadway, suite 807.

Large show windows with office space in wholesale district, $25 per month up; responsible parties only. S. I. Atwater, 101-105 Lafayette St.

HALF OF PARLOR FLOOR.
with large show window; also floor above to rent for light manufacturing or salesrooms. Green, 26 East 33d St.

Desk room, including stenographer and phone; $15. Woolworth Building, H 92, Times Downtown.

50th St., 182 East, (near 3d Av.)—Part of furnished office for rent; telephone, electric light.

Offices with Phone Service and Skylights for Engineers.
Rent 16th St.

Broadway, 1,416, Room 201.—Newly fitted Spanish-English stenographic services. Call afternoons.

Offices, $25 to $100; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1,520.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including gas, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $18 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

30TH ST., 5 EAST.—Sunny, two, four rooms, bath, kitchenette; floor; attractive; refined.

34TH ST., 122 EAST, "THE HAMPTON."—Between 5th and Madison.—Two rooms, at $70 monthly; three rooms, bath, very desirable, $85.00 monthly; full hotel service.

37TH ST., 62 EAST.—Nicely furnished 2 rooms, bath. Merritt, 9281 Murray Hill, before 6.

37TH ST., 146 EAST.—Furnished, unfurnished studios; lease; $5.5-$55. Apply 174 Madison Av.

44TH ST., 141 EAST, (The Woodsley.)—Attractive apartment, artistically furnished, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $125 month; immediate possession; references. Call Sunday, Apt. 9-H. Phone Murray Hill 8305.

46TH ST., 146 EAST.—Will rent charmingly furnished housekeeping apartment for eight months or year, immediate possession, $2,000. Inquire Superintendent, Apartment 22.

49TH ST., 19 EAST.—Artistically furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchenette.

51ST ST., 40 AND 49 EAST.
58TH ST., 40 WEST.
Attractively furnished one, two, three, and four-room apartments; light, heat, elevator, and maid service; by week, month, or year.

54TH ST., 128 EAST.—Attractive two rooms, bath, kitchenette, steam, electricity. Plaza 5120.

58TH ST., 43 EAST.—Charmingly furnished seven rooms, two baths, southern exposure; elevator; 4th floor. Telephone 4120 Plaza, Hendricks.

69TH ST., 20 EAST.—Two rooms, bath, furnished, $70; service optional. Rhinelander 3179.

84TH ST., 21 EAST.—Furnished $3,300, unfurnished $3,000 per annum for one, two, or three years; corner duplex apartment; southern exposure; open fireplaces; 12 rooms, 3 baths; inspection invited.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
I have for sublease large selections of completely furnished private apartments, 4 to 12 rooms, east, west side; season, year; $150-$1,500 monthly. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 200 West 73d St., Columbus 3974.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

ATTENTION!—APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath; $14 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. Hotel St. Louis, 54 East 32d St. Hotel Senton, 35 East

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, 153 WEST.—Comfortable room; exclusive suburban home; all conveniences; private family. Phone Kingsbridge 693.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.—Large bedroom and sitting room, comprising bathroom floor; warm, clean, quiet; private house; electricity, hot water, shower; convenient transportation; $12; bedroom only, $7; responsible American. Tel. Audubon 3858.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214, (94th.)—Four spacious rooms, overlooking Hudson; two master bedrooms, kitchen, parlor, bath. Noble, River. 3287.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240.—Private family offers beautiful large room, facing Riverside Drive. Phone 4570 Audubon, Apt. 6B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78 (cor. 80th.)—Magnificently furnished suite; also studio; elegant house.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large double room, private bath; meals; one flight; single; facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 854, (77th St.)—Nicely decorated, newly furnished double rooms, with all the comforts of home.

WEST END AV., 911.—Room, private bath, electricity, telephone; other rooms ready October.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

2ND, 105 WEST.—Large room, with bath; 8 windows; southern exposure; maid service; $42; studio house.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Single gentleman, responsibly employed, wants a furnished large room for immediate occupancy, in private family among professional folk preferred; Columbia University section; give size and other details; terms must be moderate; permanent; references. W 164 Times.

FRENCH GENTLEMAN, acquainted with war service, requires room, comfort bly furnished, in refined private family, vicinity Columbus Circle to 76th St., West; running cold and hot water; Write A 11 Times.

Gentleman, 40, best references, wants furnished room, near Union Square, Irving Place section; $30 to $40 per month. R 16 Times.

TWO ROOMS and bath or one large room, furnished, unfurnished, between 34th and 59th, e. st side preferred; $30 to $40 monthly; gentlemen. C 483 Times Annex.

BACHELOR desires furnished room, 83d to 98th st., west side; reference furnished; apartment room undesirable. H 525 Times Downtown.

Two furnished rooms by two ladies; light cooking; moderate; permanent. W 153 Times.

Young man wants furnished room near Camp Merritt, N. J. S 400 Times.

Refined lady, room modern private apartment, 20th-70th; state rate. R 20 Times.

Unfurnished.

WANTED, to rent 5 to 7 room house or apartment in suburbs; all conveniences; easy commuting distance; will pay reasonable rent; L. H. W., 270 West 23d St., city.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

80TH. (1,345 Lexington.)—Large, small rooms; excellent table; private house; telephone.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding and housekeeping? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

54 WEST 54TH ST.

Rooms with board; table guests; references.

58TH ST., 41-43-45.
Elevator.
MADISON ARMS.

58TH, 44 WEST.—Elegant rooms, private baths, steam heated; table unexcelled; ideal place for families locating for Winter.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; excellent table and service; convenient location.

72D, 228 WEST.—Elevator, steam heat, electricity, table guests; subway express; references.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Rooms, private bath; switchboard; parlor, dining room; table guests.

74TH, 162 WEST.—Rooms, private baths; switchboard; near "L," subway.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wade, Farrad St.).—Luxurious and attractive, large pasture; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 121 WEST.—OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE; DESIRABLE ROOMS.

82D, 224 WEST, (Grayscourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Large room, flat, adjoining bath; excellent meals; table guests; references.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Comfortable, large rooms, modern conveniences; near subway, "L"; references.

87TH, 352 WEST.—Lady owning handsome home, 4 baths, desires few paying guests.

105TH, 108 WEST.—Double, single; southern exposure; bath adjoining; table good; private house.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence offers three spacious rooms, bath, overlooking Hudson; handsomely furnished; double, single room; beautiful table; moderate.

FIFTH AV., 2,066, cor. E. 127th.—Large, attractive room, second floor; select house, board first class.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 746.—Private family offers beautiful large room, facing Riverside Drive. Phone 4570 Audubon, Apt. 6B.

BOARD WANTED.

Refined family of 5, 3 adults and two children, 13 and 10, respectively, want first-class board and residence, well furnished; at least 3 bedrooms and bath; if possible, additional living room; location, between 72d and 120 h, west side; boarding house or private family, but must be good in every respect; reasonable. S 34 Times.

Jewish couple desire, permanently, pleasant room, with private bath, board; private family preferred; west side, between 72d and 96th Sts. Address Mr. W., Room 702, 373 4th Av.

Room and board by mother and daughter, Washington Heights section, private family preferred; permanent, $20 weekly. S 24 Times.

Middle-aged gentleman desires permanent home with private family, within vicinity New York. Apartment 2-B, 2,109 Harrison Av. Phone Fordham 2467.

Two young army officers seek congenial lodgings with private family on lower Riverside Drive or similar neighborhood. W 161 Times.

Room and board for middle-aged woman, private family or boarding house observing strict dietary laws. R 12 Times.

COUPLE want board and room, Washington Square section; state price. W 170 Times.

Single, board, furnished room, or small furnished apartment. Scotia, W 144 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Long Island.

INVALIDS' CHRISTIAN SANITARIUM, nonsectarian; beautiful location; physicians; nurses; moderate rates. Lawrence Boulevard, Bayside, L. I. Phone Bayside 2006 W.

Westchester County.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $10 and up; booklet.

Rockledge Manor Hotel and cottages, 124 Bruce Av., Yonkers; convenient location; refined clientele; moderate prices. Telephone 3344 Yonkers.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ACCOUNTANT.—Ten years' experience; Federal and State tax reports; $35. S 729 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING WOMAN, college education; forceful copywriter; possessing original ideas; analytical; under executive; seeks REAL opportunity with Agency. A 580 Times Downtown.

BABY NURSE desires position; hospital training. R 22 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, competent, controlling accounts, monthly trial balance; 5 years' experience; salary $22. Box 750, 1,418 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; six years' experience double entry, trial balance; take full charge of office; $35. S 118 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, experienced, high school graduate; $18. S. Grass, 440 East 137th St.

BOOKKEEPER; two years' experience; conscientious and willing worker; salary, $16. Box 48 324 Broadway Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger clerk, wishes position; 6½ years' experience. Rebin, 816 East 179th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young woman, colored, wishes position; two years' experience; references; uniform. Call or write Dukes, 42 West 136th St.

CHILD'S NURSE.—Experienced; American; best references; $60 monthly. O 533 Times Harlem.

COLLEGE STUDENT, three years' business experience, knowledge stenography and typewriting, desires position; part time evenings preferred. O 521 Times Harlem.

DRESSMAKER wishes customers; latest styles copied; $7 to $15. 1,233 Lexington Av.

DRESSMAKER.—High class, out day; moderate; reference. Hall, Riverside, 4,751.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY.
CAPABLE YOUNG COLLEGE WOMAN, BROAD BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, DESIRES EMPLOYMENT AS EXECUTIVE; ORGANIZING ABILITY; $50 WEEKLY MINIMUM. S 119 TIMES.

EXECUTIVE.—YOUNG COLLEGE WOMAN; SPLENDID EXECUTIVE EXPERIENCE AS EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, OFFICE MANAGER; RESOURCEFUL, ENERGETIC; SALARY $50 WEEKLY. S 120 TIMES.

EXECUTIVE, experienced manager, export sales section, formerly assistant advertising manager; Columbia University woman; capable handling large office force; $30-$35. J 701 Times Harlem.

HOUSEKEEPER.—English woman, thoroughly domesticated and reliable, excellent cook, desires position as working housekeeper for one adult; first-class city references; salary, $60. Write A. B., 2,387 Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPER, with well-trained girl, 10, position in small family; good cook, waitress; 2 week, references. S 12 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced, capable trial balance, controlling accounts. A 589 Times Downtown.

ITALIAN LADY, like position as lady's maid; sewing experience. 68 West 69th.

LABORATORY ASSISTANT and special Wassermann technician; preferably private physician, hospital. R 10 Times.

MASSEUSE (licensed) desires additional patients. Brook, 211 W. 88th. Tel. Riverside 3329.

NURSE.—Refined young woman will act as nurse evenings to invalid elderly person or child. W 155 Times.

NURSE, registered, Jewish, desires work with institution as nurse or social service worker. W 142 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, knowledge of bookkeeping and cashiering; 4 years' experience. Z 345 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, accurate at figures, filing; six years' experience. Z 320 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Young lady, high school education; can take average man's dictation; transcribes notes accurately and neatly; operates Underwood, Remington, and L. C. Smith typewriters; good grammarian and speller; understands general office routine work; several years' practical experience in various commercial lines—iron and steel trade, manufacturing, &c.; formerly assisted president of manufacturing company—seeks permanent position, downtown or Brooklyn, where ability and conscientious efforts are recognized and rewarded by good remuneration; offers services at reasonable salary to start; objective—future, not initial compensation. Reliability, S 762 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer, five years' commercial experience; American; understands filing, billing, and all office detail; good at telephone and letters and possessing executive and selling ability. Address H 479 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY; college education; dictation French and English; translations; experience diplomatic and financial world; salary $2,500 yearly; best references. Write A. J. N., 263 West 125th.

SECRETARY.—Expert stenographer, several years' experience sales, manufacturing, traffic, accurate figures, desires responsible position; $25. H 463 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—My slogan is "Quality"; experienced, trustworthy; high grade references; $26. E. Wilde 3,915 Fort Hamilton Parkway, Brooklyn.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Executive, initiative; eight years' extensive business experience; highest references. B., 140 West 111th St. Cathedral 2858.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER desires responsible position; high-class legal, technical work. W 568 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER; Christian; thoroughly capable; salary $23-$25. R. B., 219 East 57th St. Plaza 4866.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER; six years' experience; accurate; possesses initiative; $22; permanent. S 88 Times.

SECRETARY.—Stenographer; six years' experience; good education; excellent memory; $25. W 128 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, college graduate, three years' executive experience; references, $25. B. H., 109 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Seven years' experience hardware line; familiar with all office details; best reference. H 527 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED, COMPETENT, CONSCIENTIOUS; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. S 651 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, with knowledge bookkeeping and general office routine, desires permanent position; $20. S 121 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Expert, highly efficient, thoroughly experienced, unusual ability; $25. S 757 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, six years' experience, thoroughly efficient; possesses tact, initiative; valuable assistant; salary $25. Box 1533 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER, (25,) Christian, competent and reliable, accurate at figures, desires permanent position; salary $23. A 110 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (18,) understands bookkeeping; competent, rell ble, not afraid of hard work; two years' experience; $18-$20. R 13 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-BILL CLERK, high school graduate, desires change; thoroughly efficient, accurate; references; $25. O. C., 104 East 4th.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, expert; refined American; 7 years' v luable experience; salary $12-$25. W 152 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, good education, eight years' experience; executive ability; $23. L 773 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; three years' experience; prominent concern; salary $18-$20. S 728 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — 4 years' experience high school graduate; executive ability; $22. S 785 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, five years' experience, thoroughly familiar office routine; salary $22. H 431 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced high school and business school graduate; salary $22. F. J., Apartment 75, 244 West 99th.

STENOGRAPHER, bright beginner, some experience, knowledge of bookkeeping. Metro, 117 Rivington St.

STENOGRAPHER and secretary, expert, seven years' experience, executive ability; $25. O 545 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, high school graduate, efficient, thoroughly experienced; salary $18. O 544 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner for law office; moderate salary. Fox, 182 West End Av., City.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 5 years' experience, competent, highest credentials; salary $22. H. L., 9 East 101st St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires permanent position; $18. E. Wolff, 856 Whitlock Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, 4½ years' experience, intelligent worker, desires permanent position; $20. L 724 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; clerical; experienced; rapid, accurate; $20. Box R. F., 202 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, efficient, desires permanent position; best references. Harlem 7817. R 334 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, capable office assistant; 2 years' experience; $15. L 770 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Efficient, high school graduate, two years' experience; salary $18. W 47 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Office Assistant.—Experience 3 years; excellent references; salary $18. R 15 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—2½ years' experience; familiar with office work; capable; $17. H 522 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience, well educated, reliable; $16. O 7 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Ten years' experience; private wire; general office assistant. Write R 24 Times.

Two sisters, waitress, one chambermaid; references. Care Dr. Brown, 155 West 58th.

TYPIST, with slight experience of stenography, 5 years' experience, references, wishes permanent position. Miss Grossman, 2200 West 44th St. Bryant 6087.

TYPIST seeks additional work at her office; neat and accurate work, quickly done. Write Room 1101, 12 Broadway.

TYPIST, expert, desires part-time work, evenings; home work preferred. R 18 Times.

TYPIST, filing and general office assistant, with six years' experience. A 194 Times.

YOUNG LADY, experienced, to handle the clerical end of shipping department; understands details. Box P, 3,013 3d Av.

YOUNG WOMAN, EXECUTIVE ABILITY, DESIRES PART-TIME EMPLOYMENT WITH INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATION. GLOTZER, 3 WEST 115TH ST.

Employment Agencies.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Thoroughly experienced servants, excellent cooks; investigated references; seeking places; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 50th.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

BERTA CARLSON Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, 89th. Riverside 9463.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, assistant bookkeepers, clerical, reliable help, typewriting. Roberts Agency, Bryant 4041.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE.
American, 33, draft exempt, desires to locate with concern, where expert knowledge and executive ability will warrant appreciation; organizer and systematizer; now employed with large motor truck concern as office and service manager. A. B., Box K 408 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE, office manager, treasurer, controller; high-grade American, 46; exceptional experience and references; $400 monthly. S 558 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, (25,) draft exempt, semi-senior; now employed with public accounting firm, desires change; $35. R 14 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. 132 Nassau St., Room 1221 Telephone Beekman 7360.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits, $5 upward; books opened, closed. Fried lander, Beekman 9?8.

ACCOUNTANT, draft exempt; university student; 7 years' experience as bookkeeper. W 159 Times.

"AD" WRITER WITH ORIGINAL IDEAS; UNIQUE, EFFECTIVE COPY AND DESIGNS; CAN DEMONSTRATE IN FIFTEEN MINUTES; SALARY IDEAS MODEST. S 116 TIMES.

AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN, (17,) desires clerical work where there is advancement. S 693 Times Downtown.

ARTIST.—Experienced in commercial art, seeks part-time work or by the job. Tel. Beek. 3643, or write 132 Nassau St., Room 1317.

BANK CLERK.—25, exempt, college education, good correspondent, knows statistics, foreign exchange, speaks and writes French, Russian; best references; wishes responsible position. S 788 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, can devote evenings to auditing, balance sheets, statements, postings, correspondence, &c.; prices reasonable. A 537 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 32, borough accountant and executive, capable assuming entire charge, wishes responsible position requiring absolutely reliable employe. A. Gold, 2,146 Vyse Av., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, exempt, executive ability, varied, thorough, experience, sure to please; $35. O 547 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER-EXECUTIVE.
Experienced, capable taking full charge office; correspondent; collections; $30. W 143 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. — Six years' experience, thoroughly competent; kindly state salary in reply. C 478 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, competent take full charge; draft exempt; salary $25. S 89 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, DRAFT EXEMPT; SEVEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. W 140 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent, double entry, controlling accounts; S 769 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, middle-aged, thorough accountant, at any reasonable terms. O 530 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager, thoroughly experienced executive. O 337 Times Harlem.

LOOKING FOR WORK.
Business man, equipped downtown office, (real estate,) wishes to represent out of town firm, or take position where good salesmanship and good appearance and intelligence is required A 552 Times Downtown.

CAPABLE young man, 23, wishes position with growing concern; college education, four years' business experience, draft exempt, physical grounds. S 41 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, American, draft exempt, skillful driver, excellent mechanic, strictly temperate, refined; highest recommendation, desires connection; reasonable. R 297 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Giving up my car, want position for my chauffeur; thoroughly capable, honest, reliable; good mechanic. Edward Flash, 29 Broadway. W 169 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, draft exempt, wishes priv te position; own repairs; best references. Henry Crowder, 277 Manhattan Av., N. Y. City.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic (46,) married, city references on Mitchell, Packard, Cadillac, Hudson, and foreign cars. Ohlson, 153 E st 54th St.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, desires position with private family; drives Packard, Cadillac, and Pierce-Arrow; $25. L 756 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, married, experienced; good mechanic; private family, city or country. Louis Meyer, 15 West 107th. Telephone Academy 1271.

CHAUFFEUR, reliable, desires position; three years' reference from last employer. W 71 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Age 41, married; 12 years' experience; drive any car; salary $35. Voris, 69 West 88th. 2397 Schuyler.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 35 years old; good mechanic; careful driver; long experience; best references. Adamson, 210 East 66th.

CHAUFFEUR, 26, draft exempt, desires private position. Box 140, 1,464 3d Av.

CHEF.—First class, Japanese, 15 years' experience, club or catering firm; 10 years in last place. H. Ukamura, 141 East 56th.

CHRISTIAN BUSINESS MAN, with highest city and Southern references, desires connection with established Stock Exchange house; guarantee must exceed $12,000. W 163 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, two years' experience, good detailer and tracer. S 56 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, 14 years, machine tools, gasoline engine design, automobile layout. S 383 Times.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER or assistant, age 24, having six years' experience hiring mechanical labor and general factory help, desires change; expert recruiting, transporting labor; highest testimonials and references. R 350 Times.

EXECUTIVE, SUCCESSFUL, SEEKS POSITION IN MECHANICAL LINE AS WORKS MANAGER OR SUPT.; THOROUGHLY PLANT MAN AND EXPERT IN OPERATION OF FOUNDRY AND MACHINE DEPARTMENTS, WITH GOOD GENERAL KNOWLEDGE OF OTHERS; AVAILABLE EARLY OCTOBER. S 57 TIMES.

EXECUTIVE,
deferred classification, 29, married; college graduate; business smashed by war; desires opportunity with progressive firm where integrity, initiative, and ability capable and versatile man can be utilized. C 461 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE, buying and selling experience, office management; interview by appointment. R 307 Times.

EXPORT MANAGER,
FOREIGN OFFICE.
High class man, thoroughly competent and experienced foreign work; can show immediate results; traveled extensively; excellent connections throughout Latin America; master Spanish; at present employed; desires make connections only with A-1 firm; highest references; salary $5,600. S 110 Times.

GENTLEMAN.—Connection wanted by gentleman past draft age, exceptionally well educated, thoroughly familiar with law and conditions, of wide business experience, prominently and extensively acquainted throughout Kansas and Missouri, and capable of handling anything that requires executive and responsible management; character, habits, and references unquestioned. Address D. S. Pipes, 2,825 Troost Av., Kansas City, Missouri.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK; excellent; Japanese desires position in bachelor's apartment; best references. George, 141 East 56th St.

HEAD WAITER wants position, city or nearby; 15 years' experience. S 6 Times.

HOTEL MANAGER.
Ready to manage a first-class hotel in New York or Winter resort; draft exempt. Address Proprietor of Colony Inn, Parkside and Flatbush Avs., Brooklyn.

HOTEL.—Practical man who knows the business, just closed successful Summer proposition, can free o take position as manager or assistant, either city or out of town; age 37; best of references. Hotel 138 Times.

MAN.—Evening and Sunday work wanted by business man, experienced in social, executive, and administrative lines; war work preferred. W 141 Times.

MAN, (27,) married, exempt, willing, advancement, moderate salary. W. P., 184 Times.

MANAGER or General Superintendent; 25 years of wide mechanical and executive experience in shop-improvement, special machinery, sheet metal, and novelty work; unusual inventive ability; expert in increasing production; now employed; only written replies requested. X. Z., 918 Cauldwell Av., New York.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Competent, experienced man, 33, Christian, married, wishes position with manufacturing or selling concern; very successful in securing business through correspondence. Leggett, 42 Lexington Av., Jersey City.

MANAGER or STEWARD.—Hotel, restaurant, club; 30 years' experience; best of references; specialize also in purchasing. H 743 Times Downtown.

MANAGER, 28 years' printing office experience, wishes to make change. W 120 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT, exempt, 6 years' experience hardware supplies, desires connection. L 775 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE MANAGER, collector; reliable, experienced; best references; knows value of repairs; salary, reasonable. B. H., 150 Times Uptown.

SALESMAN.—Am ready to start at once; have always had good connections; can take charge of branch office; commission or salary; will refer you to my past employers, also bank reference; am married and draft exempt; city, road; no schemers. H 523 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wishes position with reliable concern; 4 years' experience; age 29; 3-C classification. O 48 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN, (32,) energetic, draft exempt, experienced, selling to house furnishing goods stores, desires to represent responsible concern, on commission basis, drawing account. K 409 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man, capable, energetic, high school graduate, desires to connect with reliable concern; city; easy samples; commission. W 143 Times.

SALESMAN, young man, with some selling experience, wants to connect with ladies' waist or dress house to sell city or surrounding territory. R 19 Times.

SALESMAN, (23,) draft exempt, experienced selling on set il trade, seeks connection with reliable concern. K 410 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, energetic and ambitious young man, with good selling record, desires connection with reliable firm; references. W 583 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER, American, 33, married; 10 years' road and city experience; good record; war compels change; references. L 755 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 23, classification 5 P, 1 st two years private secretary to prominent business man, wishes position as secretary to busy executive. S 115 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, banking and railroad experience, speaks and writes Spanish, knowledge of French, seeks connection. H 519 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, 10 years' experience, capable taking charge, permanent connection with reliable concern; salary $30-$35. W 167 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, young man, experienced; references. Bregman, 1,459 Madison Av. Lenox 5971.

STENOGRAPHER, 14 years' experience, rapid and reliable; capable handling correspondence, desires permanent position, offering future prospects; age 33; draft exempt; references guaranteed. O 546 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, just under new draft, can assist with bookkeeping; experienced, first-class references. Box 35. 2,121 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, experienced, knowledge bookkeeping, general office routine; salary $20. H 469 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, experienced and competent, desires permanent position; draft exempt. R 17 Times.

SUCCESSFUL, self-made, retired business man, in prime of life, wide experience on selling, well posted on financial matters, bonds, stocks, banking, open for position on salary or commission; high-class references. Reliable, H 517 Times Downtown.

SUPERVISOR.—American, married, late head educational institution, wishes position where capable hustler can earn good salary. L 754 Times Downtown.

TYPIST-STATISTICIAN, switchboard operator, all general office work, experienced; 18. W 149 Times.

YOUNG American, 24, married, six years in silk line, desires position; references. W 168 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION, DESIRES POSITION OFFERING OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN GASOLINE MOTOR ASSEMBLY AND OPERATION; REFERENCES. S 766 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN CAPABLE, EARNEST WORKER, SEEKS POSITION WITH RELIABLE FIRM; CLERICAL AND SALESMANSHIP EXPERIENCE. W 122 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, college and business trained, desires position of responsibility with established firm; initiative; best references. R 288 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) 3 years' general office experience, knowledge of typewriting, desires position as office clerk. H 427 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, exempt, 7 years' office experience, good penman, quick, accurate at figures, desires position essential industry. L 749 Times Down own.

YOUNG MAN, 17, high school graduate, knowledge of bookkeeping, stenography, desires position with reliable firm. Salzman, 602 Sackman St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) well educated, thoroughly trained modern business methods, bookkeeper, correspondent, draft exempt, desires position. W 160 Tiges.

YOUNG MAN, 26, excellent appearance, draft exempt, seven years with present employer, desires position; advancement. C 482 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, conduct boys' outing clubs afternoons; college student preferred. Z 324 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school education, technical, desires mechanical position. L 678 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, clerk, draft exempt, employed, desires position evenings, anything. W 148 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (17,) 3 years high school, desires position in silk house or other mercantile concern. O 531 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, desires position in office, draft exempt, experienced; references. S 48 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17, desires clerical position; 2 years' experience; $17. O 542, Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 17, high-school graduate, one year experience, desires position; assistant bookkeeper, ledger clerk. A. M., 200 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20) desires position with large retail house concern. W 162 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, Class 5, desires position; reference. Wiener, 404 East 8th.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, competent stenographer; salary $15. W 76 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADDRESSING MACHINE OPERATOR; MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH RAPID & WALLACE MACHINE; GOOD SALARY AND CHANCE ADVANCEMENT. McCALL, 236 WEST 37TH.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, general office work; competent, willing. Miss M. Levy, 3,776 Park Av., city.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital. Call 146 East 28th today, 4 P. M.

AN OPPORTUNITY
FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

GOOD PAY WHILE LEARNING.

We will train immediately a number of young women for long distance telephone operating; any young woman, between the ages of 17 and 25, of ordinary education and intelligence, can qualify; we pay $9 a week to students during a short training period; increase in pay upon completion of training, permanent situations and increased wages with excellent chances for advancement.

This is a splendid opportunity to engage in an essential war service.

Apply in person to Mrs. Wauswork, Room 5309, 24 Lispenard St. (One block south of Canal St.)

AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

BOOKKEEPER.
A throughly competent young woman wanted by newspaper office; only those understanding double entry, trial balance, &c., and having at least three years' experience, need apply.
Textile Methods Advertising Agency,
47 West 34th St., Suite 437.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry bookkeeper to take charge of accounts, receivable ledger, cash book, and voucher records, monthly trial balances; good opportunity; Brooklyn manufacturing concern; in replying state experience and salary wanted. Manufacturer, 276 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Must be capable of taking entire charge of a set of books, thoroughly competent, experienced and accurate; none others need apply; $25 per week to start; rapid advancement if satisfactory; Brooklyn concern. A 564 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, LARGE CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE; MUST HAVE GOOD WRITING AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. O. S., BOX 180 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent young woman; must understand double entry and controlling accounts. Apply by letter only to Charles Francis Press, 461 8th Av., stating experience and salary desired.

BOOKKEEPER, fully experienced double entry, to take charge of accounts of large textile concern; unquestionable references required; state experience and salary. Z 325 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER experienced in controlling accounts take charge of office; references required; salary $25 a week. Apply at once Motor Truck Renting Corp., 530 West 44th St.

BOOKKEEPER wanted for double entry system, one with mercantile experience and executive ability preferred; splendid opportunity to advance. Military Art Novelty, 137 E. 25th St.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, of good appearance; woman of about 25 years of age; Gentile firm on 34th St; state salary expected. W 154 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST.—Experienced; apply in writing only; state salary and experience. Harlem Card and Paper Co., 155 East 128th St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Apply only by letter. Jacob Bros. Piano Factory, office 539 West 39th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, and good typist; good and permanent position. Green, 98 Lafayette St.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, who can do some stenography. Shire & Strauss, 2 John St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry; capable of taking care of controlling accounts. A 558 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Trained in credits and collections; special evening course. Write Edward Levi, Credit Manager, 200 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED WHO IS THOROUGHLY COMPETENT; ONE HAVING KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY PREFERRED. APPLY ALL WEEK, CLARK & WEINBERG, 634 5TH AV.

BOOKKEEPER.

One with dress house experience; good salary; splendid opportunity for right party; state previous experience and salary desired. Box 101, 437 Marbridge Bldg., city.

CASHIER and bookkeeper for men's store; hours 9 to 6 P. M. Reply by letter, stating salary and references. Lambert, 183 Broadway.

CASHIER for old-established wholesale house; state experience, age, salary wanted. Address Cashier, Room 2,502, 110 West 40th St.

CASHIER in meat market; steady position. M. Buchsbaum, 792 Columbus Av.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress; excellent home for young girl as chambermaid; waitress, with family of two in country; one-half hour from city; no experience necessary. Call Tuesday, 53 West 23d St., 9th floor, or write Thompson.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress; excellent home in country near Stamford; hour from city; best wages. Apply Monday or Tuesday until 1 o'clock, or telephone Strasser, 315 Central Park West. Tel. River. 1314.

CHAMBERMAID, experienced; references; sleep out. Woman's Club, 133 East 40th.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Inquire 52 East 61st St.

CLEANER AND DISHWASHER.—Reference; sleep out. B. D., 802 Times.

CLERICAL
ASSISTANT.

Only those who are experienced and accurate at figures need apply; must be willing and industrious; those who can qualify the position is permanent, with advancement. Apply Main Office, 6th floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Av.

CLERKS.

BY A LARGE CORPORATION, A NUMBER OF WOMEN FROM 20 TO 30 YEARS OF AGE; MUST BE HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES; SPLENDID WORKING CONDITIONS, INTERESTING WORK AND RAPID PROMOTION TO SUPERVISING POSITIONS FOR THOSE WHO CAN MAKE GOOD; AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY; SALARY AT START DEPENDENT UPON EXPERIENCE. S 754 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CLERKS.

Grammar school graduates between the ages of 16 and 23 for work in accounting department; experience unnecessary; hours, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., half day on Saturday throughout the year. Apply between 9 A. M. and 12 M.
New York Telephone Company,
Room 502,
25 Church Street,
New York, N. Y.

CLERKS

SEVERAL GIRLS FOR LIGHT CLERICAL WORK; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY ALL DAY,
NATIONAL BISCUIT CO.,
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
85 10TH AV., AT 15TH ST.

CLERK WANTED FAMILIAR WITH STOREROOM MATERIAL AND PRICING; GOOD OPPORTUNITY. APPLY AUDITOR, NEW YORK STEAM CO., 280 MADISON AV.

COOK for priv. te family; must have references. Apply Hofmann, 1,155 Park Av., Monday, 9 and 11.

COOK.—One hour from city; light housekeeping for two; references. Z 327 Times Annex.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR wanted in public accounting office; intelligent, neat typist; salary $75 a month; Christian firm. A 560 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER WANTED.

A DESIRABLE ALL-YEAR-ROUND POSITION FOR YOUNG WOMEN WHO UNDERSTAND DRESSMAKING. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, STATING AGE AND EXPERIENCE, TO A. COLES, BUTTERICK BUILDING, SPRING AND MACDOUGAL STS., N. Y. City.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS.

WOMEN FROM 20 TO 35 YEARS OF AGE WITH MECHANICAL ABILITY FOR INTERESTING INDOOR WORK UNDER SPLENDID CONDITIONS. KNOWLEDGE OF ELEMENTARY ELECTRICITY AND SHOP EXPERIENCE DESIRABLE, BUT NOT ESSENTIAL. OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT UNUSUAL TO THOSE WHO CAN MAKE GOOD. GOOD PAY WHILE LEARNING. APPLY AT ROOM 906, 24 WALKER ST., NEW YORK CITY.

FILE CLERK. — Thoroughly capable young woman who is quick and accurate on numerical and alphabetical filing; must come well recommended; excellent chance for right party. Address, stating age, salary expected, and telephone number, Z 303 Times Annex.

FILE CLERK WANTED.

Wanted immediately, a high-grade file clerk, man or woman, who can be depended on to work with intelligence and accuracy. Address letter to P. W. Hine,

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—Assistant to Controller in large company in Bronx; must have good general accounting or auditing experience and be draft exempt; write complete experience in first letter, giving essential facts and salary desired to start. Z 320 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-seniors, wanted; permanent position and good opportunities for advancement; state age, education, and experience. A 167 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Experienced juniors and seniors. Call this morning, Room 508, 31 Chambers St.

ADDRESSING MACHINE OPERATOR; must be familiar with Rapid & Wallace machines; good salary and fine chance advancement. McCall, 236 West 37th.

ARTISTS for color sketches, suitable for card-board novelties and greeting cards. See Mr. Hatschek, 5th floor, 141 East 25th.

ASSISTANT BURGLARY UNDERWRITER WANTED, BY LARGE CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. S 758 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

A LARGE import and export house, Christian firm, established 50 years, offers an exceptional opportunity in export department to a young man, draft exempt, experienced, and entirely familiar with freight, license, insurance, banking, and shipping document matters; satisfactory salary; only Americans considered; state experience, salary, and religion. A 557 Times.

A UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PLANT
NEEDS YOU!

Largest shell-loading plant in America needs able-bodied men; no experience necessary; ideal working conditions; advancement possible; age betwen 18 and 50; if not employed on Government work apply in person or by mail at once.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.
T. A. GILLESPIE LOADING CO., AGENT.
SOUTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY.

Directions to plant: Take Penn. R. R. or Jersey Central to South Amboy, and trolley from there direct to plant.

OR TO
Representative at
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT OFFICES.
142 Bowery, New York City;
OR TO
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
310 Jay St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 50.

BOOKKEEPER desired by large importing and exporting firm; experience and efficiency will be fully compensated; salary in accordance. Apply in own handwriting, giving particulars regarding present or last position, to our advertising agents, Metropolitan Advertising Co., 6 Wall St., Box "B."

BOOKKEEPER for ship broker's and builder's office; capable taking charge of books, handling vessels' accounts, &c.; Christian firm; hours 9 to 6; must be draft exempt. Telephone Hanover 1566 for appointment.

BOOKKEEPER competent to handle entire set of books; excellent opportunity; one experienced in piano business preferred. A 180 Times.

BOOKKEEPER in New York office of out-of-town specialty store; must know how to keep stock systems; good position for right party; state age, experience, and salary. C. D., 363 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and executive; wonderful opportunity for a live wire in a young and fast-growing business; must start low to show ability. W 156 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT.—Must have experience; salary to start, $22; apply in own handwriting. Shellac Importer, W 581 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, trained in credits and collections; special evening course. Write Edward Levi, Credit Manager, 200 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; prefer one who has had lighter age experience. S 686 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; good pay; prefer man who understands produce business. 39 Ave. near 14th St.

BOYS FOR OFFICE, STOCK, AND SHIPPING DEPARTMENTS; LARGE MERCANTILE HOUSE; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. 8 EAST 22D.

BOYS FOR OFFICE AND STOCK WHOLESALE PAPER GOODS HOUSE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL, WITH REFERENCES, H. HERRMANN STERNBACH CO., 23 E. 26TH.

BOYS
in office of large manufacturing concern; excellent future for bright, willing boys. Steinway & Sons, 107 East 14th St.

BOYS.—BIG COMPANY; HOURS 9 TO 4; SATURDAYS 12 ALL YEAR; QUICK ADVANCEMENT; $33 MONTHLY; BOY SCOUTS, &c. REPZIP, BOX 50, WALL ST. BRANCH.

BOYS TO WORK
in shipping department; $10 start; very good chance for advancement.
COLEMAN TAILORING CO.,
694 BROADWAY, 10TH FLOOR.

BOY for Wall St. law office; splendid opportunity for advancement; state age, education, and salary expected. S 734 Times Downtown.

BOYS in office or stock room of large marine hardware house; good chance for advancement. Durkee & Co., 2 South St., New York City.

BOYS.—Several bright, neat, intelligent boys; good opportunity. New York Public Library, Printing Office and Bindery, Room 58, 40th St. and 5th Av.

BOY
for errands and make himself generally useful; good wages. Paul Overhage, 229 West 28th St.

BOYS, 16-21, in large mail order house for stockroom, shipping, and packing departments; good salary; steady employment. Bell-a-Hess, 95 Morton St.

BOY TO WRAP PACKAGES, RUN LIGHT ERRANDS, &c. APPLY TO G. W. CARNRICK CO., 57 SULLIVAN ST., CORNER GRAND ST.

BOYS
for shipping department; salary, $10 to start; good chance for advancement; references. Solomon & Metzler, 33 E. 33d.

BOY wanted to work on samples; good prospects for advancement. Apply A. M. at Duquesne Woolen Dept., 4th floor, 304 4th Av.

BOY, 15-16, neat, bright, ambitious; office work, good chance for advancement; $8 start. Aeolian Co., 49 West 42d St., Room 512.

BOY; clerical work large electrical manufacturer; excellent chance for advancement. Apply W. Watson, 17 Park Place.

BOY for office work, age 15-16, good position and pay; give references. Post Office Box 558, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOY to do clerical work for large industrial concern; good chance advancement. 764 Court St., Brooklyn, 3d floor.

BOYS—GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. STEIN & BLAINE, 13 WEST 57TH.

BOY wanted by woolen jobbing house; bright and active; good opportunity. Address W 104 Times.

BOY wanted for general work in silk house; splendid chance. A. Bacher & Co., 354 4th Av.

BOY wanted, bright, energetic, between 15 and 18 years. Apply Knickerbocker Watch Co., Room 2106, Woolworth Building.

BOYS to run errands for electrical manufacturing concern; Government work; good wages; advancement. 290 Hudson St.

BOYS UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE. APPLY THE WALL STREET JOURNAL, 44 BROAD ST.

BOY, 15-17, in Wall St. brokerage office; good opportunity for advancement; state reference. C 468 Times Annex.

BOY for delivery department, under 18, salary $10; good opportunity to learn and for advancement. Apply 384 5th Av.

BOY wanted in insurance brokerage office, to do general office work. John D. Wyeth & Co., 91 William St., New York City.

BOY, intelligent, in office manufacturing business; salary $10. Walter P. McTeigue, 62 West 45th St.

BOY wanted. Apply, with references, I. Oleondorff Co., Wholesale Watch Co., 15 Maiden Lane.

BOY, bright, neat, for office and errands. Dilazian Bros., 17 Battery Place.

BOY wanted work in stock room; salary $10. Remick, 219 West 46th.

BOY wanted in law office. Apply Room 416, 35 Nassau St.

BOY wanted for office work and errands. Apply Room 1002, 50 East 42d St.

BOY WANTED IN EXPORTING HOUSE; SALARY $10. A 593 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY as page, $28 month; meals. Post Graduate Hospital, 303 E. 20th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOYS

TO WORK NIGHTS IN SHOP ON VACUUM PUMPS; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; STEADY POSITION; GOOD PAY.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

LICENSED BY U. S. E. S. PERMIT NO. 113.

BOYS.—AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED TO SEVERAL BOYS, WHO WANT TO GET STARTED IN THE ADVERTISING FIELD; THE BEST KIND OF TRAINING WILL BE GIVEN TO THOSE WHO ARE WILLING TO START AT THE BOTTOM. SEE MR. B. B. STUART, 12TH FLOOR, 381 FOURTH AV.

BOYS.
Must be 16 years of age, for mail and messenger service; excellent opportunity for advancement in electrical business.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 Blocks South of 14th St.

BOYS,
14 to 16 years, can earn $9-$10 weekly; excellent opportunity for advancement; must have working papers. Apply packing department,

O'SULLIVAN RUBBER CO.,
46 BEACH ST. COR. HUDSON.

BOYS
Wanted for office work; splendid opportunity open for advancement to those who are bright and industrious. Apply main office, 6th floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Av.

BOY, 16-17 YEARS OF AGE, IN OFFICE OF LARGE DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE; HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE PREFERRED, BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; SALARY, $10; EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE FULL PARTICULARS, REFERENCES, &c. S 708 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOYS—BOYS
IN OFFICE OF WAREHOUSE; MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN OPERATING LARGE SWITCHBOARD; SALARY, $12. M. GROH'S SONS, 238 WEST 28TH.

BOY for general office work and department passenger service; salary to commence $8 per week; quick advance in accordance with ability. Call Monday, Sept. 23. The New York Times Current History, 17th floor, Times Building, Times Square.

BRANCH MANAGER.
Extraordinary opportunity for a live, energetic man, with sales and executive ability, to control and manage New York State branch of large corporation manufacturing and marketing an automobile necessity, which has a world-wide demand; a necessity indorsed and recommended by law throughout the country and which has no competition; an aggressive man who is desirous of establishing a permanent and legitimate business and who can invest a very small amount for initial outlay of stock, can make at least $500 per month in commissions. Phone Circle 4835 for appointment for interview.

BRICKLAYERS wanted at Pottstown, Penn.; transportation paid. Apply on job, James Taylor, foreman.

CARPENTERS AND LABORERS.
SPEND THIS WINTER IN THE SOUTH AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., ON CANTONMENT WORK; FINE CLIMATE. APPLY
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
310 JAY ST., BROOKLYN;
128 CLINTON ST., MANHATTAN.
JAMES STEWART & CO., INC.

CARPENTERS (5) for all around work. Apply De La Vergne Machine Co., foot of East 138th St.

CASHIER for old-established wholesale house; state experience, age, and salary wanted. Address Cashier, Room 2,502, 110 West 40th.

CASHIER in meat market; steady position. M. Buchsbaum, 702 Columbus Av.

CLEANER, colored man for inside work; steady employment. K 720 Times Downtown.

CLERK for auditing department of a large corporation, familiar with modern accounting methods; state experience, age, and salary expected. Z 347 Times Annex.

CLERK.—Hotel wants man, exempt from draft, able to furnish best references; hotel experience not necessary; salary to start $80 month. S 127 Times.

CLERK.—MUST BE GOOD PENMAN; MAN NOT IN DRAFT PREFERRED. CALL MONDAY, 8:30 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

CLOTHING SALESMAN
TO MANAGE CREDIT CLOTHING STORE OUT OF TOWN FOR CORPORATION OPERATING LARGE CHAIN; EXCELLENT PROSPECTS FOR HUSTLER, WITH EXECUTIVE ABILITY. ADELBERG & BERMAN, 311 6TH AV.

COAL PASSERS.
Strong, healthy men; steady position.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 Blocks South of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S. PERMIT NO. 113.

COME
ACROSS
OR
GO
ACROSS.

If you are not in uniform you can do your bit at home by filling one of the following positions in an ESSENTIAL WAR INDUSTRY:

ARMATURE WINDERS,
COAL PASSERS,
ALL-AROUND MACHINIST,
POWER SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR,
OILERS,
TOOL DESIGNERS,
INSTRUMENT MAKERS,
TOOLMAKERS,
MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEER,
STOCK CHASER,
PRODUCTION CHASER,
STEAM ENGINEER,
WATCH ENGINEER,
GLASS WORKERS,
(Must be 18 years of age.)
(No experience necessary.)
BOYS,
(for Mail and Messenger Service.)
(Must be 16 years of age.)
PORTERS,
CLEANERS,
WATCHMEN,
LATHE OPERATORS, (Day and Night,)
MILLING MACHINE HAND.

IF ALREADY ENGAGED ON GOVERNMENT WORK, STAY WHERE YOU ARE.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
License by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 113.

CORRESPONDENT
FOR COTTON CONVERTING HOUSE; MUST BE DRAFT EXEMPT; GOOD PROSPECTS FOR RIGHT PARTY. ADDRESS FULL PARTICULARS BY LETTER. M. LOWENSTEIN & SONS, INC., 40 WEST 23D ST.

HELP WANTED—Male.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER WANTED in accounts payable office of a large Boston department store; only one capable of taking charge of a large office need apply; must be over 40 years of age; exceptionally good opportunity for the right man; state full particulars as to past experience, present employers, &c. Address W. D. W., Post Office Box 55, Boston, Mass.

CREDIT ASSISTANT.—Large, progressive corporation seeks man with credit experience; must be good correspondent, best references. Answer, all details, Permanent, S 657 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN
and
OFFICE MANAGER.

A large, progressive wholesale waist house offers a good opportunity for one who can systematize his work and take charge of office details; must have wide experience; state experience, age, and salary desired. H. H., 153 Times.

DETAILER and tracer for work on small mechanical and electrical instruments; at least two years' practical experience desired; state age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. S 52 Times.

DRAFTSMEN.
Experienced men on telephone equipment and electrical apparatus; steady work; good pay.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.
Near West St., 6 Blocks South of 14th St.

DRAFTSMEN.
Experienced mechanical draftsmen to work on small arms ammunition machinery; must be American citizens.
REMINGTON ARMS UMC CO.,
14TH & WASHINGTON STS.,
HOBOKEN, N. J.
Opposite 23d St. Ferry.

DRAFTSMAN.—Experienced on the construction, design, and layout of small, intricate mechanism, such as calculating machines, signal systems, &c.; permanent position, with opportunity for advancement. In reply give age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. S 53 Times.

DRAFTSMEN—MECHANICAL.
PERMANENT POSITIONS ASSURED TO COMPETENT MEN WITH EXPERIENCE AND INITIATIVE. NATIONAL METER COMPANY, MANUFACTURERS WATER METERS AND GAS ENGINES. 42D ST. AND 18T AV., BROOKLYN.

DRAFTSMAN.
MECHANICAL EXPERIENCED ON AIRPLANE DESIGNS, FOR LAYOUT; ALSO MEN TO MAKE DETAILS. LEWIS & VOUGHT CORP., WEBSTER AND 7TH AVS., LONG ISLAND CITY.

DRAFTSMEN. — MECHANICAL, FIRST-CLASS MEN, ON AEROPLANE WORK; PLEASANT WORKING CONDITIONS; PERMANENT POSITIONS; GOVERNMENT WORK. APPLY OR WRITE CURTISS ENGINEERING CORPORATION, GARDEN CITY, N. Y.

DRAFTSMAN.—Live American, lay out, detail, automatic machinery; permanent position; Jersey City plant; Government work; state full details, experience, salary. K 408 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN on mechanical design work and detailing; permanent position. Arma Engineering, 252 West 29th St.

DRUGGIST.
EXPERIENCED, REGISTERED MAN FOR FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE; ONE WHO CAN SELL MERCHANDISE; SALARY $30. JAMES, 247 WEST 46TH.

DRUG CLERK, JUNIOR.
WE HAVE A GOOD POSITION OPEN FOR MAN WHO CAN SELL MERCHANDISE IN RETAIL DRUG SECTION. JAMES, 247 WEST 46TH.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS.
MEN, FROM 18 TO 35 IN DEFERRED CLASSIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL WORK; EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY; GOOD PAY WHILE LEARNING AND EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT; HOURS FROM 8 MORNING TO 5 A. M.; CHANCE FOR DAY SHIFT LATER. APPLY ROOM 906, 24 WALKER ST., NEW YORK CITY.

ENTRY CLERK, EXPERIENCED ON TAKING CHARGES FROM CALL ON NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS. MADISON SQUARE P. O. BOX 27.

ESTIMATOR wanted by prominent New York builders; man between 30 and 40 years of age, with practical experience preferred. W 21 Times.

EXPORT MANAGER to handle department for a manufacturing corporation, whose products are extensively advertised and sold throughout this country; state references and all details. L 743 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK WANTED.
Wanted immediately, a high-grade file clerk, man or woman, who can be depended on to work with intelligence and accuracy. Address letter to P. W. Hine, Asst. Sales Manager, 2 Main St., Bridgeport, Conn.

FOREMAN.
Take charge of three automatic screw machines; also take charge of the manufacturing of electrical appliances. Fulton-Bell Co., 451 Greenwich St.

FOREMAN wanted in dyestuff factory in Massachusetts; state experience and salary. Z 389 Times Annex.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS,
TOOLMAKERS,
FIRST-CLASS MEN.
Able to build telephone and wireless apparatus from blueprints; steady positions.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 Blocks South of 14th St.

JUNIOR ASSISTANTS.
Must be 16 years of age, for mail and messenger service; excellent opportunity for advancement in electrical business.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 Blocks South of 14th St.

JUNIOR CLERKS.—Young men as junior clerks wanted; must be over 16; grammar school graduates preferred; an exceptional opportunity with advancement to boys who are industrious and willing. This opening is in a large import and export house; hours, 9 to 5:30; preliminary salary, $8. Call A. Klipstein & Co., 644 Greenwich St.

LEDGER CLERKS for old-established wholesale house; state age, experience, and salary wanted. Address Ledger, Room 2,502, 110 West 40th.

MACHINIST WANTED.
APPLY AT ONCE.
UNITED PAPER BOX CO.,
33 34TH ST., BROOKLYN.

MACHINISTS
FOR GOVERNMENT WORK.
Must be first-class all-around repair men on lathes and power press; only men accustomed to this kind of work apply, prepared for work; steady position, good wages.
METROPOLITAN ENGINEERING CO.,
1,219 ATLANTIC AV., BROOKLYN.

MACHINIST,
experienced all around, who can make repairs and assist foreman.
ASSEMBLERS,
experienced on light work; good pay; steady work for right men. Apply at once.
MACHINE APPLIANCE CORP.,
351 Jay St., Broo lyn.

MACHINIST FOREMAN
WANTED IN SMALL REPAIR SHOP OF AN ESSENTIAL INDUSTRY; STEADY WORK FOR THE RIGHT MAN; AMERICAN PREFERRED. WRITE OR CALL, ENGINEER, NATIONAL SUGAR REFINING CO., YONKERS, N. Y.

MACHINISTS.
first-class repair men on lathes, presses, &c., for our Edgewater (N. J.) plant; prevailing rates; steamers leave West 95th St. dock, New York. American Can Co., licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 189.

MACHINIST wanted, one with experience on sewing machines, mostly hemstitch 71 W 1 machines, on handkerchiefs; good position for right man; state age, experience and salary expected. Z 322 Times Annex.

MAGNETO REPAIR MEN;
must be first class;
48-hour week,
time and half for overtime;
steady work.
Apply
SIMMS MAGNETO CO.,
Bloomfield, N. J.

HELP WANTED—Male.

MACHINISTS,
TOOLMAKERS.
DON'T WAIT.
JOIN US NOW.

APPEALS for YOUR ASSISTANCE to HELP US BACK UP the MAN with the RIFLE have BEEN ISSUED time and time again, with LITTLE or NO RESPONSE.

YOU MEN who PROFESS to BE AMERICANS and at PRESENT NOT engaged on WAR work are ENDANGERING the LIVES of our BOYS "OVER THERE" by your REFUSAL to DO YOUR SACRED DUTY. THINK! THEY are FIGHTING YOUR war and YOU ARE NOT aiding them.

DON'T WAIT.
JOIN US NOW.

MACHINISTS.
TOOL MAKERS,
MILLING MACHINE HANDS,
LATHE HANDS,
GAP LATHE HANDS,
LAYOUT MEN.

DRILL PRESS HANDS
(First Class.)

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL BORING MILL HANDS.

HIGHEST PREVAILING WAGES.

Our shop is of the finest; working conditions, as are humane; plant is equipped with modern appliances for your comfort and convenience.

CALL AND SEE OUR
EMPLOYMENT MANAGER.

EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT OPEN UNTIL 8 P. M. MONDAY.

HIMOFF MACHINE CO.,
53 MILLS STREET, ASTORIA, L. I.,
adjacent to East 92d Street Ferry.

MAGNETO ASSEMBLERS.
MUST BE FIRST-CLASS.
48-HOUR WEEK;
STEADY WORK;
TIME AND HALF FOR OVERTIME.
APPLY
SIMMS MAGNETO CO.,
BLOOMFIELD, N. J.

MACHINIST
Tool Gauge Hands,
Grinder Hands,
Milling Machine Hands.
PRINCETON MACHINE & TOOL CO.,
138 PRINCE ST.

MAN
head of stock, take charge large wholesale shoe house, draft exempt.
McELWAIN, MORSE & ROGERS,
21-29 HUDSON ST., N. Y.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 109.

MAN, middle aged, to carry out packages and make himself generally useful, wholesale silk house; salary $14. Pelgram & Meyer, 395 4th Av.

MANAGER.—A Western Drug Concern, just locating its offices in New York City, is desirous of finding a permanent and legitimate business and who can invest a very small amount for initial outlay of stock, can make at least $500 per month in commissions. Phone Circle 4835 for appointment for interview.

MANAGER for Catholic mail order department; this is big opportunity for the man with experience mail order work; prospect of rapid advancement. Write, stating qualifications and salary expected. H 62 Times.

MANUFACTURING CONCERN
located in Brooklyn requires services of an experienced factory man capable of assuming responsibilities; must have some mechanical training and executive ability to act as assistant to manager; state age, experience, possible draft classification, and salary expected. A 158 Times.

MATTRESS MAKER wanted for the South; one willing to work on any part; good habits; steady work; clean country town; cheap living. Z 336 Times Annex.

MEN WITH EXPERIENCE IN HANDLING MERCHANDISE TO TAKE CHARGE OF STOCK IN LARGE IMPORTING CHIFFON AND NETTING HOUSE; STEADY EMPLOYMENT TO RIGHT PARTY AND EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; ONLY THOSE WHO ARE AMBITIOUS AND WILLING TO WORK NEED APPLY. VOSS & STERN, 17 6TH AV.

MEN.—Reliable and competent men to make babies' soft soled shoes; will pay highest wages to first-class men; right party can assume charge of factory and select own workmen. Apply all week, 10 to 4 o'clock, National, 230 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

MEN.—Financial district men required for very light delivery work around Wall Street; no age limit; must be neat; references required. Western Union Telegraph Co., 83 Beaver St.

MILLING MACHINE
for our Edgewater (N. J.) plant; first-class men only for toolroom work; prevailing rates; steamers leave West 95th St. dock, New York. American Can Co. Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 189.

NEWS MAN FOR ADV. AGENCY, to assist in preparing financial copy and caring for details; must be adaptable and a live wire; good opportunity for young man of right calibre; reply by letter only, giving age, draft status, salary wanted, experience, and reference. L 748 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MESSENGERS.
Christian firm, boys 14 or over; good chance to advance if bright and willing; boys free mornings only, will be considered; bring working papers. American Lithographic Co., 52 East 19th St.

OFFICE AND ERRAND BOYS WANTED BY MAGAZINE PUBLISHING CO. APPLY TO MR. SOMMERS, 6TH FLOOR, 114 WEST 41ST ST.

OFFICE BOY.—Bright, energetic; must write good hand; salary, $10 per week. A 547 Times Downtown.

OPERATING CHEMIST wanted near Boston; state experience and salary. Z 339 Times Annex.

PHOTOGRAPHER.—Experienced on residence work; good salary. Country Homes, 320 5th Av.

PURCHASING AGENT'S ASST.
FOR LARGE CORPORATION, IN BROOKLYN; MUST BE EXPERIENCED ON GENERAL SUPPLIES; ANSWERS MUST STATE FULL QUALIFICATIONS; CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS ASSISTANT, ROOM 2502, 110 WEST 40TH ST., N. Y. CITY.

RATE AND METHOD SUPERVISOR wanted; experienced man, with practical ideas, for large plant 20 miles from New York; salary commensurate to ability. Write Box A 97 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE for medium-priced silk skirts and dresses, to cover export trade; commission basis only. Room 1,106 44 East 23d St.

SALESMEN, accustomed to making big money; we have openings for several progressive specialty salesmen to travel and sell our advertising service to bankers and merchants; clean, dignified, legitimate, and established business; exclusive territory; commission paid daily or weekly; experience in our line, while desirable, not necessary. Call between 9 and 12, National Engraving Company, 154 Nassau St.

SALESMAN, experienced in machinery, selling contractors; state age, education, relation, married or single, number of years' experience with each house, and line of business, salary wanted; if in draft give classification; unless each question is answered fully application will not be considered. A 93 Times.

SALESMAN.—Salesman with stock, real estate, or insurance experience; can make big money by associating with us; permanent position, selling plan new and effective; liberal commission. Call Mr. Mowry, Durell, Gregory & Co., 7 Wall St reet.

SALESMEN wanted to carry side line military goods; one formerly connected with cantonments; also large clothing house who have concessions in cantonment, commission basis only. Apply by letter, stating full particulars. A 185 Times.

SALESMAN.
Salesman of ability to sell motor trucks; strictly commission; live, wide awake organization; prompt deliveries and efficient service. Dearborn, 224 East 38th St.

SALESMAN, for burlap bags wanted; salary or commission basis. Apply at 200 5th Av., Eastern Burlap Bag Co., or write Eastern Burlap Bag Co., Hartford, Conn.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED, FOR CITY, TO SELL EXCEPTIONAL LINE OF DOLLS; SALARY OR COMMISSION; REFERENCES. E. D., 287 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Experienced cloaks, suits; know office, city trades; commission basis; opportunity for right party. V. R., Box 186 Times.

SALESMEN.—Automobile Winter tops, auto painting, and repairs; must be first class; salary no object. R 252 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced cloaks, suits, know office, city trades, commission basis; opportunity for right man. V. R., 186 Times.

SALESMAN wanted for department store and office trade on commission basis. Stagg 5163.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WRIGHT-MARTIN. WRIGHT-MARTIN.

TOOLMAKERS AND MACHINISTS.
YOUR PATRIOTIC DUTY.
YOU MUST JOIN THIS FIGHT.

WE did NOT START this WAR. THEY are NOT OUR AEROPLANES WE are BUILDING. WE ARE building these aeroplanes to MAKE THIS world a DECENT place for YOU and YOUR FAMILY to LIVE IN. OUR SOLDIERS fighting in FRANCE EXPECT EVERY American MECHANIC to FIGHT beside his MACHINE. THIS WAR will BE DECIDED in the AIR. HELP AMERICA WIN "AIR SUPREMACY."

TOOLMAKERS,
TOOL AND GAUGE INSPECTORS,
OPERATORS,
EXPERT GRINDERS ON TOOL WORK,
J. & L. OPERATORS,
W. & S. OPERATORS,
CRANK SHAFT GRINDERS,
LATHE HANDS,
JOB SETTERS
for the following machines:
ACME,
FOX LATHE,
GISHOLT,
GRIDLEYS,
W. & S.

MACHINISTS.
Several first-class all-around.

WE WANT YOU AT ONCE.

EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT.
Open until 6:30 P. M.
and Sundays 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

WRIGHT-MARVIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
BORDEN AND STARR AVS.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

Take Queensboro Subway from Grand Central Station or Greenpoint cars to Calvary Cemetery car.

Or apply at
U. S. EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
22 EAST 22D, NEW YORK CITY;
171 HUNTER AV., BRIDGE PLAZA,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

WRIGHT-MARTIN. WRIGHT-MARTIN.

SHIPPING CLERK, by wholesale house; familiar with local and freight shipments; to take full charge; state salary and references in first letter. A 592 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced and reliable; good salary and opportunity to advance with growing manufacturer. A 489 Times Downtown.

STEAM ENGINEER.
Competent to handle Large Cross Compound Condensing Engines, A. C. and D. C. Generators; applicants should have been associated with large plant in past; 8-hour shift; good pay; must have New York license.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Intelligent young men wanted in office of large stock and bond house; good opportunities. Apply Suite 401, 62 Broadway.

STOCK CLERK, large retail stationery store; must be experienced; permanent position, good salary. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

STOCK MAN, strong, for heavy paper, good at figures and willing worker; hours 8-5:30, half day Saturday. Interstate Samuel Cupples Envelope Co., 7-11 Laight.

STOCK SALESMEN.
An exceptional opportunity for you to make big money; an enterprise which revolutionizes an industry paying annually $800,000,000 for labor; many Government departments interested; positively no competition; liberal commission. 507 5th Av., Suite 707.

STOCK SALESMAN.—Experienced stock man; exceptionally timely proposition; newspaper leads; liberal commission; no advances. Room 501, 74 Broadway.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Familiar with sewing machine; full charge manufacturing department men's line; 50 help; state salary and references. A 591 Times Downtown.

TEACHER.—First-class school near New York wants trained teacher for grammar grades; manual training if possible; athletics. Address Drawer L, Bronxville, N. Y.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
35 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

We can use clerical workers in our traffic, billing, and auditing divisions; these positions offer excellent opportunities for advancement; working conditions are pleasant; bonus paid to employes continuously in our employ from Oct. 1 to Christmas.

Call at once.

TOOL DRAFTSMEN
on punches and dies, jigs and fixtures for small interchangeable work; only man with experience need apply; good pay.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St. Six blocks south of 14th St.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS.
EXPERIENCED M ...
THOSE FAMILIAR WITH DIE CASTING WORK CAN SECURE STEADY EMPLOYMENT, WITH THE BEST OF PAY AT
DOEHLER DIE CASTING CO.,
COURT AND 9TH ST.,
BROOKLYN Y.
U. S. E. S. PERMIT 191.

TOOLMAKERS,
INSTRUMENT MAKERS,
FIRST CLASS.
Able to build telephone and wireless apparatus from blue prints; steady position.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

TRAFFIC MANAGER wanted in traffic department of large industrial concern; man to enter and take charge of all claims; must be thoroughly experienced and capable; state full details as to age, references, and salary expected. D. A., 255 Times Harlem.

TRAFFIC MANAGER; must understand domestic and foreign traffic thoroughly, and possess executive ability; state full particulars as to age, experience, and salary desired. S. P., 266 Times Harlem.

TRAVELING AUDITOR.
One who has had experience in public utility accounting, willing to locate in Florida; salary $175 per month and expenses while traveling; applicant to receive proper consideration must show that he is qualified before interview. S 709 Times Downtown.

TRAVELING SALESMAN, high grade, for New England and Virginia, to sell LEE UNION ALLS on commission; drawing advanced weekly; must have exceptional sales ability and proven record; state full particulars in first letter; must be draft exempt and able to pass fidelity bond; necessary to reside on territory. H. A. Riddick, Box 165, Trenton, N. J.

USHER, elderly man, $30 monthly; luncheon. Post Graduate Hospital, 2d Av., 20th.

VICTOR SALESMAN to take charge of victrola department; must live in Jersey City or vicinity. Apply Lauter Piano Co., 149 Newark Av., Jersey City.

WANTED,
TRAINMEN
AND
STATION MEN,
AGES 21 to 35.
SUBWAY and ELEVATED DIVISIONS
INTERBOROUGH
RAPID TRANSIT CO.,
APPLY
9 A. M. to 5 P. M. DAILY,
Except Sunday:
165 Broadway, Room 1233.
22 East 22d St.
Hall of Records.
149th St. and 3d Av.
124th St. and Lenox Av.
80th St. and Lexington Av.
57th St. and 3d Av.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 63.

YOUNG MAN, about 18, to assist on books; st. to religion and salary expected. Y. Y., 151 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG man to assist in the Bureau of Information; also knowledge of switchboard; salary $40 per month and meals to start. Call Monday morning, Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th.

YOUNG MAN for assistant in stock room of concern manufacturing material for U. S. Navy; one with experience on electrical fittings preferred; call at 9 A. M. Chas. Cory & Son, 145 Spring.

YOUNG MAN wanted in laboratory by large chemical factory in Brooklyn; high school educa ion preferred; excellent opportunity. H 502 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in piece goods department of a dress or coat house; good and steady position offered to right man. L. Noschkes, 37 West 28th.

YOUNG MAN wanted in an insurance brokerage office, to do general street work. John D. Wyeth & Co., 91 William St., N. Y. City.

YOUNG MEN
TO WORK NIGHTS IN SHOP ON VACUUM PUMPS; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; STEADY POSITION; GOOD PAY.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

LICENSED BY U. S. E. S.
PERMIT NO. 113.

YOUNG MEN.
MUST BE 16 YEARS OF AGE, FOR MAIL AND MESSENGER SERVICE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT IN ELECTRICAL BUSINESS.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO. INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllable Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 376 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

GENTLEMEN.—Classics and French for boys' boarding school; Mathematics and Science for boys' boarding school, Roman Catholic; also Specialist History, Roman Catholic; Mathematics and Science for first-class day school; several other specialists in English, Mathematics, and Science. Apply to Mrs. M. J. Young-Fulton, American and Foreign Teachers Agency, 23 Union Square, New York.

FRENCH and SPANISH.—The two foreign languages offering greatest opportunity after the war. Write or telephone for details of class groups meeting downtown after business hours. Instructors experienced in teaching their own native language to English-speaking students. Ask for Bulletin D. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

SALESMEN.—Usable knowledge of the principles underlying successful salesmanship will increase your earning power. 23d St. Y. M. C. A. Salesmanship course now opening and club for link. Write for Booklet T and pass to opening lecture.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

We teach you REPAIRING, as well as driving; license guaranteed; day and evening classes; special classes for ladies. American Auto School, 726 Lexington Av. Plaza 4016.

NAVIGATION procures promotion; preparation Ensign, Mate, Master, Yacht Master, Aviator; course $55; one more agreement day; evening hours. Captain, 172 West 88th St., New York.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and

WHITNEY OPPOSES NEW SUBWAY PLAN

Service Commissioner Doubts Practicability of Changes Proposed by Engineer Weber.

POINTS TO HEAVY COST

Belt-Line Suggestion, He Asserts, Involves New Construction Which Would Cost $10,000,000.

A plan proposed by Frederick C. Weber, a consulting engineer, for the successful operation of subway service through Forty-second Street, connecting the west and east side lines, has received attention from the Public Service Commission, and a statement expressing doubt of its practicability because of its cost and the time it would take to make it operative has been made by Public Service Commissioner Travis H. Whitney.

Mr. Weber, in introducing his idea, asserts that the subway were built primarily for rapid transit, and that any plan interfering with highly developed express service by transfers to slow moving trains or by long walks is not the average man's idea of rapid transit. His plan is illustrated by a drawing showing a belt line for local trains to be provided by curve connections, and he explains it in this way:

"A train leaving Van Cortlandt Park proceeds south over the present line via upper Broadway and Seventh Avenue to Rector Street and returns north via Seventh Avenue to Times Square. Here it turns east to Grand Central Station, and then goes south over the old route to City Hall or Brooklyn. From this station it returns on northbound tracks to the upper part of Lexington Avenue and returns south again on Lexington Avenue to the Grand Central Station, where it turns west as far as Times Square and then goes north over the old route to Van Cortlandt Park, thus having literally skirted the outer edges of the dual system without interfering with the normal direction of present trains. Direct express and local service is therefore possible between the east and west sides of Central Park and between the west and the east side below Forty-second Street. This would involve two sets of local trains as well as two sets of express trains running in alternation and numbers according to the preponderance of travel without interference."

Mr. Weber says that it might not be deemed expedient to consider the express line part of his plan at this time because the bulk of the travel is north and south, and then he says:

"By depressing the two northbound tracks on the west side for a short distance on either side of Times Square to the grade level of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit tracks, a complete diagonal service is made possible. The southbound tracks on the east side lines now pass the diagonal station on Lexington Avenue, below the grade of the old line, and, therefore, but little new work is required here."

He says that this plan provides an uninterrupted track from the lower west side to the upper east side, and it would restore the old line of travel. The service, he says, would have at least ten times the capacity of the shuttle train, which moves forward and back on the same track, and is, therefore, in its own way,

"The commission," said Mr. Whitney, "has expressed the opinion that, with the operation of the Clark Street tunnel to Brooklyn, possibly by the end of the year, the number of persons desirous of crossing Forty-second Street will be largely reduced, because then passengers from Brooklyn will be able to choose in Brooklyn the proper train to take them either through the east side or west side subway without the need of crossing Forty-second Street. Likewise, Bronx passengers now have the chance of choosing trains going through either of the two subway lines."

AUTO COLLISION KILLS C. H. BAYER AND WIFE

Both Receive Fractured Skulls—Schoolboys in Other Car Escape Injury—Other Accidents.

Charles H. Bayer and his wife, Jessie Caggen Bayer, were instantly killed when two big automobiles collided at the junction of the North Hempstead Turnpike and the Lakeville road, Great Neck, shortly before midnigh, on Saturday. Bayer, who was President of the Bayer-Stroud Corporation of 60 West Forty-fourth Street, and Vice President of the Saute Products Corporation, aspirin manufacturers, was returning to his home in Great Neck from New York.

David Rapalyea of Manhasset, chauffeur of the Bayer car, was about to turn from the Turnpike when a limousine car driven by John A. Tuckaberry, a schoolboy, came along. In the car with him were two fellow-students of Stevens Institute, Stephen S. Johnson, Jr., of South Orange, N. J., and Howeth T. Ford of Centre Valley, N. Y.

The two cars came together with a terrific crash and both turned over. Mr. Bayer and his wife were thrown to the lawn in front of the home of William Clark Roe, a New York lawyer.

Dr. E. E. Stewart of Great Neck was summoned after Rapalyea had aroused the occupants of the Roe home, but both Mr. and Mrs. Bayer were dead when the physician arrived, their skulls having been fractured.

Tuckaberry and the other occupants of his machine were thrown to the roadway, but were not injured, aside from a few scratches.

Justice of the Peace Thomas E. Rooney of Port Washington, after investigating the accident, charged Tuckaberry with reckless driving, and held him under $500 bail for examination on Thursday.

Mr. Bayer was 42 years old, while his wife was four years his junior. They are survived by a thirteen-year-old son.

YONKERS Sept. 22.—Miss Blanche Lasky of 601 West End Avenue, New York, sister of Jesse Lasky, the motion-picture producer, was paroled today for later hearing on a charge of running down and seriously injuring Peter Hresko, 7 years old of 425 Nepperhan Avenue. He is now in St. John's Riverside Hospital and may not recover. In her car at the time of the accident was Miss Lasky's mother and her chauffeur. She was at the wheel. Hresko's skull was fractured, his collarbone broken, and he sustained internal injuries.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Saturday morning, between 11:30 and 1, a gray suede change purse containing money, diamond pin, automobile license. Reward, no questions asked, if returned to Reinkorf, 140 West 69th.

LOST—Diamond platinum set ladies' bar pin, Saturday night, between 10:30 and 12 o'clock, in lower dining room, at Rector's; liberal reward for return of same; no questions asked. R. L. Sturn, Biltmore Hotel.

LOST—Black overnight case, containing wearing apparel and valuable school papers, left on Bronx subway at 96th St. Reward $.20 Amsterdam Av., Suite 514.

LOST—Light tweed overcoat, Sunday, on Morningside Drive and 113th St.; suitable reward. Return to H. A. Schubart, 120 Franklin St.

LOST—Friday afternoon, bow-shaped setpin, diamond and ruby in centre, platinum setting. Reward if returned to cashier, Hotel Plaza.

LOST—Diamond and pearl breastpin, on 42d St., between Madison and 6th Avs. Liberal reward if returned to F. R. Hall, Manhattan Hotel.

LOST—Leather folder, containing snapshots and good luck dolls, between 8th St. and 68 W 12th St.; reward. Renshaw.

LOST—Diamond platinum bar pin with crystal centre, Sept. 16; liberal reward. H. G. Kosch, Attorney, 1,476 Broadway.

LOST—At Greenwich Village Inn, 5 Sheridan Sq., small yellow cat; $5 reward, if returned to inn.

LOST—Afternoon Sept. 20, Strand Theatre, taup fox scarf. Return Strand Theatre, receive reward.

LOST—Mink cape in taxi; liberal reward. Buster Craft, 341 W 85th.

$100 REWARD.

no questions asked, return oblong shape platinum wrist watch, diamonds on face, lost Sept. 18th, between Gramercy Park, Broadway and 8th St. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$50 REWARD.

no questions asked, return circle diamond brooch, entire centre blue, with figures of cherubs in white, lost Sept. 10. W. D. Tustan, 681 5th Av.

$25 REWARD.

no questions asked, return gold vanity case, monogram E. R. S., lost Sep. 14, vicinity of Sunningdale Country Club, Scarsdale, N. Y. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Small black Pomperanian, gray nose; reward $25. Return 471 West End Av., near 83d. Schuyler 2467.

TO AID WOMEN WAR WORKERS

Support Urged of the Coming Campaign to Raise Funds.

Calling attention to the United War Work campaign which is to be launched in November to raise funds for the comfort and care of women, who in the factories and industries "are now standing grimly" behind the lines, Miss A. Estelle Paddocks of the National War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A. yesterday spoke of the great need of support for a movement which had not only the welfare of women workers at heart, but also the welfare of the cause to which they were dedicating their labors.

"We hear on all sides," Miss Paddocks said, "the necessity of keeping up the morale of our men, but what about the morale of our women? Seven great organizations have amalgamated in a campaign for funds which shall be used not only for the welfare of our boys, but shall likewise be spent in providing comfort and recreation for those women workers who are, in every sense of the phrase, standing grimly determinate behind the lines.

"The organizations so uniting are the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the War Camp Community Service, the American Library Association, the National Catholic War Council, (K. of C.) the Jewish Welfare Board, and the Salvation Army."

To Discuss Fuel Saving Plans.

In order to explain the plans of the Fuel Administration for the conservation of coal in steam power plants and to discuss methods of economy, a meeting will be held in the assembly room of the Merchants' Association next Thursday, at 2:30 P. M. The meeting will be addressed by C. A. Graves, Administrative Engineer in charge of conservation for the New York Metropolitan District, and Charles A. Flynn, Chairman of the New York-County Conservation Committee.

CALL FOR CANDY PAILS.

Butter Tubs Wanted, Too, for Fireless Cooker Demonstrations.

The Bureau of Conservation of the Federal Food Board sent out this announcement yesterday:

"One hundred wooden candy pails and butter tubs from which to make fireless cookers are needed by the Bureau of Conservation for demonstration purposes at the co-operative cooking centres to be opened at the Hudson Guild, 436 West Twenty-seventh Street; Warren Goddard House, 240 East Thirty-fourth Street, and Christadore House, 147 Avenue B.

"These pails and tubs may be readily transformed into fireless cookers at little expense. Line the inside of the pail or tub with newspapers or wrapping paper, leaving sufficient space in the centre for the container in which the food is to be cooked. Then cover the exposed side of the paper packing with asbestos. Several thicknesses of paper should be tucked in the inner side of the cover of the pail or tub and a sheet of asbestos fastened over the exposed side of the paper. This cover should be made to fit tightly. The fireless cooker is then ready for use.

"Candy stores and groceries which have candy pails or butter tubs to give for this purpose are requested to telephone the Bureau of Conservation. At the co-operative cooking centres housewives will be taught to prepare the simple, nourishing dishes, which they may buy at cost for home consumption. There will be a special course in the preparation of special foods for children suffering from malnutrition."

WAR WORK OF MERCHANTS.

Activities of Association Told in Year Book Just Published.

Copies of the 1918 Year Book of the Merchants' Association of New York, covering the activities of the organization from May 1, 1917, to May 1, 1918, are being distributed among the members. A large proportion of the energy and activity of the association was devoted to war work in co-operation with the Federal authorities, and considerable space is given to this feature.

The association now has 5,481 members, the largest number in its history. Both William Fellowes Morgan, President, and S. C. Mead, Secretary, in their reports, give a comprehensive review of the war work activities of the association. The fight to preserve the purity of the city's water supply against contamination from projected State institutions and the efforts to have the pneumatic mail tube service continued in this city are also told.

The association also will organize the "Rainbow Division" in the Fourth Liberty Loan parade which is to be held on Oct. 12, it was announced yesterday.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Mrs. Thomas F. Burgess, President — Mrs. Frank Vanderlip, Vice-President — Mrs. Florence Ferguson, Vice-President — Mrs. Melvin White, Treasurer

Mrs. Benjamin Howes, Assistant Treasurer — Miss Genevieve Kaye, Secretary — Mrs. F. A. Young, Field Secretary

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Mrs. T. P. Sylvan, *Executive Secretary*

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Room 151, HOTEL BILTMORE

NEW YORK CITY

Mrs. Chas. S. Whitman, *Honorary Chairman*

Frank H. Bethell, *State Chairman*

Telephone Murray Hill 2309

September 14, 1918.

To say that crops cannot be made without labor is to state a self-evident truth. To tell you that the labor in pre-war years relied upon to produce the crops is no longer available is to tell you something you already know. Properly to meet the situation, the Woman's Land Army, Inc., has organized and is organizing colonies of patriotic young women anxious to make farming their contribution to the country's job of winning the war.

You will understand at once that these young women volunteering to go on the farms must be properly housed and equipped. To meet the expenses necessary to bring this about, a membership drive has been inaugurated. As you are especially interested in farm activities, the State Committee believes that you will be glad to contribute liberally to this.

Checks covering memberships should be made payable to the New York State Woman's Land Army, Inc., and mailed to 303 Fifth Avenue, New York City, or your local committee.

Respectfully,

MRS. CHAS. S. WHITMAN,
Honorary Chairman.

FRANK H. BETHELL,
State Chairman.

Become a Supporting Member
MEMBERSHIP CLASSES

Tiller	$1.00
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Horatio Camps Advertising Agency, 62 Cortlandt St., New York
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A. R. Elliott Advertising, 60 to 62 West Broadway, New York
J. Roland Kay Co., Conway Building, Chicago, Ill.

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The Sort of Clothes to Need

If you need clothes this Fall, it's awfully important to be sure of quality. For quality pays big dividends in satisfaction—not to mention the longer wear that saves wool for military purposes and makes quality a good war investment like Thrift Stamps or Liberty Bonds.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Good Fall Clothes

Whether or not your clothes are good clothes depends on who makes them. But, when you know Hart Schaffner & Marx made them, it is a foregone conclusion that they are good. Good clothes have been a habit with them for years.

Suits, $30, $35, $40, $45 up to $75
Topcoats, $28, $30, $35, $38 up to $50

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Around the Robert Burns filler is placed a thin binder of Wisconsin leaf. This binder is very mild.

The delicate Sumatra wrapper, without altering the aroma of the Havana, still further modifies the strength of your Robert Burns cigar.

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